

VITAMIN D

UpDates


Vol. 6 - N. 2- 2023

Sito Web

www.vitamin-d-journal.it

 Editoriale

 Deficit di vitamina D
nelle malattie
ginecologiche

 L'impiego
della vitamina D
nella malattia
renale cronica

 Selezione
bibliografica

Direttore Scientifico

Maurizio Rossini

Comitato Scientifico

Francesco Bertoldo

Rachele Ciccocioppo

Andrea Fagiolini

Davide Gatti

Sandro Giannini

Paolo Gisondi

Andrea Giusti

Giovanni Iolascon

Stefano Lello

Diego Peroni

Gianenrico Senna

Pasquale Strazzullo

Giovanni Targher

Leonardo Triggiani

Assistente Editoriale

Sara Rossini

Copyright by

Pacini Editore srl

Direttore Responsabile

Patrizia Pacini

Edizione

Pacini Editore Srl

Via Gherardesca 1 • 56121 Pisa

Tel. 050 313011 • Fax 050 3130300

Info@pacineditore.it - www.pacineditore.it

Divisione Pacini Editore Medicina

Fabio Poponcini • Business Unit Manager

Tel: 050 31 30 218 • fpoponcini@pacineditore.it

Alessandra Crosato • Account Manager

Tel: 050 31 30 239 • acrosato@pacineditore.it

Francesca Gori • Business Development &

Scientific Editorial Manager

fgori@pacineditore.it

Manuela Mori • Digital Publishing & Advertising

Tel: 050 31 30 217 • mmori@pacineditore.it

Redazione

Lucia Castelli

Tel. 050 3130224 • lcastelli@pacineditore.it

Grafica e impaginazione

Massimo Arcidiacono

Tel. 050 3130231 • marcidiacono@pacineditore.it

Stampa

Industrie Grafiche Pacini • Pisa

ISSN: 2611-2876 (online)

Registrazione presso il Tribunale di Pisa n. 2/18 del 23-2-2018
L'editore resta a disposizione degli aventi diritto con i quali non è stato possibile comunicare e per le eventuali omissioni. Le fotocopie per uso personale del lettore (per propri scopi di lettura, studio, consultazione) possono essere effettuate nei limiti del 15% di ciascun volume/fascicolo di periodico, escluse le pagine pubblicitarie, dietro pagamento alla SIAE del compenso previsto dalla Legge n. 633 del 1941 e a seguito di specifica autorizzazione rilasciata da CLEARedi: <https://www.clearedi.org/topmenu/HOME.aspx>. Edizione digitale - Giugno 2023.

Maurizio Rossini

Dipartimento di Medicina,
Sezione di Reumatologia, Università di Verona

Cari Colleghi

in questo numero troverete aggiornamenti sul possibile ruolo della vitamina D nella malattia renale cronica e in alcune malattie ginecologiche.

Noterete che in entrambi gli articoli gli esperti Autori partono dall'evidenziare quanto sia comune il deficit di vitamina D anche in queste condizioni patologiche.

Nel caso della malattia renale cronica si attribuisce questo deficit al ridotto apporto nutrizionale secondario alle tipiche restrizioni dietetiche, ai frequenti disturbi gastrointestinali associati e alla ridotta esposizione solare secondaria alla disabilità.

Si fa inoltre notare che in questa condizione al deficit di vitamina D nativa si aggiunge la compromissione della sintesi di calcitriolo, cui conseguono alterazioni del metabolismo minerale e osseo (*Chronic Kidney Disease-Mineral Bone Disorder*, CKD-MBD) caratterizzato da uno stato di iperparatiroidismo secondario, inizialmente "adattativo" ma successivamente "maladattivo" se non corretto con un'adeguata supplementazione vitaminica D.

Interessante è l'osservazione che anche in pazienti con malattia renale cronica avanzata, tale da dover ricorrere alla dialisi, la somministrazione di colecalciferolo si associa a un incremento della sintesi di calcitriolo, a dimostrazione di una produzione anche extrarenale di quest'ultimo, pure a livello delle stesse paratiroidi.

Anche se l'argomento è dibattuto, attualmente le linee guida suggeriscono di usare la supplementazione con la vitamina D nativa (colecalciferolo o ergocalciferolo) specie per prevenire l'insorgenza o la progressione dell'iperparatiroidismo, magari raggiungendo preferibilmente in questi pazienti livelli di 25(OH)D sierici ben al di sopra dei 30 ng/ml.

I metaboliti attivi della vitamina D andrebbero riservati agli stadi più avanzati di malattia renale cronica, quando sono presenti elevati livelli sierici di paratormone nonostante adeguati livelli di 25(OH)D; non va dimenticato che l'uso di questi metaboliti si può associare a ipercalcemia, iperfosforemia, alterazione dei livelli di FGF-23 ed eccessiva riduzione dei livelli di PTH tale da aumentare il rischio di osso adinamico.

Anche quando si dovessero usare i metaboliti attivi della vitamina D è saggio garantire comunque una supplementazione con la vitamina D nativa considerati i suoi effetti fisiologici extrarenali e i presunti benefici extrascheletrici.

Che ne dite ad esempio dei recettori, dei geni modulati dalla vitamina D e degli enzimi attivanti la vitamina D in diversi tessuti, tra cui quelli del tratto riproduttivo?

Avete notato quanto letteratura nuova ci sia sempre nel nostro consueto aggiornamento bibliografico in ambito ostetrico-ginecologico?

Gli Autori dell'altro articolo di questo numero ci fanno notare che polimorfismi genetici del recettore specifico per la vitamina D (VDR) sono stati associati a livelli differenti di ormoni sessuali e che l'aggiunta di vitamina D a cellule della granulosa è in grado di aumentarne la sintesi. Ciò potrebbe giustificare le correlazioni osservate tra deficit di vitamina D e disturbi del ciclo me-

Corrispondenza**Maurizio Rossini**

maurizio.rossini@univr.it

How to cite this article: Rossini M. Editoriale. Vitamin D - UpDates 2023;6(2):46-47.

© Copyright by Pacini Editore srl



L'articolo è open access e divulgato sulla base della licenza CC-BY-NC-ND (Creative Commons Attribuzione - Non commerciale - Non opere derivate 4.0 Internazionale). L'articolo può essere usato indicando la menzione di paternità adeguata e la licenza; solo a scopi non commerciali; solo in originale. Per ulteriori informazioni: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/deed.it>

struale o la sindrome dell'ovaio policistico, caratterizzata da oligo-anovulazione, segni clinici e/o biochimici di iperandrogenismo e morfologia policistica dell'ovaio. Potrebbe anche giustificare gli effetti positivi osservati con la supplementazione,

specie se giornaliera, di pazienti affetti da policistosi ovarica, in termini di infertilità e di correzione di alcune tipiche alterazioni metaboliche associate, tra cui iperinsulinismo, dislipidemia e stato infiammatorio cronico.

Buoni motivi per non trascurare la valutazione dello stato vitaminico D e l'eventuale opportunità di supplementazione anche in questi pazienti.

Cosa ne pensate?

Buona lettura

Deficit di vitamina D nelle malattie ginecologiche

VITAMIN D

UpDates

2023;6(2):48-51

<https://doi.org/10.30455/2611-2876-2023-3>

Stefano Lello, Anna Capozzi

Dipartimento Salute Donna e Bambino, Fondazione Policlinico Gemelli-IRCCS, Roma

Negli ultimi anni il ruolo della vitamina D (VitD) come elemento importante nella fisiopatologia di malattie ginecologiche è andato crescendo, con dati di laboratorio che si intersecano con dati clinici nell'indicare quale sia il ruolo, o i possibili ruoli, che questa vitamina può avere in campo ginecologico.

La produzione e il metabolismo della VitD origina dallo stimolo esercitato dai raggi ultravioletti a livello cutaneo, con trasformazione del 7-deidrocolesterolo in colecalciferolo, il quale, a sua volta, viene metabolizzato, a livello del fegato, da una 25-idrossilasi. La 25(OH)D, a livello renale, viene trasformata da una 1alfa-idrossilasi, in 1,25(OH)₂D o calcitriolo, il metabolita attivo. Ancora a livello renale, a opera di una 24-idrossilasi, si forma la 1,24,25(OH)₃D, che è un composto biologicamente non attivo (Fig. 1).

La vitamina D, che più propriamente dovrebbe essere indicata come ormone D, attraverso il suo recettore specifico (*Vitamin D Receptor*, VDR), è in grado di modulare l'attività di circa 3.000 geni disposti in differenti aree dell'organismo umano, compresi i tessuti del tratto riproduttivo femminile (ovaio, utero, vagina); i polimorfismi genetici del VDR sono stati associati a livelli differenti di ormone luteinizzante (LH), *Sex Hormone Binding Globulin* (SHBG), testosterone e insulina¹.

In particolare, per ciò che riguarda il tratto riproduttivo, la VitD può esercitare un controllo sullo sviluppo dei follicoli ovarici e sulla fase luteale, grazie a un'interazione con le vie del *signaling* dell'ormone anti-mülleriano (AMH) e della sensibilità all'ormone follicolo-stimolante (FSH)².

In maniera interessante, inoltre, è stato dimostrato come l'aggiunta di VitD a cellule della granulosa umana nel mezzo di coltura sia in grado di aumentare la produzione di alcuni ormoni fondamentale per l'attività ovarica, rispetto alla non aggiunta di VitD, come progesterone (in misura del 13%; $p < 0,001$), estradiolo (in misura del 9%; $p < 0,02$), estrone (in misura del 21%; $p < 0,002$), ancora grazie alla presenza del VDR in queste cellule, dove

media tale attività di stimolo della VitD sull'attività ovarica³.

Uno studio del 2018⁴, che ha valutato la relazione tra lo stato vitaminico D e il ciclo mestruale in donne senza diagnosi di sindrome dell'ovaio policistico (*Polycystic Ovary Syndrome*, PCOS), 60 con bassi livelli di VitD (< 30 ng/ml) e 17 con livelli normali di VitD (> 30 ng/ml ≤ 80 ng/ml), ha riportato come nel gruppo con bassi livelli di VitD ci fosse il 40% dei soggetti con cicli irregolari, il 27% con oligomenorrea e il 13% con amenorrea. Viceversa, nel Gruppo con livelli normali di VitD, solo il 12% delle donne presentavano disturbi del ciclo mestruale, il 6% con oligomenorrea e il 6% con amenorrea; inoltre, il fatto di appartenere al gruppo con VitD bassa aumentava di 5 volte la probabilità di avere un'irregolarità del ciclo mestruale rispetto all'appartenenza al gruppo con livelli normali di VitD [OR = 5; (IC 95%:



FIGURA 1. Vitamina D: sintesi e metabolismo.

Corrispondenza

Stefano Lello

lello.stefano@gmail.com

Conflitto di interessi

Gli Autori dichiarano nessun conflitto di interessi.

How to cite this article: Lello S, Anna Capozzi A. Deficit di vitamina D nelle malattie ginecologiche. *Vitamin D – Updates* 2023;6(2):48-51. <https://doi.org/10.30455/2611-2876-2023-3>

© Copyright by Pacini Editore srl



OPEN ACCESS

L'articolo è open access e divulgato sulla base della licenza CC-BY-NC-ND (Creative Commons Attribuzione – Non commerciale – Non opere derivate 4.0 Internazionale). L'articolo può essere usato indicando la menzione di paternità adeguata e la licenza; solo a scopi non commerciali; solo in originale. Per ulteriori informazioni: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/deed.it>

1,047-23,87], $p = 0,04$]. Quindi, anche nelle donne senza disturbi ormonali, la VitD può contribuire alla regolarità del ritmo del ciclo mestruale, attraverso la modulazione dell'attività dell'ovaio. Inoltre, è opportuno ricordare come sia presente il VDR a livello dell'endometrio⁵ e come, sempre a livello endometriale, siano presenti attività enzimatiche, come la 1alfa-idrossilasi, fondamentali per il metabolismo della VitD e la produzione del suo metabolita attivo, la $1,25(\text{OH})_2\text{D}$ o calcitriolo⁶.

VITAMINA D E SINDROME DELL'OVAIO POLICISTICO

La PCOS è la patologia ormonale più frequente nel sesso femminile, ed è presente in circa le seguenti percentuali in associazione a differenti condizioni: 20% delle donne fertili sane, 75% delle donne con infertilità ovulatoria, 80% delle donne con oligomenorrea, 80% delle donne con ipertricosi e ciclo mestruale regolare, 30% delle donne con amenorrea secondaria, 80% delle donne con acne severa⁷.

Volendo considerare le implicazioni della VitD in alcune condizioni fisiopatologiche della ginecologia, non si può non considerare la PCOS, che è il disturbo ormonale più frequente nel sesso femminile e la cui diagnosi si basa sul reperto di due dei seguenti tre parametri: oligo-anovulazione, segni clinici e/o biochimici di iperandrogenismo, morfologia policistica dell'ovaio all'esame ecografico. Oltre a ciò, deve essere ricordato, dal punto di vista fisiopatologico, il ruolo dell'iperinsulinemia come fattore di disregolazione dell'attività dell'ovaio e della produzione e azione degli ormoni androgeni⁸. Clinicamente, oltre ai disturbi del ciclo mestruale, le manifestazioni dermatologiche che si associano alla PCOS sono frequentemente il motivo di richiesta di consulto medico da parte delle pazienti affette. In particolare, la PCOS si può associare a seborrea (pelle grassa), acne, irsutismo, alopecia androgenetica. Oltre a ciò, l'iperinsulinemia, frequentemente associata alla PCOS, provoca una manifestazione caratteristica a livello della pelle come l'*Acanthosis Nigricans*, cioè la presenza, soprattutto a livello delle pieghe cutanee, di una pelle ispessita, vellutata, con un colorito tendente allo scuro.

Il deficit di VitD può influenzare la fertilità nelle donne con PCOS; come ricordato precedentemente, i VDR sono presenti a vari livelli, come le cellule della granulosa

dei follicoli ovarici, l'ipofisi e l'endometrio. Anche il gene *promoter* dell'AMH contiene degli elementi di risposta alla VitD⁹.

Per ciò che riguarda l'associazione tra VitD e PCOS, è importante ricordare come livelli inferiori di VitD sono spesso riscontrati in pazienti con PCOS e come sia stata descritta un'associazione tra bassi livelli di VitD e insulino-resistenza (con conseguente iperinsulinemia) nella PCOS; infine, bassi livelli di VitD si riscontrano di frequente in pazienti PCOS obese^{10,11}.

In effetti, diversi studi hanno mostrato bassi livelli di VitD nella popolazione con PCOS, con un livello medio di $25(\text{OH})\text{D}$ compresi tra 11 e 31 ng/ml, anche se la maggioranza delle pazienti presenta livelli < 20 ng/ml (67-85%)¹⁰.

Un aspetto particolarmente interessante risulta essere il rapporto tra VitD e l'omeostasi glico-insulinica, che risulta essere basata sulla presenza di VDR a livello delle cellule beta del pancreas e del muscolo scheletrico, cellule nelle quali è presente l'enzima 1alfa-idrossilasi, che catalizza la conversione di $25(\text{OH})\text{D}$ in $1,25(\text{OH})_2\text{D}$; inoltre, sono presenti elementi di risposta per la VitD nel *promoter* del gene dell'insulina nel genere umano¹². Innanzitutto, bisogna ricordare come livelli di calcio elevati a livello intracellulare possono alterare gli effetti post-recettoriali del legame dell'insulina al suo recettore, come la defosforilazione della glicogeno-sintetasi e l'attivazione del *Glucose Transporter-4* (GLUT-4). Quindi, il deficit di VitD potrebbe comportare un aumento secondario dei livelli di paratormone (iperparatiroidismo secondario), con aumento dei livelli intracellulari di calcio, così riducendo la risposta delle cellule bersaglio dell'azione dell'insulina (trasporto del glucosio). La prevalenza del deficit di VitD nelle pazienti PCOS è circa del 67-85%, con livelli sierici di $25(\text{OH})\text{D}$ < 20 ng/ml¹³; in tal senso, le conseguenze endocrino-metaboliche del deficit di VitD possono essere importanti nella patogenesi della PCOS, così come nella sua espressività clinica (Fig. 2). Per ciò che riguarda il rapporto tra livelli di VitD e profilo metabolico nella PCOS, livelli ridotti di VitD si associano a insulino-resistenza, indipendentemente dall'indice di massa corporea (BMI) o dal rapporto vita/fianchi (*Waist/Hip Ratio*, WHR) nelle donne con PCOS; interessante ricordare come via sia un aumento dei livelli di insulina in donne senza PCOS ma con deficit di VitD; il colesterolo HDL (lipoproteine ad

alta densità) si correla positivamente con i livelli di VitD indipendentemente dal BMI o dal WHR¹⁴.

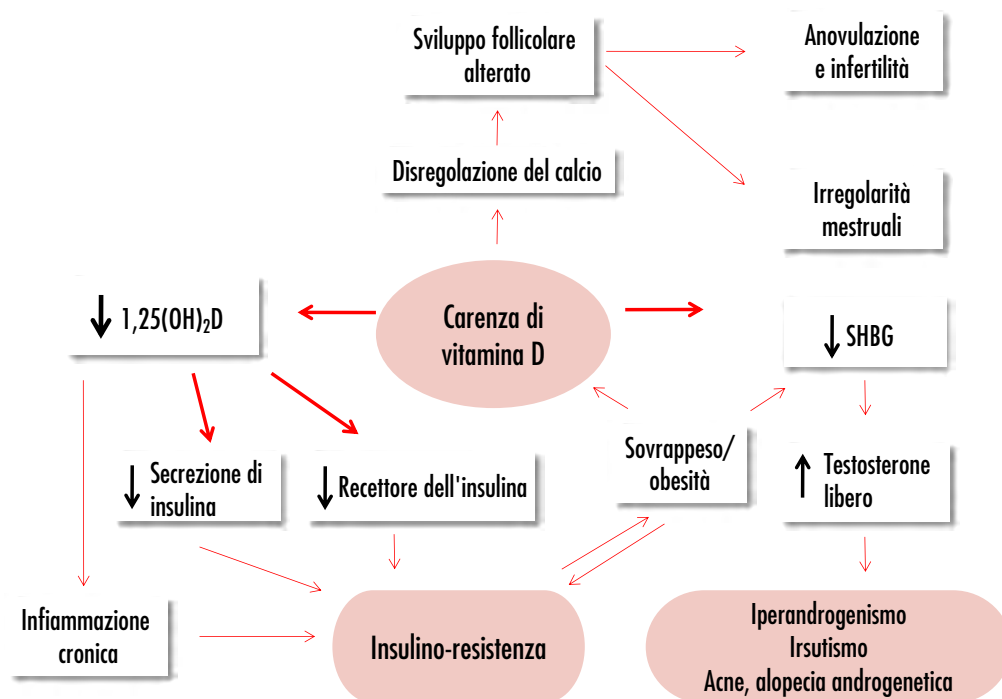
Uno studio cross-sezionale ha esplorato l'associazione tra stato della VitD e la diagnosi di disturbi ovulatori/PCOS in una popolazione di 67 donne infertili in buona salute generale; come risultato, valori ridotti di VitD (normalizzati per altri fattori confondenti) sono stati evidenziati in donne con disturbo ovulatorio e PCOS in confronto alle donne con infertilità da altra causa; peraltro, ogni unità di aumento dei livelli di VitD (normalizzata per il BMI) riduceva la probabilità di avere una diagnosi di PCOS del 96% ($p = 0,015$); nessuna paziente sia con disturbo ovulatorio sia con PCOS aveva livelli normali di VitD: il 39% delle donne con disturbi ovulatori e il 38% con PCOS avevano livelli sierici < 15 ng/ml che indicavano deficit della vitamina¹⁵.

Dal punto di vista dell'impatto metabolico, lo stato della VitD si correla con i marker di insulino-resistenza nella PCOS (correlazione tra deficit di VitD e HOMA-IR con $p = 0,0001$ e con glicemia a digiuno $p = 0,047$)¹⁶.

Uno studio cross-sezionale cinese¹⁷ condotto su 169 donne con PCOS e 114 controlli, ha riscontrato livelli inferiori di VitD nelle pazienti PCOS rispetto ai controlli ($11,6 \pm 7,2$ vs $18,9 \pm 8,4$ ng/ml; $p < 0,05$) e livelli inferiori di VitD in pazienti PCOS con obesità o insulino-resistenza rispetto alle donne senza obesità o insulino-resistenza ($8,9 \pm 3,7$ vs $13,6 \pm 5,3$ ng/ml, $p < 0,05$; $7,2 \pm 2,9$ vs $15,8 \pm 4,9$ ng/ml, $p < 0,01$); anche altri parametri metabolici e infiammatori avevano una correlazione importante con i livelli di VitD basali (Tab. I).

Il primo studio, che ha valutato l'effetto della supplementazione di VitD nella gestione della PCOS, è stato effettuato da Thys-Jacobs et al. nel 1999; in questo studio, 13 donne con PCOS sono state trattate con 50.000 UI di ergocalciferolo a settimana o ogni 2 settimane per ottenere un livello di VitD sierico di 75-100 nmol/l; entro 2 mesi venne riportato un miglioramento della regolarità mestruale¹⁸.

In uno studio del 2012¹⁹, 12 donne con PCOS in sovrappeso e con deficit di VitD sono state supplementate per 3 mesi con VitD (dose giornaliera di 3.533 unità, aumentata a 8.533 unità dopo le prime 5 partecipanti) e 530 mg di calcio; dopo 3 mesi si è riscontrata una riduzione dei livelli di testosterone totale ($p = 0,036$) e androstene-

**FIGURA 2.**

Possibile ruolo della vitamina D nella patogenesi della PCOS (da Thomson et al., 2012, mod.)¹³.

dione (seppure non in maniera significativa). Un trial randomizzato e controllato con placebo²⁰ condotto su 70 donne con PCOS e deficit di VitD (< 20 ng/ml) (età compresa tra 18 e 40 anni), ha studiato 2 gruppi di pazienti: uno trattato con 50.000 unità di VitD ogni 2 settimane per 3 mesi e uno con placebo; i risultati hanno mostrato una differenza statisticamente significativa nei livelli di glicemia a digiuno ($-3,1 \pm 7,3$ vs

$+0,5 \pm 6,3$ mg/dl, $p = 0,02$), nei livelli di insulina basali ($-1,4 \pm 3,6$ vs $+2,6 \pm 7,0$ μ IU/ml, $p = 0,004$) e nei livelli di HOMA-IR ($-0,3 \pm 0,8$ vs $+0,6 \pm 1,6$, $p = 0,003$); inoltre, anche i livelli di hs-CRP risultavano significativamente più bassi ($-0,7 \pm 1,4$ vs $+0,5 \pm 2,1$ μ g/ml; $p = 0,009$), così come i livelli di malondialdeide ($-0,1 \pm 0,5$ vs $+0,9 \pm 2,1$ μ mol/l, $p = 0,01$).

Una metanalisi, del 2020, pubblicata da

Miao et al.²¹, ha preso in considerazione 11 studi (= 483 soggetti); degli 11 studi presi in considerazione, 7 riportavano tra i criteri di inclusione diagnosi di PCOS e deficit di VitD. Tale metanalisi ha mostrato come la supplementazione con VitD sia associata a riduzione del testosterone totale (differenza media: $-0,10$; IC 95%: $-0,18, -0,02$; $p = 0,02$), riduzione dell'HOMA-IR (differenza media: $-0,44$, IC 95%: $-0,86, -0,03$, $p = 0,04$), riduzione dei livelli del colesterolo totale (differenza media: $-11,90$, IC 95%: $-15,67, 8,13$, $p < 0,01$), riduzione dei livelli di colesterolo LDL (differenza media: $-4,54$, IC 95%: $-7,29, -1,80$, $p = 0,001$). In una metanalisi pubblicata nel 2021, condotta prendendo in considerazione 18 trial randomizzati e controllati con placebo (= 1.060 soggetti, tutti con valori medi di VitD al baseline < 30 ng/ml), Zhao et al.²² hanno mostrato come la supplementazione con VitD aveva un impatto positivo sul profilo di tipo ormonale, ossidativo e infiammatorio nella PCOS; infatti, si riscontrava una riduzione dei livelli di testosterone totale (IC 95%: $-0,40, -0,07$; $p = 0,006$), riduzione dei livelli di proteina C-reattiva ad alta sensibilità (hs-CRP) (IC 95%: $-0,73, -0,38$; $p < 0,00001$), riduzione dei livelli di malondialdeide (IC 95%: $-0,90, -0,54$; $p < 0,0001$), aumen-

TABELLA I.

Status della vitamina D e fattori metabolici in PCOS (Wang et al., 2020, mod.)¹⁷.

	25(OH)D < 20 ng/ml (deficienza)	25(OH)D \geq 20 \leq 30 ng/ml (insufficienza)	25(OH)D > 30 ng/ml (valore normale)	p*
BMI	27,3 \pm 9,2	25,4 \pm 8,1	23,5 \pm 9,3	0,029
WHR	1,0 \pm 0,4	0,9 \pm 0,5	0,8 \pm 0,3	0,036
Insulina (mIU/L)	39,6 \pm 10,7	33,5 \pm 9,9	26,8 \pm 8,5	0,012
HOMA-IR	8,9 \pm 3,7	7,3 \pm 2,8	5,7 \pm 2,1	0,009
Colesterolo totale (mmol/L)	6,1 \pm 1,7	5,5 \pm 1,6	4,2 \pm 1,4	0,03
hs-CRP (mg/L)	2,4 \pm 0,9	1,9 \pm 0,6	1,4 \pm 0,3	0,017
HDL (mmol/L)	1,3 \pm 0,6	1,4 \pm 0,7	1,8 \pm 0,6	0,03

* Analisi della varianza. BMI: indice di massa corporea; WHR: *Waist/Hip Ratio*; HOMA-IR: *Homeostatic Model Assessment for Insulin Resistance*; hs-CRP: proteina C-reattiva ad alta sensibilità; HDL: lipoproteine ad alta densità.

to dei livelli di capacità antiossidante totale (IC 95%: 0,01, 0,83; $p = 0,04$). Ancora in questa metanalisi, si dimostra come lo schema di supplementazione più adeguata per ottenere questi risultati sia quello giornaliero con dosi ≤ 1.000 U/die, che risulta essere migliore della somministrazione settimanale, con una durata adeguata che appare essere di almeno 12 settimane.

Una recente review sistematica con metanalisi²³, condotta considerando 9 RCT (studi controllati randomizzati) ($n = 1677$) e 3 studi di coorte ($n = 675$), su pazienti infertili con deficit di VitD, ha valutato l'influenza della supplementazione con VitD sull'outcome riproduttivo, partendo dal dato che un basso livello di VitD si associa a un aumentato rischio di infertilità; ebbene, il trattamento con VitD ha aumentato significativamente il tasso di gravidanza clinica in confronto al gruppo di controllo (OR: 1,70, IC 95%: 1,24-2,34; $p = 0,001$); Il miglioramento del tasso di gravidanza era influenzato dal livello di VitD delle pazienti, dal tipo di preparazione somministrata, dal dosaggio totale somministrato, dalla durata del trattamento, dalla frequenza di somministrazione, e dalla somministrazione giornaliera della supplementazione di VitD. Le donne infertili (con livelli di VitD < 30 ng/ml) trattate con preparazioni multicomponenti con VitD o con VitD 1.000-10.000 unità al giorno per 30-60 giorni potevano avere un migliore outcome gravidico.

CONCLUSIONI

La VitD svolge un ruolo fisiologico per la funzione riproduttiva femminile. In particolare, è importante mantenere uno stato vitaminico D adeguato, sia in condizioni fisiologiche normali, sia nelle donne affette da patologie ginecologiche (ad es., nella PCOS). La valutazione dello stato vitaminico D nella salute della donna e, se necessaria, la supplementazione possono essere molto importanti nella pratica clinica.

Bibliografia

- Lerchbaum E, Obermayer-Pietsch B. Vitamin D and fertility: a systematic review. *J Endocrinol* 2012;166:765-778. <https://doi.org/10.1530/EJE-11-0984>
- Irani M, Merhi Z. Role of vitamin D in ovarian physiology and its implication in reproduction: a systematic review. *Fertil Steril* 2014;102:460-468.e3. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fertnstert.2014.04.046>
- Parikh G, Varadinova M, Suwandhi P, et al. Vitamin D regulates steroidogenesis and insulin-like growth factor binding protein-1 (IGFBP-1) production in human ovarian cells. *Horm Metab Res* 2010;42:754-757. <https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0030-1262837>
- Łagowska K. The Relationship between Vitamin D status and the menstrual cycle in young women: a preliminary study. *Nutrients* 2018;10:1729. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu10111729>
- Vienonen A, Miettinen S, Bläuer, et al. Expression of nuclear receptors and cofactors in human endometrium and myometrium. *J Soc Gynecol Investig* 2004;11:104-112. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsjg.2003.09.003>
- Becker S, Cordes T, Diesing, D, et al. Expression of 25 hydroxyvitamin D3 -1 α -hydroxylase in human endometrial tissue. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol* 2007;103:771-775. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsmb.2006.12.075>
- Homburg R. Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. *Best Pract Res Clin Obstet Gynaecol* 2008;22:261-274. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bpobgyn.2007.07.009>
- Rotterdam ESHRE/ASRM-sponsored PCOS Consensus Workshop 2003.
- Colonese F, Laganà AS, Colonese E, et al. The pleiotropic effects of vitamin D in gynaecological and obstetric diseases: an overview on a hot topic. *Biomed Res Int* 2015;986281. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2015/986281>
- Wehr E, Pilz S, Schweighofer N, et al. Association of hypovitaminosis D with metabolic disturbances in polycystic ovary syndrome. *European J Endocrinol* 2009;161:575-582. <https://doi.org/10.1530/EJE-09-0432>
- Krøl Poel YHM, Snackey C, Louwers Y, et al. The role of vitamin D in metabolic disturbances in polycystic ovary syndrome: a systematic review. *Eur J Endocrinol* 2013;169:853-865. <https://doi.org/10.1530/EJE-13-0617>
- Alvarez JA, Ashraf A. Role of vitamin d in insulin secretion and insulin sensitivity for glucose homeostasis. *Int J Endocrinol* 2010;351385. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2010/351385>
- Thomson RL, Spedding S, Buckley JD. Vitamin D in the aetiology and management of polycystic ovary syndrome. *Clin Endocrinol (Oxf)* 2012;77:343-350. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2265.2012.04434.x>
- Li HWR, Brereton RE, Anderson RA, et al. Vitamin D deficiency is common and associated with metabolic risk factors in patients with polycystic ovary syndrome. *Metab Clin Exp* 2011;60:1475-1481. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.metabol.2011.03.002>
- Pal L, Shu J, Zeitlan G, et al. Vitamin D insufficiency in reproductive years may be contributory to ovulatory infertility and PCOS. *Fertil Steril* 2008;90(S14). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fertnstert.2008.07.382>
- Patra SK, Nasrat H, Goswami B, et al. Vitamin D as a predictor of insulin resistance in Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome. *Diabetes Metab Syndr* 2012;6:146-9. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dsx.2012.09.006>
- Wang L, Lv S, Yu X, et al. Vitamin D deficiency is associated with metabolic risk factors in women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome: a cross-sectional study in Shaanxi China. *Front Endocrinol (Lausanne)* 2020;11:171. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fendo.2020.00171>
- Thys-Jacobs S, Donovan D, Papadopoulos A, et al. Vitamin D and calcium dysregulation in the polycystic ovarian syndrome. *Steroids* 1999;64:430-435. [https://doi.org/10.1016/s0039-128x\(99\)00012-4](https://doi.org/10.1016/s0039-128x(99)00012-4)
- Pal L, Berry A, Coraluzzi L, et al. Therapeutic implications of vitamin d and calcium in overweight women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. *Gynecol Endocrinol* 2012;28:965-968. <https://doi.org/10.3109/09513590.2012.696753>
- Maktabi M, Chamani M, Asemi Z. The effects of vitamin D supplementation on metabolic status of patients with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome: a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. *Horm Metab Res* 2017;49:493-498. <https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0043-107242>
- Miao C-Y, Fang X-J, Chen Y, et al. Effect of vitamin D supplementation on polycystic ovary syndrome: a meta-analysis. *Exp Ther Med* 2020;19:2641-2649. <https://doi.org/10.3892/etm.2020.8525>
- Zhao J-F, Li B-X, Zhang Q. Vitamin D improves levels of hormonal, oxidative stress and inflammatory parameters in polycystic ovary syndrome: a meta-analysis study. *Ann Palliat Med* 2021;10:169-183. <https://doi.org/10.21037/apm-20-2201>
- Meng X, Zhang J, Wan Q, et al. Influence of Vitamin D supplementation on reproductive outcomes of infertile patients: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Reprod Biol Endocrinol* 2023;21:17. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12958-023-01068-8>

L'impiego della vitamina D nella malattia renale cronica

VITAMIN D

UpDates

2023;6(2):52-55

<https://doi.org/10.30455/2611-2876-2023-4>

Simona Barbuto¹, Sandro Giannini², Giuseppe Cianciolo¹

¹ UO Nefrologia, Dialisi e Trapianto, IRCCS - Azienda Ospedaliero Universitaria di Bologna, Alma Mater Studiorum Università di Bologna;

² Clinica Medica, Dipartimento di Medicina, Università di Padova

INTRODUZIONE

Il termine "vitamina D" indica un gruppo di composti steroidei, liposolubili, fondamentali per la regolazione del metabolismo del calcio e del fosforo, mediato principalmente attraverso l'assorbimento intestinale¹.

Le due isoforme più importanti, indicate cumulativamente come "vitamine D native", sono: l'ergocalciferolo (vitamina D₂) e il colecalciferolo (vitamina D₃). L'ergocalciferolo viene introdotto attraverso la dieta ed è sintetizzato solo dalle piante e dai funghi, il colecalciferolo, invece, è una molecola di sintesi sia esogena che endogena e deriva dalla fotolisi del 7-deidrocolesterolo, mediata dalle radiazioni UVB che colpiscono la pelle¹.

L'ergocalciferolo e il colecalciferolo rappresentano le due forme inattive di vitamina D; la loro trasformazione nella forma biologicamente attiva, il calcitriolo [1,25(OH)₂D], richiede un processo di idrossilazione che ha luogo in due fasi successive. Il primo step avviene a livello epatico: qui le vitamine D₂ e D₃ vengono idrossilate a livello della posizione C25 da parte della vitamina D 25-idrossilasi e convertite in 25-idrossi-vitamina D [25(OH)D o calcifediolo], la forma quantificabile utilizzata principalmente per determinare i livelli di vitamina D nel siero. Il secondo step avviene a livello del tubulo prossimale renale mediante l'1alfa-idrossilasi; qui la 25(OH)D viene idrossilata a livello di C1 formando la 1,25-diidrossi-vitamina D, nota anche come 1,25(OH)₂D o calcitriolo¹. Tuttavia è anche noto che l'attività 1alfa-idrossilasica (che rappresenta la capacità di produrre 1,25-diidrossi-vitamina D) è presente anche nei macrofagi attivati, negli osteoblasti, nei cheratinociti ed è stata documentata anche a livello prostatico, nel colon e nella mammella ed è in grado di attivare forme nutrizionali e proormonali della vitamina D.

La 1,25(OH)₂D è la forma "attiva" di vitamina D. La sua quantificazione sierica, seppur

importante in alcune patologie, fornisce poche informazioni sullo stato della vitamina D ed è solitamente normale o addirittura elevata quando l'iperparatiroidismo si associa all'ipovitaminosi D¹.

L'1,25(OH)₂D viene veicolata in circolo tramite una proteina circolante legante la vitamina D (VDBP) e, raggiunti gli organi bersaglio, si lega al recettore della vitamina D (VDR). Il VDR appartiene a un ampio gruppo di fattori di trascrizione nucleare attivati dal ligando, e può vantare un'espressione pressoché ubiquitaria e tessuto-dipendente nelle cellule nucleate. Questo spiega come la vitamina D, oltre a regolare l'assorbimento intestinale e la mobilizzazione del calcio e del fosforo, esercita anche diverse funzioni che esulano dagli effetti propriamente osteogenici e inerenti al metabolismo minerale. I suoi effetti sono mediati dagli elementi responsivi alla vitamina D (VDRE) e portano a cambiamenti nell'espressione di diversi geni² (Fig. 1).

L'integrità morfologica e funzionale del tessuto osseo riflette la regolazione e il mantenimento del rimodellamento osseo. Quest'ultimo è l'espressione dell'attività sia degli osteoblasti, che controllano la neoformazione ossea, che degli osteoclasti, i quali hanno la capacità di riassorbire l'osso mineralizzato: tale attività è modulata dagli osteoblasti attraverso il sistema RANK-RANKL-OPG.

Il RANK ligando, secreto dagli osteoblasti, si lega a un recettore (RANK) presente sulla superficie dei pre-osteoclasti, stimolandone la differenziazione in osteoclasti attivi (maturi), mentre l'OPG, anch'essa secreta dagli osteoblasti, impedisce il legame di RANK ligando al suo recettore, inibendo quindi l'attivazione osteoclastica.

Queste complesse interazioni vengono regolate da ormoni locali e sistemici come PTH, vie di segnalazione del sistema di Wnt, FGF23 e appunto 1,25(OH)₂D, la quale svolge un ruolo fondamentale nella regolazione del *bone remodelling*³.

Corrispondenza

Giuseppe Cianciolo

giuseppe.cianciolo@aosp.bo.it

Conflitto di interessi

Gli Autori dichiarano nessun conflitto di interessi.

How to cite this article: Barbuto S, Giannini S, Cianciolo G. L'impiego della vitamina D nella malattia renale cronica. *Vitamin D – Updates* 2023;6(2):52-55. <https://doi.org/10.30455/2611-2876-2023-4>

© Copyright by Pacini Editore srl



OPEN ACCESS

L'articolo è open access e divulgato sulla base della licenza CC-BY-NC-ND (Creative Commons Attribuzione – Non commerciale – Non opere derivate 4.0 Internazionale). L'articolo può essere usato indicando la menzione di paternità adeguata e la licenza; solo a scopi non commerciali; solo in originale. Per ulteriori informazioni: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/deed.it>

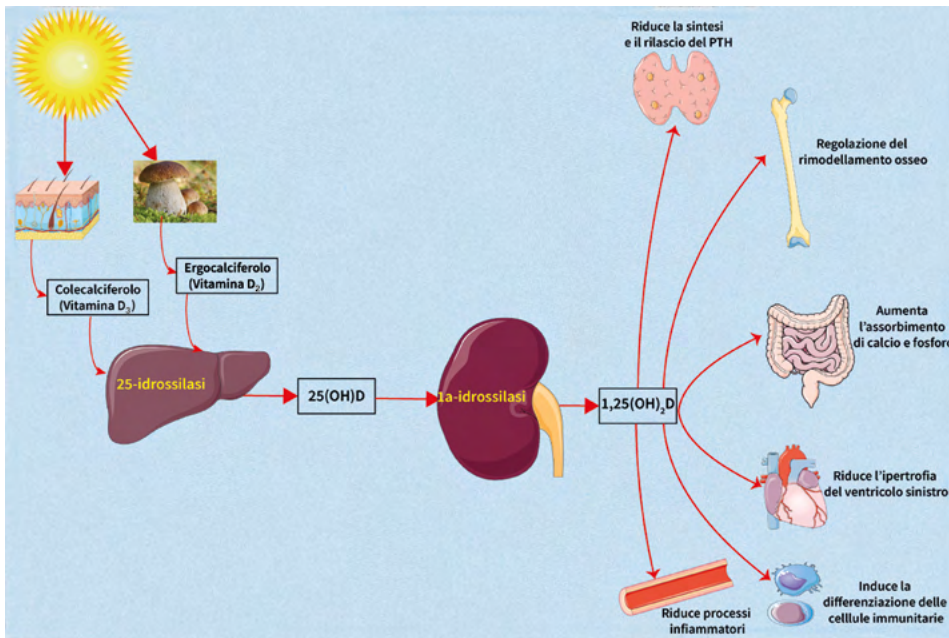


FIGURA 1.
Metabolismo della vitamina D e suoi effetti.

Il principale effetto "endocrino" che fa seguito all'attivazione del recettore della vitamina D (VDR) è la regolazione dell'omeostasi minerale e ossea. L'attivazione del VDR controlla l'assorbimento di calcio e fosfato a livello intestinale, il riassorbimento tubulare del calcio a livello renale e l'attività e la vitalità delle cellule ossee. A livello degli osteoblasti la $1,25(\text{OH})_2\text{D}$ è in grado di aumentare l'espressione del fattore 2 di trascrizione correlato a Runt (RUNX2), di osterix (OSX) e della fosfatasi alcalina, molecole coinvolte a vario titolo nella differenziazione osteoblastica e nel processo di mineralizzazione. Inoltre, il *Wingless-type (Wnt-beta-catenin pathway)* è un importante regolatore della differenziazione e della funzione degli osteoblasti, la cui espressione è aumentata dall' $1,25(\text{OH})_2\text{D}$ ⁴.

Il calcitriolo, oltre a stimolare la formazione ossea, promuove anche il riassorbimento osseo aumentando il numero e l'attività degli osteoclasti. Gli effetti possono essere mediati dai VDR e dall' 1α -idrossilasi, espressi anche a livello degli osteoclasti, dal *macrophage colony-stimulating factor* (m-CSF) e dell'attivatore del recettore del ligando del fattore nucleare- κB (RANKL) ⁵.

LA VITAMINA D NELLA MALATTIA RENALE CRONICA

Il deficit di vitamina D nativa è estremamente comune nei pazienti affetti da malattia

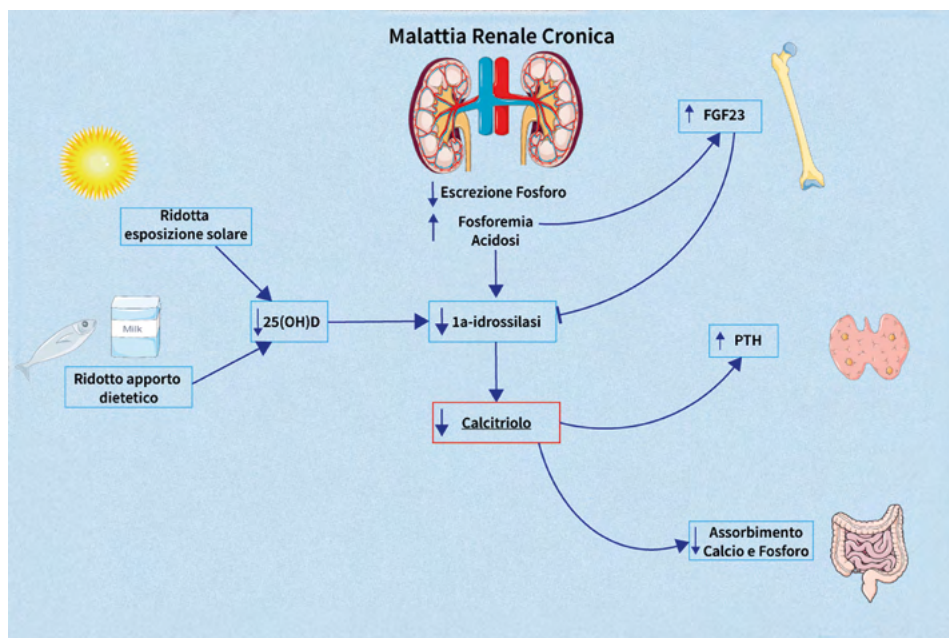
renale cronica (MRC), ed è riconducibile a diverse condizioni, come il ridotto apporto nutrizionale secondario alle restrizioni dietetiche cui è sottoposto il paziente nefropatico (dieta a basso contenuto proteico e a basso contenuto di fosfati), riduzione dell'appetito e sintomi gastrointestinali, ridotta esposizione agli UVB legata alla ridotta mobilità e alle ospedalizzazioni frequenti ⁶. Il progressivo declino dell'eGFR è associato a un aumento nella prevalenza del deficit di vitamina D. Uno studio *cross-sectional* su 825 pazienti in dialisi ha mostrato che il 78% dei pazienti aveva un deficit di vitamina D con valori < 30 ng/ml e che il 18% dei pazienti aveva un deficit severo con valori < 10 ng/ml. Lo studio ha inoltre dimostrato che i bassi valori di vitamina D si associavano a un aumentato rischio di mortalità precoce ⁷. Nella MRC, oltre a un deficit di vitamina D nativa, è presente anche una ridotta sintesi di calcitriolo; infatti, la progressiva perdita della funzione renale si associa a una ridotta attività dell' 1α -idrossilasi e a una conseguente ridotta produzione di $1,25(\text{OH})_2\text{D}$ ². Nella MRC l'ipovitaminosi D deve essere inquadrata in un contesto più ampio in quanto è alla base (sebbene non rappresenti l'unico fattore causale) delle alterazioni del calcio, del fosforo e del PTH. All'insorgenza di tali alterazioni fa seguito lo sviluppo dell'iperparatiroidismo secondario, quadro clinico e laboratoristico peculiare della MRC. Inoltre, in

questi pazienti l'alterata omeostasi del metabolismo minerale non ha solo un impatto sul sistema scheletrico, ma è anche strettamente associata ad altre alterazioni importanti, come lo sviluppo di calcificazioni vascolari e, soprattutto, la progressione delle malattie cardiovascolari ⁴.

LA VITAMINA D NEI DISORDINI DEL METABOLISMO MINERALE INDOTTI DALLA MALATTIA RENALE CRONICA

La MRC è strettamente associata alla presenza di alterazioni del metabolismo osseo che comprendono una disregolazione del metabolismo del calcio, del fosforo, nonché dell'asse fisiopatologico rappresentato da vitamina D-PTH-FGF23. Nel 2006, le linee guida KDIGO (*Kidney Disease Improving Global Outcomes*) hanno coniato la definizione di CKD-MBD (*Chronic Kidney Disease-Mineral Bone Disorder*) per descrivere le alterazioni del metabolismo minerale e le patologie che ne conseguono, come i disordini a livello osseo e cardiovascolare, associati a un maggior rischio fratturativo e cardiovascolare ⁸. Queste alterazioni sono già presenti in circa il 40-80% dei pazienti con CKD negli stadi 3 o 4 ⁹.

Sebbene l'esatta sequenza cronologica degli step fisiopatologici non sia completamente nota, si ritiene che l'incremento dei livelli di fosfato sierico, conseguente alla ridotta funzione renale, stimoli la sintesi e il rilascio da parte degli osteoblasti e degli osteociti del *fibroblast growth factor 23* (FGF23) che, se da un lato inibisce la sintesi di PTH, dall'altro inibisce anche l' 1α -idrossilasi renale con conseguente riduzione dei valori di calcitriolo e aumento della sintesi di PTH. La costante stimolazione delle cellule paratiroidi e la mancata correzione dei fattori modificabili, come la carenza di vitamina D e l'iperfosfatemia, induce una risposta inizialmente "adattativa" e successivamente "maladattativa", se non corretta da un adeguato intervento dietetico e farmacologico, che si caratterizza per un'iperplasia policlonale delle cellule paratiroidi. La transizione dell'iperplasia policlonale alla forma "nodulare" dell'iperplasia, determina un'ulteriore progressione dell'iperparatiroidismo secondario, caratterizzata a livello paratiroidi da una serie di adattamenti morfologici e funzionali (ridotta espressione del VDR), che rendono il quadro scarsamente responsivo alla terapia farmacologica e per il quale si rende necessario il ricorso alla terapia chirurgica (paratiroidectomia) ¹⁰.

**FIGURA 2.**

Vitamina D e disordini del metabolismo minerale nella malattia renale cronica.

La vitamina D svolge quindi un ruolo fondamentale nella genesi e nella progressione dell'iperparatiroidismo secondario; infatti, concentrazioni fisiologiche di 1,25(OH)₂D hanno effetti inibitori sulla trascrizione del PTH. Inoltre, a fronte di una bassa affinità per il VDR, è stato dimostrato che elevati livelli sierici di 25(OH)D sono in grado di attivare il VDR, imitando così l'effetto della 1,25(OH)₂D. Inoltre, l'1 α -idrossilasi, enzima chiave nella conversione del calcifediolo in calcitriolo, è presente nelle ghiandole paratiroidi e in molti altri tessuti extrarenali, presumibilmente per la produzione locale dell'ormone.

A questo proposito, è stato dimostrato che i livelli sierici di 25(OH)D e 1,25(OH)₂D aumentano in risposta alla somministrazione di vitamina D nutrizionale (colecalfiferolo ed ergocalciferolo) nei pazienti dializzati, il che suggerisce che anche nella MRC sia presente un'attività della 1 α -idrossilasi in tessuti extrarenali che, in presenza di livelli elevati di 25-idrossivitamina D, risulta in grado di consentire una produzione extrarenale sufficiente di 1,25-diidrossivitamina D per il controllo del PTH.

Poiché le ghiandole paratiroidi esprimono l'1 α -idrossilasi, dovrebbe essere preso in considerazione un possibile meccanismo autocrino mediante il quale la supplementazione di vitamina D nutrizionale sia in grado di ridurre la produzione di PTH.

Le più recenti linee guida KDIGO (2017) per la gestione della CKD-MBD affermano l'importanza di monitorare i livelli sierici di calcio, fosfato e PTH all'inizio della CKD stadio G3a e di valutarne l'andamento nel tempo, oltre a suggerire la misurazione livelli di 25(OH)D per diagnosticare la carenza di vitamina D (Fig. 2)⁸.

In merito ai valori di vitamina D, nella popolazione generale, viene fatto riferimento alle raccomandazioni dell'*Endocrine Society* che stabiliscono la carenza con concentrazioni di 25(OH)D < 20 ng/mL, l'insufficienza con concentrazioni comprese tra 21 e 29 ng/mL e la normalità o sufficienza con livelli sierici > 30 ng/mL¹². Per quanto riguarda la popolazione con MRC, negli anni sono state formulate diverse linee guida che hanno posto diverse indicazioni in merito alla diagnosi e al trattamento dell'ipovitaminosi D.

Le indicazioni più recenti, effettuate dalla *National Kidney Foundation*, hanno stabilito che concentrazioni di 25(OH)D > 20 ng/mL possono essere considerate "adeguate", mentre concentrazioni < 15 ng/mL dovrebbero essere trattate. Per livelli di 25(OH)D compresi tra 15 e 20 ng/mL bisognerebbe considerare anche i livelli di PTH e l'attività controregolatoria della vitamina D su questo ormone¹³.

La supplementazione della vitamina D è ancora un argomento dibattuto nei pazienti

con MRC. Le linee guida KDIGO suggeriscono di effettuare la supplementazione con la vitamina D nutrizionale (colecalfiferolo ed ergocalciferolo) come per la popolazione generale, al fine di migliorare lo stato carenziale e prevenire l'insorgenza e la progressione dell'iperparatiroidismo secondario⁸. Attualmente non sono però disponibili studi conclusivi sull'effetto della supplementazione di vitamina D nativa sui valori di PTH, sebbene quelli attualmente disponibili non mostrino alterazioni dei valori di calcio e fosforo o eventi avversi. È stato ipotizzato che l'integrazione con la vitamina D nutrizionale tenda a essere più efficace nel prevenire l'insorgenza/progressione dell'iperparatiroidismo piuttosto che a ridurre effettivamente i valori di PTH quando questi sono già elevati nelle fasi avanzate di malattia.

L'iperparatiroidismo secondario è un processo che si instaura lentamente fin dalle fasi più precoci della MRC (fase conservativa), prevenirne l'insorgenza e/o la progressione, correggendo il deficit di vitamina D con una precoce e congrua supplementazione di vitamina D nutrizionale, potrebbe ridurre gli effetti negativi dell'iperparatiroidismo secondario sul *bone remodelling*¹⁴ e può ridurre il rischio di avere livelli di PTH al di sopra degli intervalli target raccomandati dal KDIGO e la necessità di maggiori prescrizioni di farmaci durante la successiva fase dialitica¹⁵.

Inoltre, è verosimile, alla luce di studi pre-clinici e clinici, che nel contesto fisiopatologico della MRC l'azione antagonizzante della vitamina nutrizionale sull'insorgenza dell'iperparatiroidismo secondario si espliciti in presenza di livelli sierici più elevati di 25(OH)D (> 40 ng/mL) rispetto a quelli ritenuti "efficaci" nella popolazione generale¹⁶. Il che suggerisce che in un contesto fisiopatologico specifico, quale è quello della MRC, i livelli di 25(OH)D attualmente raccomandati (> 30 ng/mL) potrebbero essere inefficaci/insufficienti per il trattamento dell'SPHT.

Sia le linee guida KDIGO che le raccomandazioni della *National Kidney Foundation* suggeriscono che bisogna preferire prima l'integrazione con vitamina D nutrizionale (ergocalciferolo, colecalfiferolo) e solo successivamente introdurre i composti attivi della vitamina D (attivatori del recettore della vitamina D: VDRA), riservando quest'ultimi agli stadi più avanzati di MRC e a casi di iperparatiroidismo severo non controllabili dalla sola vitamina D nutrizionale. La tera-

pia con i VDRA, inoltre, dovrebbe essere intrapresa quando lo stadio di MRC è avanzato, quando sono presenti elevati valori di PTH associati ad adeguati livelli di 25(OH)D e in assenza di elevati valori di calcemia o fosforemia^{8,17}. Infatti, i VDRA dovrebbero essere utilizzati con cautela in quanto sono stati segnalati casi di ipercalcemia e iperfosforemia, inoltre la loro capacità di indurre un'eccessiva riduzione di PTH può aumentare il rischio di malattia ossea adinamica e bisogna sempre tenere in considerazione l'aumento, che di per sé rappresenta un effetto negativo dei livelli di FGF-23¹⁷.

In conclusione, la vitamina D svolge un ruolo fondamentale nella MRC considerando che, alla luce dell'ubiquità dei recettori della vitamina D, il suo ruolo è fondamentale per l'omeostasi dell'organismo in generale e la sua azione non può essere ridotta al solo metabolismo osseo. L'ipovitaminosi D deve quindi essere prontamente diagnosticata e trattata ancora di più nei pazienti con MRC alla luce dell'importante impatto sull'iperparatiroidismo e sulla regolazione del metabolismo osseo.

Bibliografia

- 1 Bikle DD. Vitamin D metabolism, mechanism of action, and clinical applications. *Chem Biol* 2014;21:319-329. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chembiol.2013.12.016>
- 2 Dusso AS, Brown AJ, Slatopolsky E. Vitamin D. *Am J Physiol Renal Physiol* 2005;289:F8-28. <https://doi.org/10.1152/ajprenal.00336.2004>
- 3 Siddiqui JA, Partridge NC. Physiological Bone Remodeling: Systemic Regulation and Growth Factor Involvement. *Physiology (Bethesda)* 2016;31:233-245. <https://doi.org/10.1152/physiol.00061.2014>
- 4 Cianciolo G, Cappuccilli M, Tondolo F, et al. Vitamin D Effects on Bone Homeostasis and Cardiovascular System in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease and Renal Transplant Recipients. *Nutrients* 2021;13:1453. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu13051453>
- 5 Bikle DD. Vitamin D and bone. *Curr Osteoporos Rep* 2012;10:151-159. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11914-012-0098-z>
- 6 Franca Gois PH, Wolley M, Ranganathan D, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency in Chronic Kidney Disease: Recent Evidence and Controversies. *Int J Environ Res Public Health* 2018;15:1773. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph15081773>
- 7 Wolf M, Shah A, Gutierrez O, et al. Vitamin D levels and early mortality among incident hemodialysis patients. *Kidney Intern* 2007;72:1004-1013. <https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.ki.5002451>
- 8 Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) CKD-MBD Update Work Group. KDIGO 2017 Clinical Practice Guideline Update for the Diagnosis, Evaluation, Prevention, and Treatment of Chronic Kidney Disease-Mineral and Bone Disorder (CKD-MBD). *Kidney Int Suppl (2011)* 2017;7:1-59. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.kisu.2017.04.001>
- 9 Levin A, Bakris GL, Molitch M, et al. Prevalence of abnormal serum vitamin D, PTH, calcium, and phosphorus in patients with chronic kidney disease: results of the study to evaluate early kidney disease. *Kidney Int* 2007;71:31-38. <https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.ki.5002009>
- 10 Barbuto S, Perrone V, Veronesi C, et al. Real-World Analysis of Outcomes and Economic Burden in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease with and without Secondary Hyperparathyroidism among a Sample of the Italian Population. *Nutrients* 2023;15:336. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15020336>
- 11 Galassi A, Ciceri P, Porata G, et al. Current treatment options for secondary hyperparathyroidism in patients with stage 3 to 4 chronic kidney disease and vitamin D deficiency. *Expert Opin Drug Saf* 2021;20:1333-1349. <https://doi.org/10.1080/14740338.2021.1931117>
- 12 Holick MF, Binkley NC, Bischoff-Ferrari HA, et al. Evaluation, treatment, and prevention of vitamin D deficiency: an Endocrine Society clinical practice guideline. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab* 2011;96:1911-1930. <https://doi.org/10.1210/jc.2011-0385>
- 13 Melamed ML, Chonchol M, Gutiérrez OM, et al. The Role of Vitamin D in CKD Stages 3 to 4: Report of a Scientific Workshop Sponsored by the National Kidney Foundation. *Am J Kidney Dis* 2018;72:834-845. <https://doi.org/10.1053/j.ajkd.2018.06.031>
- 14 Yadav AK, Kumar V, Kumar V, et al. The Effect of Vitamin D Supplementation on Bone Metabolic Markers in Chronic Kidney Disease. *J Bone Miner Res* 2018;33:404-409. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jbmr.3314>
- 15 Tabibzadeh N, Karaboyas A, Robinson BM, et al. The risk of medically uncontrolled secondary hyperparathyroidism depends on parathyroid hormone levels at haemodialysis initiation. *Nephrol Dial Transplant* 2021;36:160-169. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ndt/gfaa195>
- 16 Ennis JL, Worcester EM, Coe FL, et al. Current recommended 25-hydroxyvitamin D targets for chronic kidney disease management may be too low. *J Nephrol* 2016;29:63-70. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40620-015-0186-0>
- 17 Cozzolino M, Minghetti P, Navarra P. Extended-release calcifediol in stage 3-4 chronic kidney disease: a new therapy for the treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism associated with hypovitaminosis D. *J Nephrol* 2022;35:863-873. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40620-021-01152-5>

CARDIOLOGIA

- Agbalalah T, Mushtaq S. Effect of vitamin D3 supplementation on cardiometabolic disease risk among overweight/obese adult males in the UK: A pilot randomised controlled trial. *J Hum Nutr Diet.* 2023 Feb;36(1):216-225. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jhn.13021>. Epub 2022 May 9. PMID: 35451536
- Akhlaghi B, Firouzabadi N, Foroughinia F, et al. Impact of vitamin D receptor gene polymorphisms (TaqI and BsmI) on the incidence and severity of coronary artery disease: a report from southern Iran. *BMC Cardiovasc Disord.* 2023 Mar 7;23(1):113. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12872-023-03155-5>. PMID: 36882686
- Awasthi R, Manger PT, Khare RK. Fok I and Bsm I gene polymorphism of vitamin D receptor and essential hypertension: a mechanistic link. *Clin Hypertens.* 2023 Feb 15;29(1):5. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40885-022-00229-y>. PMID: 36788562
- Carbone F, Liberale L, Libby P, et al. Vitamin D in atherosclerosis and cardiovascular events. *Eur Heart J.* 2023 Mar 21;ehad165. <https://doi.org/10.1093/eurheartj/ehad165>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36943351
- Cui X, Wang K, Zhang J, et al. Aerobic Exercise Ameliorates Myocardial Fibrosis via Affecting Vitamin D Receptor and Transforming Growth Factor- β 1 Signaling in Vitamin D-Deficient Mice. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 1;15(3):741. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15030741>. PMID: 36771445
- Ginsberg C, Hoofnagle AN, Katz R, et al. Vitamin D Metabolite Ratio and Coronary Artery Calcification in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. *Circ Cardiovasc Imaging.* 2023 Mar;16(3):e015055. <https://doi.org/10.1161/CIRCIMAGING.122.015055>. Epub 2023 Mar 7. PMID: 36943910
- Gnudi L, Fountoulakis N, Panagiotou A, et al. Effect of active vitamin-D on left ventricular mass index: Results of a randomized controlled trial in type 2 diabetes and chronic kidney disease. *Am Heart J.* 2023 Mar 17;261:1-9. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ahj.2023.03.003>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36934979
- Hung KC, Yang SH, Chang CY, et al. Is Circulating Vitamin D Status Associated with the Risk of Venous Thromboembolism? A Meta-Analysis of Observational Studies. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 23;15(5):1113. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051113>. PMID: 36904113
- Javadzadegan H, Separham A, Farokhi A, et al. The critically low levels of vitamin D predicts the resolution of the ST-segment elevation after the primary percutaneous coronary intervention. *Acta Cardiol.* 2023 Feb;78(1):40-46. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00015385.2021.2015144>. Epub 2022 Jul 11. PMID: 35816150
- Jensen NS, Wehland M, Wise PM, et al. Latest Knowledge on the Role of Vitamin D in Hypertension. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 28;24(5):4679. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24054679>. PMID: 36902110
- Joseph P, Pais P, Gao P, et al. Vitamin D supplementation and adverse skeletal and non-skeletal outcomes in individuals at increased cardiovascular risk: Results from the International Polycap Study (TIPS)-3 randomized controlled trial. *Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis.* 2023 Feb;33(2):434-440. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.numecd.2022.11.001>. Epub 2022 Nov 15. PMID: 36604262
- Kamimura D, Yimer WK, Shah AM, et al. Vitamin D Levels in Black Americans and the Association With Left Ventricular Remodeling and Incident Heart Failure With Preserved Ejection Fraction: The Jackson Heart Study. *J Card Fail.* 2023 Feb;29(2):150-157. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cardfail.2022.07.049>. Epub 2022 Jul 26. PMID: 35905866
- Khater WA, Alfarkh MA, Allnoubani A. The Association Between Vitamin D Level and Chest Pain, Anxiety, and Fatigue in Patients With Coronary Artery Disease. *Clin Nurs Res.* 2023 Mar;32(3):639-647. <https://doi.org/10.1177/10547738221126325>. Epub 2022 Oct 7. PMID: 36205377
- Kim HL. Anti-Inflammatory Effect of Vitamin

© Copyright by Pacini Editore srl



OPEN ACCESS

L'articolo è open access e divulgato sulla base della licenza CC-BY-NC-ND (Creative Commons Attribuzione - Non commerciale - Non opere derivate 4.0 Internazionale). L'articolo può essere usato indicando la menzione di paternità adeguata e la licenza; solo a scopi non commerciali; solo in originale. Per ulteriori informazioni: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/deed.it>

- D via Suppression of YKL-40 Production: One of the Possible Mechanisms for Cardiovascular Protection. *Korean Circ J*. 2023 Feb;53(2):103-105. <https://doi.org/10.4070/kcj.2023.0016>. PMID: 36792560
- Martín Giménez VM, Reiter RJ, Manucha W. Multidrug nanoformulations of vitamin D, anandamide and melatonin as a synergistic treatment for vascular inflammation. *Drug Discov Today*. 2023 Feb 23;28(6):103539. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.drudis.2023.103539>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36828191
 - Renke G, Starling-Soares B, Baesso T, et al. Effects of Vitamin D on Cardiovascular Risk and Oxidative Stress. *Nutrients*. 2023 Feb 2;15(3):769. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15030769>. PMID: 36771474
 - Rojo-Tolosa S, Márquez-Pete N, Gálvez-Navas JM, et al. Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in the Vitamin D Metabolic Pathway and Their Relationship with High Blood Pressure Risk. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Mar 22;24(6):5974. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24065974>. PMID: 36983047
 - Saati-Zarei A, Damirchi A, Tousi SMTR, et al. Myocardial angiogenesis induced by concurrent vitamin D supplementation and aerobic-resistance training is mediated by inhibiting miRNA-15a, and miRNA-146a and upregulating VEGF/PI3K/eNOS signaling pathway. *Pflugers Arch*. 2023 Apr;475(4):541-555. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00424-023-02788-x>. Epub 2023 Jan 23. PMID: 36689014
 - Shah S, Vishwakarma VK, Arava SK, et al. Differential effect of basal vitamin D status in monocrotaline induced pulmonary arterial hypertension in normal and vitamin D deficient rats: Possible involvement of eNOS/TGF- β / α -SMA signaling pathways. *J Nutr Biochem*. 2023 Mar;113:109246. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jnutbio.2022.109246>. Epub 2022 Dec 7. PMID: 36496061
 - Sheehy S, Palmer JR, Cozier Y, et al. Vitamin D and risk of hypertension among Black women. *J Clin Hypertens (Greenwich)*. 2023 Feb;25(2):168-174. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jch.14615>. Epub 2023 Jan 6. PMID: 36606491
 - Sun X, Liu N, Sun C, et al. The inhibitory effect of vitamin D on myocardial homocysteine levels involves activation of Nrf2-mediated methionine synthase. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol*. 2023 Mar 28;231:106303. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106303>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36990164
 - Wu Z, Hu H, Wang C, et al. Sleep Patterns Modify the Association between Vitamin D Status and Coronary Heart Disease: Results from NHANES 2005-2008. *J Nutr*. 2023 Feb 28;S0022-3166(23)35226-X. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tnut.2022.11.028>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36863481
 - Zarzour F, Didi A, Almohaya M, et al. Cardiovascular Impact of Calcium and Vitamin D Supplements: A Narrative Review. *Endocrinol Metab (Seoul)*. 2023 Feb;38(1):56-68. <https://doi.org/10.3803/EnM.2022.1644>. Epub 2023 Feb 16. PMID: 36792577
 - Zehra S, Kulsoom U, Khan A, et al. Association of serum vitamin D levels and TaqIrs731236 among patients with hypertensive coronary heart disease. *Steroids*. 2023 Mar;191:109162. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.steroids.2022.109162>. Epub 2022 Dec 23. PMID: 36572058
 - Zhang C, Zhu Z. Letter to the editor regarding, "Associations among vitamin D, tobacco smoke, and hypertension: a cross-sectional study of the NHANES 2001-2016" by Wu et al. *Hypertens Res*. 2023 Mar 27. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41440-023-01254-6>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36973370
 - Zittermann A, Pilz S, Morshuis M, et al. Vitamin D deficiency and driveline infection in patients with a left ventricular assist device implant. *Int J Artif Organs*. 2023 Apr;46(4):235-240. <https://doi.org/10.1177/03913988231154939>. Epub 2023 Mar 9. PMID: 36895121
- CORONA VIRUS DISEASE**
- Abroug H, Maatouk A, Bennisrallah C, et al. Effect of vitamin D supplementation versus placebo on recovery delay among COVID-19 Tunisian patients: a randomized-controlled clinical trial. *Trials*. 2023 Feb 20;24(1):123. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-023-07114-5>. PMID: 36803273 Free PMC article.
 - Abu Fanne R, Moed M, Kedem A, et al. SARS-CoV-2 Infection-Blocking Immunity Post Natural Infection: The Role of Vitamin D. *Vaccines (Basel)*. 2023 Feb 17;11(2):475. <https://doi.org/10.3390/vacines11020475>. PMID: 36851353
 - Ahsan N, Imran M, Mohammed Y, et al. Mechanistic Insight into the role of Vitamin D and Zinc in Modulating Immunity Against COVID-19: A View from an Immunological Standpoint. *Biol Trace Elem Res*. 2023 Mar 9:1-15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12011-023-03620-4>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36890344
 - Arabadzhiyska D, Deneva T. Serum vitamin D levels and inflammatory status in COVID-19 patients. *Bratisl Lek Listy*. 2023 Feb 28. https://doi.org/10.4149/BLL_2023_069. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36876380
 - Azmi A, Rismani M, Pourmontaseri H, et al. The role of vitamin D receptor and IL-6 in COVID-19. *Mol Genet Genomic Med*. 2023 Apr 6:e2172. <https://doi.org/10.1002/mgg3.2172>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37025056
 - Bahat G, Erbas Sacar D, Petrovic M. Vitamin D in patients with COVID-19: is there a room for it? *Acta Clin Belg*. 2023 Feb;78(1):71-77. <https://doi.org/10.1080/17843286.2021.2018832>. Epub 2021 Dec 20. PMID: 34927562
 - Barassi A, Pezzilli R, Mondoni M, et al. Vitamin D in SARS-CoV-2 patients with non-invasive ventilation support. *Panminerva Med*. 2023 Mar;65(1):23-29. <https://doi.org/10.23736/S0031-0808.21.04277-4>. Epub 2021 Jan 25. PMID: 33494567
 - Basińska-Lewandowska M, Lewandowski K, Horzelski W, et al. Frequency of COVID-19 Infection as a Function of Vitamin D Levels. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 24;15(7):1581. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071581>. PMID: 37049423
 - Bayrak H, Öztürk D, Bolat A, et al. Association Between Vitamin D Levels and COVID-19 Infection in Children: A Case-Control Study. *Turk Arch Pediatr*. 2023 Apr 5. <https://doi.org/10.5152/TurkArchPediatr.2023.22217>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37017281
 - Bignardi PR, de Andrade Castello P, de Matos Aquino B, et al. Is the vitamin D status of patients with COVID-19 associated with reduced mortality? A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Arch Endocrinol Metab*. 2023 Mar 10;67(2):276-288.

- <https://doi.org/10.20945/2359-3997000000588>. PMID: 36913680
- Bilezikian JP, Binkley N, De Luca HF, et al. Consensus and Controversial Aspects of Vitamin D and COVID-19. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab.* 2023 Apr 13;108(5):1034-1042. <https://doi.org/10.1210/clinem/dgac719>. PMID: 36477486
 - Borborema MEA, Lucena TMC, Silva JA. Vitamin D and estrogen steroid hormones and their immunogenetic roles in Infectious respiratory (TB and COVID-19) diseases. *Genet Mol Biol.* 2023 Feb 6;46(1 Suppl 2):e20220158. <https://doi.org/10.1590/1415-4757-GMB-2022-0158>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36745756
 - Burhan E, Wijaya I. The role of high dose vitamin d and glutathione supplementation in COVID-19 treatment: A case series. *J Infect Dev Ctries.* 2023 Feb 28;17(2):188-193. <https://doi.org/10.3855/jidc.17109>. PMID: 36897901
 - Chhonker YS, Ahmed N, Johnston CM, et al. A Simultaneous Extraction/Derivatization Strategy for Quantitation of Vitamin D in Dried Blood Spots Using LC-MS/MS: Application to Biomarker Study in Subjects Tested for SARS-CoV-2. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Mar 13;24(6):5489. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24065489>. PMID: 36982565
 - Contreras-Bolívar V, García-Fontana B, García-Fontana C, et al. Vitamin D and COVID-19: where are we now? *Postgrad Med.* 2023 Apr;135(3):195-207. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00325481.2021.2017647>. Epub 2021 Dec 27. PMID: 34886758
 - Cutolo M, Smith V, Paolino S, et al. Involvement of the secosteroid vitamin D in autoimmune rheumatic diseases and COVID-19. *Nat Rev Rheumatol.* 2023 Mar 28;1-23. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41584-023-00944-2>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36977791
 - D'Alessandro A, Ciavardelli D, Pastore A, et al. Contribution of vitamin D3 and thiols status to the outcome of COVID-19 disease in Italian pediatric and adult patients. *Sci Rep.* 2023 Feb 13;13(1):2504. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-29519-7>. PMID: 36781931
 - Dahma G, Craina M, Dumitru C, et al. A Prospective Analysis of Vitamin D Levels in Pregnant Women Diagnosed with Gestational Hypertension after SARS-CoV-2 Infection. *J Pers Med.* 2023 Feb 12;13(2):317. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jpm13020317>. PMID: 36836551
 - di Filippo L, Frara S, Nannipieri F, et al. Low vitamin D levels are associated with long COVID syndrome in COVID-19 survivors. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab.* 2023 Apr 13:dgad207. <https://doi.org/10.1210/clinem/dgad207>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37051747
 - di Filippo L, Uygur M, Locatelli M, et al. Low vitamin D levels predict outcomes of COVID-19 in patients with both severe and non-severe disease at hospitalization. *Endocrine.* 2023 Mar 1:1-15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-023-03331-9>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36854858
 - Domazet Bugarin J, Dosenovic S, Ilic D, et al. Vitamin D Supplementation and Clinical Outcomes in Severe COVID-19 Patients-Randomized Controlled Trial. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 28;15(5):1234. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051234>. PMID: 36904232
 - Ekemen Keles Y, Yilmaz D, Tasar S, et al. Can Serum 25 hydroxy Vitamin D Levels Predict the Severity of Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children and COVID-19? *J Clin Res Pediatr Endocrinol.* 2023 Feb 16. <https://doi.org/10.4274/jcrpe.galenos.2023.2022-10-1>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36794864
 - Feentved Ødum SL, Kongsbak-Wismann M. Vitamin D and SARS-CoV-2. *Basic Clin Pharmacol Toxicol.* 2023 Apr 10. <https://doi.org/10.1111/bcpt.13872>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37038047
 - Fernandes de Souza WVD, Fonseca DMD, Sartori A. COVID-19 and Multiple Sclerosis: A Complex Relationship Possibly Aggravated by Low Vitamin D Levels. *Cells.* 2023 Feb 21;12(5):684. <https://doi.org/10.3390/cells12050684>. PMID: 36899820
 - Fernandes de Souza WD, Zorzella-Pezavento SFG, Ayupe MC, et al. Lung Inflammation Induced by Inactivated SARS-CoV-2 in C57BL/6 Female Mice Is Controlled by Intranasal Instillation of Vitamin D. *Cells.* 2023 Apr 6;12(7):1092. <https://doi.org/10.3390/cells12071092>. PMID: 37048165
 - Honardoost M, Ghavideldarestani M, Khamseh ME. Role of vitamin D in pathogenesis and severity of COVID-19 infection. *Arch Physiol Biochem.* 2023 Feb;129(1):26-32. <https://doi.org/10.1080/13813455.2020.1792505>. Epub 2020 Oct 30. PMID: 33125298
 - Huang H, Zheng J, Liu Y, et al. Effect of vitamin D status on adult COVID-19 pneumonia induced by Delta variant: A longitudinal, real-world cohort study. *Front Med (Lausanne).* 2023 Mar 24;10:1121256. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmed.2023.1121256>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37035323
 - Kirub E. Re: Vitamin D deficiency predicts 30-day hospital mortality of adults with COVID-19. *Clin Nutr ESPEN.* 2023 Apr;54:459. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clnesp.2023.02.015>. Epub 2023 Feb 25. PMID: 36963895
 - Liu Y, Clare S, D'Erasmo G, et al. Vitamin D and SARS-CoV-2 Infection: SERVE Study (SARS-CoV-2 Exposure and the Role of Vitamin D among Hospital Employees). *J Nutr.* 2023 Mar 5:S0022-3166(23)35280-5. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tjnut.2023.03.001>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36871833
 - Mamurova B, Akan G, Mogol E, et al. Strong Association between Vitamin D Receptor Gene and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome coronavirus 2 Infectious Variants. *Glob Med Genet.* 2023 Feb 16;10(1):27-33. <https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0043-1761924>. eCollection 2023 Jan. PMID: 36819669
 - Mendenhall E, Hogan MB, Nudelman M, et al. Examination of cord blood at birth in women with SARS-CoV-2 exposure and/or vaccination during pregnancy and relationship to fetal complete blood count, cortisol, ferritin, vitamin D, and CRP. *Front Pediatr.* 2023 Mar 16;11:1092561. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fped.2023.1092561>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37009290
 - Mok CK, Ng YL, Ahidjo BA, et al. Evaluation of In Vitro and In Vivo Antiviral Activities of Vitamin D for SARS-CoV-2 and Variants. *Pharmaceutics.* 2023 Mar 12;15(3):925. <https://doi.org/10.3390/pharmaceutics15030925>. PMID: 36986786
 - Mooijaart SP, Dekkers OM, Van den Bos F. [Vitamin D supplementation for all older people with COVID-19?]. *Ned Tijdschr Geneesk.* 2023 Mar 16;167:D7176. PMID: 36928421 Dutch.

- Musavi H, Abazari O, Barartabar Z, et al. The benefits of Vitamin D in the COVID-19 pandemic: biochemical and immunological mechanisms. *Arch Physiol Biochem*. 2023 Apr;129(2):354-362. <https://doi.org/10.1080/13813455.2020.1826530>. Epub 2020 Oct 8. PMID: 33030073
- Novakovic V, Benfield T, Jørgensen HL, et al. Vitamin D as a prognostic biomarker in COVID-19: single-center study and meta-analyses. *Scand J Clin Lab Invest*. 2023 Apr 17:1-10. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00365513.2023.2191333>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37067370
- Ortatatlı M, Fatsa T, Mulazimoglu DD, et al. Potential Role of Vitamin D, ACE2 and the Proteases as TMPRSS2 and Furin on SARS-CoV-2 Pathogenesis and COVID-19 Severity. *Arch Med Res*. 2023 Feb 14;54(3):223-30. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.arcmed.2023.02.002>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36914430
- Ramezani-Jolfaie N, Eftekhari E, Dadinasab M, et al. The effect of vitamin D and magnesium supplementation on clinical symptoms and serum inflammatory and oxidative stress markers in patients with COVID-19: a structured summary of a study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. *Trials*. 2023 Feb 6;24(1):87. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-023-07107-4>. PMID: 36747270
- Sanson G, De Nicolò A, Zerbato V, et al. A combined role for low vitamin D and low albumin circulating levels as strong predictors of worse outcome in COVID-19 patients. *Ir J Med Sci*. 2023 Feb;192(1):423-430. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11845-022-02952-9>. Epub 2022 Feb 19. PMID: 35182287
- Shah K, V P V, Sharma U, et al. Response to Letter to Editor: A Statistical commentary on "Does vitamin D supplementation reduces COVID-19 severity? A systematic review". *Mavalankar D.QJM*. 2023 Mar 27:hcad046. <https://doi.org/10.1093/qjmed/hcad046>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36971583
- Smaha J, Jackuliak P, Kužma M, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency Prevalence in Hospitalized Patients with COVID-19 Significantly Decreased during the Pandemic in Slovakia from 2020 to 2022 Which Was Associated with Decreasing Mortality. *Nutrients*. 2023 Feb 23;15(5):1132. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051132>. PMID: 36904131
- Stafford A, White ND. Potential Benefit of Vitamin D Supplementation in COVID-19. *Am J Lifestyle Med*. 2022 Nov 29;17(2):202-205. <https://doi.org/10.1177/15598276221140864>. eCollection 2023 Mar-Apr. PMID: 36883130
- Vasheghani M, Rekabi M, Sadr M. Protective role of vitamin D status against COVID-19: a mini-review. *Endocrine*. 2023 Feb;79(2):235-242. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-022-03203-8>. Epub 2022 Oct 18. PMID: 36258153
- Zaazouee MS, Eleisawy M, Abdalalaziz AM, et al. Hospital and laboratory outcomes of patients with COVID-19 who received vitamin D supplementation: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Naunyn Schmiedeberg's Arch Pharmacol*. 2023 Apr;396(4):607-620. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00210-022-02360-x>. Epub 2022 Dec 12. PMID: 36508011
- Zhang Y, Li J, Yang M, et al. Effect of vitamin D supplementation on COVID-19 patients: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Front Nutr*. 2023 Mar 7;10:1131103. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1131103>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36960206
- Zhou S, Hu H. A statistical commentary on "Does vitamin D supplementation reduce COVID-19 severity? a systematic review". *QJM*. 2023 Mar 27:hcad045. <https://doi.org/10.1093/qjmed/hcad045>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36971605
- Bullock T, Negrey J, Hu B, et al. Reply to "Significant improvement of facial actinic keratoses after blue light photodynamic therapy with oral vitamin D pretreatment". *J Am Acad Dermatol*. 2023 Feb;88(2):e97. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jaad.2022.06.024>. Epub 2022 Jul 3. PMID: 35787411
- Bullock TA, Mack JA, Negrey J, et al. Significant Association of Poly-A and FokI Polymorphic Alleles of the Vitamin D Receptor with Vitamin D Serum Levels and Incidence of Squamous Cutaneous Neoplasia. *J Invest Dermatol*. 2023 Feb 20:S0022-202X(23)00097-0. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jid.2023.01.028>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36813159
- Chamli A, Souissi A, Frioui R, et al. Hereditary vitamin D-resistant rickets associated with alopecia and epidermal cysts. *Int J Rheum Dis*. 2023 Apr 1. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1756-185X.14679>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37002879
- Dawoud NM, Rajab AZ, El-Hefnawy SM, et al. Serum brain-derived neurotrophic factor and vitamin D: Two concordant players controlling depression among alopecia areata and vitiligo patients: A case-control study. *J Cosmet Dermatol*. 2023 Mar 31. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jocd.15725>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36999446
- Dodamani MH, Lila AR, Memon SS, et al. Genotypic Spectrum and its Correlation with Alopecia and Clinical Response in Hereditary Vitamin D Resistant Rickets: Our Experience and Systematic Review. *Calcif Tissue Int*. 2023 Apr;112(4):483-492. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00223-023-01061-8>. Epub 2023 Jan 27. PMID: 36705686
- Jenssen M, Furberg AS, Jorde R, et al. Effect of Vitamin D Supplementation on Psoriasis Severity in Patients With Lower-Range Serum 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Levels: A Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA Dermatol*. 2023 Mar 29:e230357. <https://doi.org/10.1001/jamadermatol.2023.0357>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36988936
- Kanasuo E, Siiskonen H, Haimakainen S, et al. Regular use of vitamin D supplement is associated with fewer melanoma cases compared to non-use: a cross-sectional study in 498 adult subjects at risk of skin cancers. *Melanoma Res*. 2023 Apr 1;33(2):126-135. <https://doi.org/10.1097/CMR.0000000000000870>. Epub 2022 Dec 28. PMID: 36580363

DERMATOLOGIA

- Alsenaid A, Al-Dhubaibi MS, Alhetheli G, et al. Trichoscopy pattern and evaluation of serum vitamin D status in alopecia areata. *Photodiagnosis Photodyn Ther*. 2023 Mar 20;42:103510. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pdpdt.2023.103510>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36944416
- Bikle DD. Role of vitamin D and calcium signaling in epidermal wound healing. *J Endocrinol Invest*. 2023 Feb;46(2):205-212. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40618-022-01893-5>. Epub 2022 Aug 13. PMID: 35963983
- Bohmann P, Stein M, Konzok J, et al. Relationship between genetically proxied vitamin D and psoriasis risk: a Mendelian randomization study. *Clin Exp Dermatol*. 2023 Mar 11:llad095. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ced/llad095>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36899474

- Kaushik H, Mahajan R, Dabas G, et al. A cross-sectional study to find association of VDR gene polymorphism with non-syndromic congenital ichthyosis and with vitamin D deficiency. *Arch Dermatol Res.* 2023 Apr;315(3):551-557. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00403-022-02399-z>. Epub 2022 Oct 3. PMID: 36192561
 - Koç Yıldırım S, Najafova T, Ersoy Evans S, et al. Serum vitamin D levels and vitamin D receptor gene Apal and TaqI polymorphisms in patients with morphea: a case-control study. *Arch Dermatol Res.* 2023 Mar 24. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00403-023-02612-7>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36964246
 - Lee YH, Song GG. Association between vitamin D receptor polymorphisms and vitiligo susceptibility: An updated meta-analysis. *J Cosmet Dermatol.* 2023 Mar;22(3):969-979. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jocd.15474>. Epub 2022 Nov 7. PMID: 36254395
 - Nguyen CV, Zheng L, Zhou XA, et al. High-Dose Vitamin D for the Management of Toxic Erythema of Chemotherapy in Hospitalized Patients. *JAMA Dermatol.* 2023 Feb 1;159(2):219-222. <https://doi.org/10.1001/jamadermatol.2022.5397>. PMID: 36542397
 - Nosratzahi T. Serum vitamin D and antinuclear antibody level in oral lichen planus patients: a cross-sectional study. *Ann Med Surg (Lond).* 2023 Feb 7;85(2):136-139. <https://doi.org/10.1097/MS9.000000000000115>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36845785
 - Park JS, Kim M, Sol IS, et al. Effect of Vitamin D on the Treatment of Atopic Dermatitis With Consideration of Heterogeneities: Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. *Allergy Asthma Immunol Res.* 2023 Mar;15(2):262-270. <https://doi.org/10.4168/aa.2023.15.2.262>. PMID: 37021510
 - Wu Y, Hui Y, Liu F, et al. The Association of Serum Adipokines, Insulin Resistance and Vitamin D Status in Male Patients with Androgenetic Alopecia. *Clin Cosmet Investig Dermatol.* 2023 Feb 13;16:419-427. <https://doi.org/10.2147/CCID.S396697>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36817642
 - Youssef YE, Eldeglia HEA, Elmekawy RSM, et al. Evaluation of vitamin D receptor gene polymorphisms (Apal and TaqI) as risk factors of vitiligo and predictors of response to narrowband UVB phototherapy. *Arch Dermatol Res.* 2023 Apr;315(3):379-386. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00403-022-02348-w>. Epub 2022 Mar 23. PMID: 35318513
- ### EPIDEMIOLOGIA
- Ala-Korpela M. The epidemiological quest for the role of vitamin D turned non-linear-and simply made sense. *Int J Epidemiol.* 2023 Feb 8;52(1):1-4. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ije/dyac218>. PMID: 36416418
 - Bucurica S, Prodan I, Pavalean M, et al. Association of Vitamin D Deficiency and Insufficiency with Pathology in Hospitalized Patients. *Diagnostics (Basel).* 2023 Mar 6;13(5):998. <https://doi.org/10.3390/diagnostics13050998>. PMID: 36900141
 - Ceolin G, Matsuo LH, Ocker G, et al. Adiposity and physical activity are among the main determinants of serum vitamin D concentrations in older adults: the Epi-Floripa Aging Cohort Study. *Nutr Res.* 2023 Mar;111:59-72. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nutres.2023.01.004>. Epub 2023 Feb 3. PMID: 36827757
 - Chae B, Kim YJ, Kim SM, et al. Vitamin D deficiency on admission to the emergency department is a mortality predictor for patients with septic shock treated with early protocol-driven resuscitation bundle therapy. *Am J Med Sci.* 2023 Apr;365(4):361-367. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amjms.2022.10.005>. Epub 2022 Oct 18. PMID: 36265656
 - Cui A, Zhang T, Xiao P, et al. Global and regional prevalence of vitamin D deficiency in population-based studies from 2000 to 2022: A pooled analysis of 7.9 million participants. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Mar 17;10:1070808. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1070808>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37006940
 - Dunlop E, Boorman JL, Hambridge TL, et al. Evidence of low vitamin D intakes in the Australian population points to a need for data-driven nutrition policy for improving population vitamin D status. *J Hum Nutr Diet.* 2023 Feb;36(1):203-215. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jhn.13002>. Epub 2022 Mar 25. PMID: 35253289
 - Dunlop E, Pham NM, Van Hoang D, et al. Vitamin D status in healthy populations worldwide: a systematic review protocol. *JBMEvid Synth.* 2023 Apr 5. <https://doi.org/10.11124/JBIES-22-00354>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37014734
 - Gaml-Sørensen A, Brix N, Hærvig KK, et al. Maternal vitamin D levels and male reproductive health: a population-based follow-up study. *Eur J Epidemiol.* 2023 Mar 23. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10654-023-00987-5>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36952117
 - Ganji V, Shi Z, Al-Abdi T, et al. Association between food intake patterns and serum vitamin D concentrations in US adults. *Br J Nutr.* 2023 Mar 14;129(5):864-874. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0007114522001702>. Epub 2022 May 30. PMID: 35634732
 - Grygorieva NV, Solonenko TY, Musiienko AS, et al. Vitamin D deficiency in Ukraine: current evidence. *BMC Nutr.* 2023 Mar 14;9(1):49. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40795-023-00706-z>. PMID: 36918995
 - Harju T, Gray B, Mavroeidi A, et al. Correction to: Prevalence and novel risk factors for vitamin D insufficiency in elite athletes: systematic review and meta-analysis. *Eur J Nutr.* 2023 Feb;62(1):523. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00394-022-03021-8>. PMID: 36219235
 - Henriques M, Rodrigues D, Viegas S, et al. Vitamin D status in active duty Navy military personnel: a systematic review. *Occup Environ Med.* 2023 Apr 3;eemed-2022-108710. <https://doi.org/10.1136/oemed-2022-108710>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37012046
 - Hu J, Liang Y, Wen G, et al. Vitamin D status among residents of Molidawa Daur Autonomous Banner, Inner Mongolia, North China. *Saudi Med J.* 2023 Apr;44(4):413-420. <https://doi.org/10.15537/smj.2023.44.4.20220780>. PMID: 37062548
 - Jiang X, Guo Y, Cui L, et al. Study of Diet Habits and Cognitive Function in the Chinese Middle-Aged and Elderly Population: The Association between Folic Acid, B Vitamins, Vitamin D, Coenzyme Q10 Supplementation and Cognitive Ability. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 1;15(5):1243. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051243>. PMID: 36904242
 - Kim KJ, Choi J, Kim KJ, et al. All-cause and cause-specific mortality risks associated with calcium supplementation with or without Vi-

- tamin D: A nationwide population-based study. *J Intern Med.* 2023 Apr 13. <https://doi.org/10.1111/joim.13643>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37056045
- Leite NP, Alvarez TS, Fonseca FLA, et al. Vitamin D deficiency in bedridden elderly people at home. *Rev Assoc Med Bras (1992).* 2023 Feb 17;69(1):61-65. <https://doi.org/10.1590/1806-9282.20220613.eCollection2023>. PMID: 36820714
 - Liu H, Huang Y, Pan Y, et al. Associations between per and polyfluoroalkyl ether sulfonic acids and vitamin D biomarker levels in Chinese newborns. *Sci Total Environ.* 2023 Mar 25;866:161410. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2023.161410>. Epub 2023 Jan 5. PMID: 36621489
 - Mendes MM, Gomes APO, Araújo MM, et al. Prevalence of vitamin D deficiency in South America: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Nutr Rev.* 2023 Mar 7:nuad010. <https://doi.org/10.1093/nutrit/nuad010>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36882047
 - Nanri A, Mizoue T, Goto A, et al. Vitamin D intake and all-cause and cause-specific mortality in Japanese men and women: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. *Eur J Epidemiol.* 2023 Mar;38(3):291-300. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10654-023-00968-8>. Epub 2023 Jan 31. PMID: 36719520
 - Oliosia PR, Oliosia EMR, Alvim RO, et al. Association of sun exposure and seasonality with vitamin D levels in Brazilian children and adolescents. *Rev Paul Pediatr.* 2023 Mar 3;41:e2021361. <https://doi.org/10.1590/1984-0462/2023/41/2021361>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36888750
 - Oliver SL, Santana KV, Ribeiro H. The Effect of Sunlight Exposure on Vitamin D Status in Countries of Low and High Latitudes: A Systematic Literature Review. *Curr Nutr Rep.* 2023 Mar;12(1):1-13. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s13668-022-00443-y>. Epub 2022 Dec 16. PMID: 36522570
 - Parlato LA, Welch R, Ong IM, et al. Genome-wide association study (GWAS) of circulating vitamin D outcomes among individuals of African ancestry. *Am J Clin Nutr.* 2023 Feb;117(2):308-316. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajcnut.2022.12.001>. Epub 2022 Dec 23. PMID: 36811574
 - Rezaei OM, Sharifi F, Moodi M, et al. The Prevalence and Determinants of Vitamin D Status among Older Adults: Data from a Longitudinal Aging Study. *Int J Prev Med.* 2023 Feb 25;14:27. https://doi.org/10.4103/ijpvm.ijpvm_366_21. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37033285
 - Sha S, Nguyen TMN, Kuznia S, et al. Real-world evidence for the effectiveness of vitamin D supplementation in reduction of total and cause-specific mortality. *J Intern Med.* 2023 Mar;293(3):384-397. <https://doi.org/10.1111/joim.13578>. Epub 2022 Oct 17. PMID: 36208176
 - Soininen S, Eloranta AM, Schwab U, et al. Sources of vitamin D and determinants of serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D in Finnish adolescents. *Eur J Nutr.* 2023 Mar;62(2):1011-1025. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00394-022-03039-y>. Epub 2022 Nov 9. PMID: 36350359
 - Thein OS, Ali NA, Mahida RY, et al. Raised FGF23 Correlates to Increased Mortality in Critical Illness, Independent of Vitamin D. *Biology (Basel).* 2023 Feb 14;12(2):309. <https://doi.org/10.3390/biology12020309>. PMID: 36829583
 - Thiering E, Markevych I, Kress S, et al. Gene-environment interaction in the association of residential greenness and 25(OH) vitamin D. *Environ Pollut.* 2023 Mar 27;327:121519. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2023.121519>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36990343
 - Tran V, Janda M, Lucas RM, et al. Vitamin D and Sun Exposure: A Community Survey in Australia. *Curr Oncol.* 2023 Feb 18;30(2):2465-2481. <https://doi.org/10.3390/curroncol30020188>. PMID: 36826149
 - Wang X, Lu K, Shen J, et al. Correlation between meteorological factors and vitamin D status under different season. *Sci Rep.* 2023 Mar 23;13(1):4762. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-31698-2>. PMID: 36959344
 - Weiler HA, Sarafin K, Martineau C, et al. Vitamin D Status of People 3 to 79 Years of Age from the Canadian Health Measures Survey 2012-2019. *J Nutr.* 2023 Apr;153(4):1150-1161. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tjnut.2023.02.026>. Epub 2023 Feb 26. PMID: 36848989
 - Zakaria S, Kashif H. The relationship between fair skin and poor serum Vitamin D levels in Pakistani women. *J Pak Med Assoc.* 2023 Mar;73(3):738. <https://doi.org/10.47391/JPMA.7373>. PMID: 36932805
 - Zouine N, Lhaili I, Menouni A, et al. Development and Validation of Vitamin D- Food Frequency Questionnaire for Moroccan Women of Reproductive Age: Use of the Sun Exposure Score and the Method of Triad's Model. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 4;15(4):796. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15040796>. PMID: 36839154

EMATOLOGIA

- Daloğlu H, Uygun V, Öztürkmen S, et al. Pre-transplantation vitamin D deficiency increases acute graft-versus-host disease after hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in thalassemia major patients. *Clin Transplant.* 2023 Feb;37(2):e14874. <https://doi.org/10.1111/ctr.14874>. Epub 2022 Dec 14. PMID: 36461145
- Kuo CL, Kirk B, Xiang M, et al. Very Low and High Levels of Vitamin D Are Associated with Shorter Leukocyte Telomere Length in 148,321 UK Biobank Participants. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 19;15(6):1474. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061474>. PMID: 36986204
- Mirhosseini N, Psihogios A, McLaren MD, et al. Vitamin D and Multiple Myeloma: A Scoping Review. *Curr Oncol.* 2023 Mar 11;30(3):3263-3276. <https://doi.org/10.3390/curroncol30030248>. PMID: 36975461
- Pala M, Bhat KG, Manya S, et al. Vitamin D levels and left ventricular function in beta-thalassemia major with iron overload. *Eur J Pediatr.* 2023 Feb 10. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00431-023-04830-7>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36763189
- Salehifar E, Soltani M. A letter to the editor: High prevalence of peripheral neuropathy in multiple myeloma patients and the impact of vitamin D levels, a cross-sectional study. *Support Care Cancer.* 2023 Feb 27;31(3):188. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00520-023-07648-z>. PMID: 36847935

ENDOCRINOLOGIA

- [No authors listed] Summary for Patients: Vitamin D and Risk for Type 2 Diabetes in People With Prediabetes. *Ann Intern Med.* 2023 Mar;176(3):122. <https://doi.org/10.7326/P22-0031>. Epub 2023 Feb 7. PMID: 36745899

- [No authors listed] Web Exclusive. Anals Video Summary - Vitamin D and Risk for Type 2 Diabetes in People With Prediabetes. *Ann Intern Med.* 2023 Mar;176(3):eM223698. <https://doi.org/10.7326/M22-3698>. Epub 2023 Feb 7. PMID: 36745882
- Abboud M, Rizk R, Haidar S, et al. Association between Serum Vitamin D and Metabolic Syndrome in a Sample of Adults in Lebanon. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 23;15(5):1129. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051129>. PMID: 36904128
- Alali M, Alkulaib NS, Alkhars A, et al. Thyroid eye disease in Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia: clinical profile and correlation with vitamin D deficiency. *Orbit.* 2023 Mar 1;1-5. <https://doi.org/10.1080/01676830.2023.2181975>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36855900
- Allaoui G, Rylander C, Fuskevåg OM, et al. Longitudinal changes in vitamin D concentrations and the association with type 2 diabetes mellitus: the Tromsø Study. *Acta Diabetol.* 2023 Feb;60(2):293-304. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00592-022-02001-y>. Epub 2022 Dec 2. PMID: 36456716
- Aquino SLS, Cunha ATO, Sena-Evangelista KCM, et al. Vitamin D3 supplementation had no benefits in patients with metabolic syndrome and vitamin D deficiency: A pilot study. *Clin Nutr ESPEN.* 2023 Apr;54:300-303. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clnesp.2023.02.002>. Epub 2023 Feb 7. PMID: 36963877
- Avila Castillo A, Hagemann T, Hoffmann A, et al. Associations between vitamin D, immunoglobulin E concentrations, and obesity. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Mar 30;10:1147407. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1147407>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37063318
- Babić Leko M, Jureško I, Rozić I, et al. Vitamin D and the Thyroid: A Critical Review of the Current Evidence. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 10;24(4):3586. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24043586>. PMID: 36835005
- Ban J, Zhao X, Jia Z, et al. Association Between Vitamin D Levels and the Atherogenic Index of Plasma Among Chinese with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. *Diabetes Metab Syndr Obes.* 2023 Feb 22;16:523-531. <https://doi.org/10.2147/DMSO.3398161>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36860327
- Casey C, Hopkins D. The role of preoperative vitamin D and calcium in preventing postthyroidectomy hypocalcaemia: a systematic review. *Eur Arch Otorhinolaryngol.* 2023 Apr;280(4):1555-1563. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00405-022-07791-z>. Epub 2022 Dec 21. PMID: 36542113
- Ceglia L, Pittas AG, Dawson-Hughes B. Effect of vitamin D supplementation on circulating fibroblast growth factor-23 concentration in adults with prediabetes. *Aging Clin Exp Res.* 2023 Mar;35(3):525-530. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40520-022-02338-y>. Epub 2023 Jan 11. PMID: 36631721
- Chen X, Wan Z, Geng T, et al. Vitamin D Status, Vitamin D Receptor Polymorphisms, and Risk of Microvascular Complications Among Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes: A Prospective Study. *Diabetes Care.* 2023 Feb 1;46(2):270-277. <https://doi.org/10.2337/dc22-0513>. PMID: 36169213
- Cipriani C, Cianferotti L. Vitamin D in hypoparathyroidism: insight into pathophysiology and perspectives in clinical practice. *Endocrine.* 2023 Mar 31. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-023-03354-2>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37000405
- Czarnywojtek A, Florek E, Pietrończyk K, et al. The Role of Vitamin D in Autoimmune Thyroid Diseases: A Narrative Review. *J Clin Med.* 2023 Feb 11;12(4):1452. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12041452>. PMID: 36835987
- Dai Q, Zhang H, Tang S, et al. Vitamin D-VDR (vitamin D receptor) alleviates glucose metabolism reprogramming in lipopolysaccharide-induced acute kidney injury. *Front Physiol.* 2023 Feb 24;14:1083643. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fphys.2023.1083643>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36909229
- Dall RD, Cheung MM, Shewokis PA, et al. Combined vitamin D and magnesium supplementation does not influence markers of bone turnover or glycemic control: A randomized controlled clinical trial. *Nutr Res.* 2023 Feb;110:33-43. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nutres.2022.12.005>. Epub 2022 Dec 22. PMID: 36640582
- Dirks NF, Cavalier E, Heijboer AC. Vitamin D: marker, measurand & measurement. *Endocr Connect.* 2023 Mar 15;12(4):e220269. <https://doi.org/10.1530/EC-22-0269>. Print 2023 Apr 1. PMID: 36688810
- Dos Santos LM, Ohe MN, Pallone SG, et al. Levels of bioavailable, and free forms of 25(OH)D after supplementation with vitamin D3 in primary hyperparathyroidism. *Endocrine.* 2023 Apr;80(1):183-190. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-022-03265-8>. Epub 2022 Dec 27. PMID: 36574149
- Dos Santos LM, Ohe MN, Pallone SG, et al. Publisher Correction: Levels of bioavailable, and free forms of 25(OH)D after supplementation with vitamin D3 in primary hyperparathyroidism. *Endocrine.* 2023 Feb 15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-023-03311-z>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36790523
- Elmoselhi AB, Seif Allah M, Bouzid A, et al. Circulating microRNAs as potential biomarkers of early vascular damage in vitamin D deficiency, obese, and diabetic patients. *PLoS One.* 2023 Mar 23;18(3):e0283608. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0283608>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36952563
- Gierach M, Junik R. The role of vitamin D in women with Hashimoto's thyroiditis. *Endokrynol Pol.* 2023 Mar 14. <https://doi.org/10.5603/EP.a2022.0095>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36916543
- Gong M, Wang K, Sun H, et al. Threshold of 25(OH)D and consequently adjusted parathyroid hormone reference intervals: data mining for relationship between vitamin D and parathyroid hormone. *J Endocrinol Invest.* 2023 Mar 15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40618-023-02057-9>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36920734
- Hariri Z, Kord-Varkaneh H, Alyahya N, et al. Higher Dietary Vitamin D Intake Influences the Lipid Profile and hs-CRP Concentrations: Cross-Sectional Assessment Based on The National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. *Life (Basel).* 2023 Feb 19;13(2):581. <https://doi.org/10.3390/life13020581>. PMID: 36836938
- Harris E. Meta-analysis: Vitamin D Therapy Reduced Type 2 Diabetes. *JAMA.* 2023 Mar 7;329(9):703. <https://doi.org/10.1001/jama.2023.1550>. PMID: 36790836

- Hu T, Ren L, Li H, et al. Effects of Vitamin D supplementation or deficiency on metabolic phenotypes in mice of different sexes. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 May;229:106250. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106250>. Epub 2023 Jan 25. PMID: 36708934
- Huang YY, Zhang WS, Jiang CQ, et al. Mendelian randomization on the association of obesity with vitamin D: Guangzhou Biobank Cohort Study. *Eur J Clin Nutr.* 2023 Feb;77(2):195-201. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41430-022-01234-y>. Epub 2022 Nov 8. PMID: 36347947
- Khamisi S, Lundqvist M, Rasmusson AJ, et al. Vitamin D and bone metabolism in Graves' disease: a prospective study. *J Endocrinol Invest.* 2023 Feb;46(2):425-433. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40618-022-01927-y>. Epub 2022 Sep 27. PMID: 36166168
- Kinesya E, Santoso D, Gde Arya N, et al. Vitamin D as adjuvant therapy for diabetic foot ulcers: Systematic review and meta-analysis approach. *Clin Nutr ESPEN.* 2023 Apr;54:137-143. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clnesp.2023.01.011>. Epub 2023 Jan 20. PMID: 36963855
- Kocabas R. Effect of Vitamin D on YKL-40: Rat Hypercholesterolemia Model. *Korean Circ J.* 2023 Feb;53(2):92-102. <https://doi.org/10.4070/kcj.2022.0282>. PMID: 36792559
- Kwiendacz H, Nabrdalik K, Wijata AM, et al. Relationship of vitamin D deficiency to cardiovascular disease and glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: The Silesia Diabetes-Heart Project. *Pol Arch Intern Med.* 2023 Feb 27:16445. <https://doi.org/10.20452/pamw.16445>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36856666
- MacGirley R, Mokgalaboni K. The Effect of Vitamin D on Inflammation and Dyslipidemia in Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: Protocol for a Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. *JMIR Res Protoc.* 2023 Mar 14;12:e42193. <https://doi.org/10.2196/42193>. PMID: 36917169
- Maciejewska-Markiewicz D, Kochman J, Jakubczyk K, et al. Vitamin D Status in Patients before Thyroidectomy. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 6;24(4):3228. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24043228>. PMID: 36834638
- McKenna MJ, Flynn MAT. Preventing Type 2 Diabetes With Vitamin D: Therapy Versus Supplementation. *Ann Intern Med.* 2023 Mar;176(3):415-416. <https://doi.org/10.7326/M23-0220>. Epub 2023 Feb 7. PMID: 36745887
- Mesinovic J, Rodriguez AJ, Cervo MM, et al. Vitamin D supplementation and exercise for improving physical function, body composition and metabolic health in overweight or obese older adults with vitamin D deficiency: a pilot randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. *Eur J Nutr.* 2023 Mar;62(2):951-964. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00394-022-03038-z>. Epub 2022 Nov 4. PMID: 36333495
- Mohamed M, Zagury RL, Bhaskaran K, et al. A Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Crossover Study to Evaluate Postprandial Glucometabolic Effects of Mulberry Leaf Extract, Vitamin D, Chromium, and Fiber in People with Type 2 Diabetes. *Diabetes Ther.* 2023 Apr;14(4):749-766. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s13300-023-01379-4>. Epub 2023 Mar 1. PMID: 36855010
- Mohammed AA, El-Matty DMA, Abdel-Azeem R, et al. Allelic Discrimination of Vitamin D Receptor Polymorphisms and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: A Case-Controlled Study. *Healthcare (Basel).* 2023 Feb 7;11(4):485. <https://doi.org/10.3390/healthcare11040485>. PMID: 36833019
- Mun E, Lee Y, Lee W, et al. Effect of vitamin D deficiency on metabolic syndrome among Korean shift workers. *Scand J Work Environ Health.* 2023 Mar 1;49(2):126-135. <https://doi.org/10.5271/sjweh.4072>. Epub 2022 Nov 24. PMID: 36422573
- Musazadeh V, Kavyani Z, Mirhosseini N, et al. Effect of vitamin D supplementation on type 2 diabetes biomarkers: an umbrella of interventional meta-analyses. *Diabetol Metab Syndr.* 2023 Apr 19;15(1):76. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13098-023-01010-3>. PMID: 37072813
- Niakan Lahiji M, Moghaddam OM, Ameri F, et al. Relationship of Vitamin D level with insulin dosage required based on insulin therapy protocol. *Eur J Transl Myol.* 2023 Feb 3. <https://doi.org/10.4081/ejtm.2023.11017>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36786150
- Patel N, Mahoney R, Scott-Coombes D, et al. Prediction of long-term dependence on vitamin D analogues following total thyroidectomy for Graves' disease. *Ann R Coll Surg Engl.* 2023 Feb;105(2):157-161. <https://doi.org/10.1308/rcsann.2022.0007>. Epub 2022 Apr 21. PMID: 35446722
- Pereira ADS, Miron WV, Castro MFV, et al. Neuromodulatory effect of the combination of metformin and vitamin D3 triggered by purinergic signaling in type 1 diabetes induced-rats. *Mol Cell Endocrinol.* 2023 Mar 1;563:111852. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mce.2023.111852>. Epub 2023 Jan 16. PMID: 36657632
- Pieńkowska A, Janicka J, Duda M, et al. Controversial Impact of Vitamin D Supplementation on Reducing Insulin Resistance and Prevention of Type 2 Diabetes in Patients with Prediabetes: A Systematic Review. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 16;15(4):983. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15040983>. PMID: 36839340
- Pittas AG, Kawahara T, Jorde R, et al. Vitamin D and Risk for Type 2 Diabetes in People With Prediabetes: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of Individual Participant Data From 3 Randomized Clinical Trials. *Ann Intern Med.* 2023 Mar;176(3):355-363. <https://doi.org/10.7326/M22-3018>. Epub 2023 Feb 7. PMID: 36745886
- Rashidmayvan M, Khorasanchi Z, Nattagh-EshTVani E, et al. Association between Inflammatory Factors, Vitamin D, Long Non-Coding RNAs, MALAT1, and Adiponectin Antisense in Individuals with Metabolic Syndrome. *Mol Nutr Food Res.* 2023 Mar;67(5):e2200144. <https://doi.org/10.1002/mnfr.202200144>. Epub 2023 Jan 26. PMID: 36317460
- Serrano NC, Rojas LZ, Gamboa-Delgado EM, et al. Efficacy of vitamin D supplementation in reducing body mass index and lipid profile in healthy young adults in Colombia: a pilot randomised controlled clinical trial. Suárez DP, Salazar Acosta I, Romero SL, Forero M, Quintero-Lesmes DC. *J Nutr Sci.* 2023 Feb 22;12:e29. <https://doi.org/10.1017/jns.2022.108>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36843975
- Soto-Pedre E, Lin YY, Soto-Hernandez J, et al. Morbidity associated with primary hyperparathyroidism - A population-based study with a sub-analysis on Vitamin D. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab.* 2023 Feb 22:dgad103. <https://doi.org/10.1210/clinem/dgad103>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36810667
- Sun HL, Zhao T, Zhang DD, et al. Interac-

- tions of Vitamin D Receptor Polymorphisms with Hypertriglyceridemia and Obesity in Chinese Individuals Susceptible to Hypertension and Diabetes Comorbidity. *Biomed Environ Sci.* 2023 Feb 20;36(2):196-200. <https://doi.org/10.3967/bes2023.022>. PMID: 36861198
- Tang Y, Huang Y, Luo L, et al. Level of 25-hydroxyvitamin D and vitamin D receptor in diabetic foot ulcer and factor associated with diabetic foot ulcers. *Diabetol Metab Syndr.* 2023 Feb 24;15(1):30. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13098-023-01002-3>. PMID: 36829206
 - Tsitsou S, Dimosthenopoulos C, Eleftheriadou I, et al. Evaluation of Vitamin D Levels in Patients With Diabetic Foot Ulcers. *Int J Low Extrem Wounds.* 2023 Mar;22(1):27-35. <https://doi.org/10.1177/1534734620984584>. Epub 2021 Jan 3. PMID: 33390083
 - Vetrani C, Barrea L, Verde L, et al. Vitamin D and chronotype: is there any relationship in individuals with obesity? *J Endocrinol Invest.* 2023 May;46(5):1001-1008. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40618-022-01973-6>. Epub 2022 Dec 1. PMID: 36454438
 - Vilorio K, Nasteska D, Ast J, et al. GC-Globulin/Vitamin D-Binding Protein Is Required for Pancreatic α -Cell Adaptation to Metabolic Stress. *Diabetes.* 2023 Feb 1;72(2):275-289. <https://doi.org/10.2337/db22-0326>. PMID: 36445949
 - Vrysis C, Beneki E, Zintzaras E, et al. Correction: Assessment of the reporting quality of randomised controlled trials for vitamin D supplementation in autoimmune thyroid disorders based on the CONSORT statement. *Endocrine.* 2023 Mar 20. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-023-03345-3>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36940012
 - Wu M, Cai YL, Yang Y, et al. Vitamin D ameliorates insulin resistance-induced osteopenia by inactivating the nucleotide-binding oligomerization domain-like receptor protein 3 inflammasome. *Heliyon.* 2023 Jan 24;9(2):e13215. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heliyon.2023.e13215>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36816288
 - Yang Y, Yan S, Yao N, et al. Effects of vitamin D supplementation on the regulation of blood lipid levels in prediabetic subjects: A meta-analysis. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Mar 9;10:983515. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.983515>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36969817
 - Yoon SH, Meyer MB, Arevalo Rivas C, et al. A parathyroid hormone/salt-inducible kinase signaling axis controls renal vitamin D activation and organismal calcium homeostasis. *J Clin Invest.* 2023 Mar 2:e163627. <https://doi.org/10.1172/JCI163627>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36862513
 - Zhou Z, Nagashima T, Toda C, et al. Vitamin D supplementation is effective for olanzapine-induced dyslipidemia. *Front Pharmacol.* 2023 Feb 21;14:1135516. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fphar.2023.1135516>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36895943
- ## GASTROENTEROLOGIA
- Aggeletopoulou I, Marangos M, Assimakopoulos SF, et al. Vitamin D and Microbiome: Molecular Interaction in Inflammatory Bowel Disease Pathogenesis. *Am J Pathol.* 2023 Mar 1:S0002-9440(23)00055-X. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajpath.2023.02.004>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36868465
 - Bartolini D, Zatini L, Migni A, et al. TRANSCRIPTOMICS OF NATURAL AND SYNTHETIC VITAMIN D IN HUMAN HEPATOCYTE LIPOTOXICITY. *J Nutr Biochem.* 2023 Mar 22:109319. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jnutbio.2023.109319>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36963728
 - Benito LAO, Kogawa EM, Silva CMS, et al. Bariatric Surgery and Vitamin D: Trends in Older Women and Association with Clinical Features and VDR Gene Polymorphisms. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 4;15(4):799. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15040799>. PMID: 36839157
 - Bredenoord AJ. Eosinophilic esophagitis and the promise of vitamin D. *Gut.* 2023 May;72(5):812-813. <https://doi.org/10.1136/gutjnl-2022-328283>. Epub 2022 Sep 2. PMID: 37015752
 - Ciardullo S, Muraca E, Cannistraci R, et al. Low 25 (OH) vitamin D levels are associated with increased prevalence of nonalcoholic fatty liver disease and significant liver fibrosis. *Diabetes Metab Res Rev.* 2023 Feb 23:e3628. <https://doi.org/10.1002/dmrr.3628>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36815587
 - Dai C, Huang YH. Effectiveness of Vitamin D Supplementation on Disease Course in Inflammatory Bowel Disease Patients. *Inflamm Bowel Dis.* 2023 Apr 3;29(4):e14. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ibd/izad025>. PMID: 36799906
 - Du T, Xiang L, Zhang J, et al. Vitamin D improves hepatic steatosis in NAFLD via regulation of fatty acid uptake and β -oxidation. *Front Endocrinol (Lausanne).* 2023 Mar 22;14:1138078. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fendo.2023.1138078>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37033263
 - Erarslan AS, Ozmerdivenli R, Sirinyildiz F, et al. Therapeutic and prophylactic role of vitamin D and curcumin in acetic acid-induced acute ulcerative colitis model. *Toxicol Mech Methods.* 2023 Apr 2:1-10. <https://doi.org/10.1080/15376516.2023.2187729>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36872571
 - Fan X, Yin J, Yin J, et al. Comparison of the anti-inflammatory effects of vitamin E and vitamin D on a rat model of dextran sulfate sodium-induced ulcerative colitis. *Exp Ther Med.* 2023 Jan 13;25(2):98. <https://doi.org/10.3892/etm.2023.11797>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36761001
 - Giustina A, di Filippo L, Allora A, et al. Vitamin D and malabsorptive gastrointestinal conditions: A bidirectional relationship? *Rev Endocr Metab Disord.* 2023 Apr;24(2):121-138. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11154-023-09792-7>. Epub 2023 Feb 23. PMID: 36813995
 - Grinberg L, Dabbah Assadi F, et al. Beneficial Effect of Vitamin D on Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease (NAFLD) Progression in the Zebrafish Model. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 10;15(6):1362. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061362>. PMID: 36986092
 - Guo Y, Li X, Geng C, et al. Vitamin D receptor involves in the protection of intestinal epithelial barrier function via up-regulating SLC26A3. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 Mar;227:106231. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2022.106231>. Epub 2022 Nov 30. PMID: 36462760
 - Guo Y, Zhang T, Xu Y, et al. Effects of Medium- and Long-Chain Structured Triacylglycerol on the Therapeutic Efficacy of Vitamin D on Ulcerative Colitis: A Consideration for Efficient Lipid Delivery Systems. *J Agric Food Chem.* 2023 Mar 8;71(9):4101-4112. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jafc.2c07437>. Epub 2023 Feb 27. PMID: 36847830
 - Holick MF, Mazzei L, García Menéndez S, et al. Genomic or Non-Genomic? A Question about the Pleiotropic Roles of Vitamin D in Inflammatory-Based Diseases. *Nutri-*

- ents. 2023 Feb 2;15(3):767. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15030767>. PMID: 36771473
- Huang YQ, Liu JL, Chen GX, et al. Berberine Enhances Intestinal Mucosal Barrier Function by Promoting Vitamin D Receptor Activity. *Chin J Integr Med.* 2023 Apr 12. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11655-023-3547-x>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37046128
 - Kubota H, Ishizawa M, Kodama M, et al. Vitamin D Receptor Mediates Attenuating Effect of Lithocholic Acid on Dextran Sulfate Sodium Induced Colitis in Mice. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 9;24(4):3517. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24043517>. PMID: 36834927
 - Kumar M, Parchani A, Kant R, et al. Relationship Between Vitamin D Deficiency and Non-alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: A Cross-Sectional Study From a Tertiary Care Center in Northern India. *Cureus.* 2023 Feb 13;15(2):e34921. <https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.34921>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36938188
 - Linsalata M, Prospero L, Riezzo G, et al. Somatization is associated with altered serum levels of vitamin D, serotonin, and brain-derived neurotrophic factor in patients with predominant diarrhea irritable bowel syndrome. *Neurogastroenterol Motil.* 2023 Mar;35(3):e14512. <https://doi.org/10.1111/nmo.14512>. Epub 2022 Dec 15. PMID: 36520620
 - Mariano da Rocha CR, Filho GG, Kieling CO, et al. "Daily vitamin D supplementation improves vitamin D deficiency in patients with chronic liver disease". *J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr.* 2023 Mar 15. <https://doi.org/10.1097/MPG.0000000000003769>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36917843
 - Megahed A, Gadalla H, Abdelhamid FM, et al. Vitamin D Ameliorates the Hepatic Oxidative Damage and Fibrotic Effect Caused by Thioacetamide in Rats. *Biomedicines.* 2023 Feb 1;11(2):424. <https://doi.org/10.3390/biomedicines11020424>. PMID: 36830960
 - Valvano M, Vinci A, Latella G. Reply: Effectiveness of Vitamin D Supplementation on Disease Course in Inflammatory Bowel Disease Patients. *Inflamm Bowel Dis.* 2023 Apr 3;29(4):e15-e16. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ibd/izad028>. PMID: 36799908
 - Vernia F, Burrelli Scotti G, et al. Low Vitamin K and Vitamin D Dietary Intake in Patients with Inflammatory Bowel Diseases. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 30;15(7):1678. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071678>. PMID: 37049518
 - Zhang XL, Chen L, Yang J, et al. Vitamin D alleviates non-alcoholic fatty liver disease via restoring gut microbiota and metabolism. *Front Microbiol.* 2023 Feb 2;14:1117644. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2023.1117644>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36819064
 - Zhang Z, Burrows K, Fuller H, et al. Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease and Vitamin D in the UK Biobank: A Two-Sample Bidirectional Mendelian Randomisation Study. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 16;15(6):1442. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061442>. PMID: 36986172
- ### GINECOLOGIA OSTETRICIA
- [No authors listed] Expression of concern: "Calcium plus vitamin D supplementation influences biomarkers of inflammation and oxidative stress in overweight and vitamin D-deficient women with polycystic ovary syndrome: A randomized double-blind placebo-controlled clinical trial". *Clin Endocrinol (Oxf).* 2023 May;98(5):746. <https://doi.org/10.1111/cen.14892>. Epub 2023 Feb 27. PMID: 36852466
 - [No authors listed] The effects of vitamin D plus calcium supplementation on metabolic profiles, biomarkers of inflammation, oxidative stress and pregnancy outcomes in pregnant women at risk for preeclampsia. *J Hum Nutr Diet.* 2023 Feb 27. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jhn.13156>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36852456
 - Adrien N, Orta OR, Nestoridi E, et al. Early pregnancy vitamin D status and risk of select congenital anomalies in the National Birth Defects Prevention Study. *Birth Defects Res.* 2023 Feb 1;115(3):290-301. <https://doi.org/10.1002/bdr2.2101>. Epub 2022 Oct 6. PMID: 36203383
 - Amzajerdi A, Keshavarz M, Ghorbali E, et al. The effect of vitamin D on the severity of dysmenorrhea and menstrual blood loss: a randomized clinical trial. *BMC Womens Health.* 2023 Mar 27;23(1):138. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12905-023-02284-5>. PMID: 36973702
 - Aparicio A, Gold DR, Weiss ST, et al. Association of vitamin D level and maternal gut microbiome during pregnancy: Findings from a randomized controlled trial of antenatal vitamin D supplementation. *medRxiv.* 2023 Apr 5:2023.04.04.23288136. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2023.04.04.23288136>. Preprint. PMID: 37066333
 - Arjmand M, Abbasi H, Behforouz A. The effect of vitamin D on urgent urinary incontinence in postmenopausal women. *Int Urogynecol J.* 2023 Feb 24. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00192-023-05486-5>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36826518
 - Aul AJ, Fischer PR, Benson MR, et al. Infant and Maternal Vitamin D Supplementation: Clinician Perspectives and Practices. *J Am Board Fam Med.* 2023 Feb 8;36(1):95-104. <https://doi.org/10.3122/jabfm.2022.220244R1>. Epub 2022 Dec 2. PMID: 36460351
 - Aziz A, Shah M, Siraj S, et al. Association of vitamin D deficiency and vitamin D receptor (VDR) gene single-nucleotide polymorphism (rs7975232) with risk of preeclampsia. *Gynecol Endocrinol.* 2023 Dec;39(1):2146089. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09513590.2022.2146089>. Epub 2022 Nov 17. PMID: 36395814
 - Batur EB, Batur AF. Letter to the editor: Is vitamin D replacement effective in the treatment of postpartum urinary incontinence? *Int Urogynecol J.* 2023 Feb 27. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00192-023-05493-6>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36847785
 - Brusilovsky M, Rochman M, Shoda T, et al. Vitamin D receptor and STAT6 interactome governs oesophageal epithelial barrier responses to IL-13 signalling. *Gut.* 2023 May;72(5):834-845. <https://doi.org/10.1136/gutjnl-2022-327276>. Epub 2022 Aug 2. PMID: 35918104
 - Chen M, Li L, Chai Y, et al. Vitamin D can ameliorate premature ovarian failure by inhibiting neutrophil extracellular traps: A review. *Medicine (Baltimore).* 2023 Mar 31;102(13):e33417. <https://doi.org/10.1097/MD.00000000000033417>. PMID: 37000081
 - Devi P, Jhunjhunwala G, Morankar R, et al. Comments regarding a recently published longitudinal study "Maternal vitamin D status in pregnancy and molar incisor hypomineralisation and hypomineralised second primary molars in the offspring at 7-9 years of age". *Eur Arch Paediatr Dent.* 2023 Feb 10. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40368->

- 023-00784-4. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36763240
- Eller ABP, Ejzenberg D, Monteleone PAA, et al. Vitamin D and in vitro fertilization: a systematic review. *J Assist Reprod Genet.* 2023 Mar 8. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10815-023-02767-2>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36884205
 - Feketea G, Kostara M, Bumbacea RS, et al. Vitamin D and Omega-3 (Fatty Acid) Supplementation in Pregnancy for the Primary Prevention of Food Allergy in Children-Literature Review. *Children (Basel).* 2023 Feb 27;10(3):468. <https://doi.org/10.3390/children10030468>. PMID: 36980026
 - Fisher M, Marro L, Arbuckle TE, et al. Association between toxic metals, vitamin D and preterm birth in the Maternal-Infant research on environmental chemicals study. *Paediatr Perinat Epidemiol.* 2023 Mar 2. <https://doi.org/10.1111/ppe.12962>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36864001
 - Hasan HA, Barber TM, Cheaib S, et al. Preconception Vitamin D Level and In Vitro Fertilization: Pregnancy Outcome. *Endocr Pract.* 2023 Apr;29(4):235-239. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eprac.2023.01.005>. Epub 2023 Jan 12. PMID: 36642384
 - Holt R, Yahyavi SK, Kooij I, et al. Low serum anti-Müllerian hormone is associated with semen quality in infertile men and not influenced by vitamin D supplementation. *BMC Med.* 2023 Feb 28;21(1):79. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12916-023-02782-1>. PMID: 36855109
 - Huang YL, Pham TTM, Chen YC, et al. Effects of Climate, Sun Exposure, and Dietary Intake on Vitamin D Concentrations in Pregnant Women: A Population-Based Study. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 27;15(5):1182. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051182>. PMID: 36904183
 - Kurniadi A, Dewi AK, Sasotya RMS, et al. Effect of Vitamin D analog supplementation on levator ani strength and plasma Vitamin D receptor expression in uterine prolapse patients. *Sci Rep.* 2023 Mar 3;13(1):3616. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-30842-2>. PMID: 36869168
 - Le J, Lv ZH, Peng R, et al. Evaluation of Vitamin D Status and the Analysis of Risk Factors of Vitamin D Deficiency in Twin Pregnancies. *Lab Med.* 2023 Mar 4;Imad005. <https://doi.org/10.1093/labmed/Imad005>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36869835
 - Liu CC, Huang JP. Potential benefits of vitamin D supplementation on pregnancy. *J Formos Med Assoc.* 2023 Mar 14;S0929-6646(23)00058-X. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfma.2023.02.004>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36925361
 - Lütke-Dörhoff M, Schulz J, Westendarp H, et al. Effects of maternal and offspring treatment with two dietary sources of vitamin D on the mineral homeostasis, bone metabolism and locomotion of offspring fed protein- and phosphorus-reduced diets. *Arch Anim Nutr.* 2023 Feb 9:1-16. <https://doi.org/10.1080/1745039X.2023.2172310>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36757473
 - Malm G, Lindh CH, Hansson SR, et al. Maternal serum vitamin D level in early pregnancy and risk for preeclampsia: A case-control study in Southern Sweden. *PLoS One.* 2023 Feb 7;18(2):e0281234. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0281234>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36749741
 - Mata-Greenwood E, Westenburg HCA, Zamudio S, et al. Decreased Vitamin D Levels and Altered Placental Vitamin D Gene Expression at High Altitude: Role of Genetic Ancestry. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 8;24(4):3389. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24043389>. PMID: 36834800
 - Meng X, Zhang J, Wan Q, et al. Influence of Vitamin D supplementation on reproductive outcomes of infertile patients: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Reprod Biol Endocrinol.* 2023 Feb 3;21(1):17. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12958-023-01068-8>. PMID: 36737817
 - Mojtahedi SF, Mohammadzadeh A, Mohammadzadeh F, et al. Association between bacterial vaginosis and 25-Hydroxy vitamin D: a case-control study. *BMC Infect Dis.* 2023 Apr 6;23(1):208. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12879-023-08120-3>. PMID: 37024856
 - Moldassarina RS, Manabayeva GK, Akyulzhanova ZY, et al. The importance of vitamin D in the diagnosis and treatment of adenomyosis. *Mol Cell Biochem.* 2023 Mar;478(3):571-579. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11010-022-04533-x>. Epub 2022 Aug 11. PMID: 35951150
 - Morshed-Behbahani B, Doryanizadeh L, Shahali S, et al. Effect of and the association between vitamin D and outcomes of assisted reproductive techniques among infertile men and women: protocol for an overview of systematic reviews and meta-analysis. *BMJ Open.* 2023 Mar 7;13(3):e060483. <https://doi.org/10.1136/bmjopen-2021-060483>. PMID: 36882256
 - Mwafy SN, Abed El-Nabi SR, Laqqan MM, et al. The impact of vitamin D deficiency on some biochemical parameters and clinical outcome in Palestinian pregnant women during the first trimester. *PLoS One.* 2023 Mar 30;18(3):e0283392. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0283392>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36996084
 - Nakajima H, Sakamoto Y, Honda Y, et al. Estimation of the vitamin D (VD) status of pregnant Japanese women based on food intake and VD synthesis by solar UV-B radiation using a questionnaire and UV-B observations. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 May;229:106272. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106272>. Epub 2023 Feb 10. PMID: 36775044
 - Rashidi N, Arefi S, Sadri M, et al. Effect of active vitamin D on proliferation, cell cycle and apoptosis in endometriotic stromal cells. *Reprod Biomed Online.* 2023 Mar;46(3):436-445. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rbmo.2022.11.009>. Epub 2022 Nov 18. PMID: 36588053
 - Sarebani Z, Chegini V, Chen H, et al. Effect of vitamin D vaginal suppository on sexual functioning among postmenopausal women: a three-arm randomized controlled clinical trial. *Obstet Gynecol Sci.* 2023 Feb 24. <https://doi.org/10.5468/ogs.22038>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36825329
 - Sun XY, Chen YL, Zeng L, et al. [Correlation analysis of vitamin D level and anti-Müllerian hormone in infertile female and the role in predicting pregnancy outcome]. *Beijing Da Xue Xue Bao Yi Xue Ban.* 2023 Feb 18;55(1):167-173. <https://doi.org/10.19723/j.issn.1671-167X.2023.01.026>. PMID: 36718707
 - Varshney S, Adela R, Kachhawa G, et al. Disrupted placental vitamin D metabolism and calcium signaling in gestational diabetes and pre-eclampsia patients. *Endocrine.* 2023 Apr;80(1):191-200. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-022-03272-9>. Epub 2022 Dec 8. PMID: 36477942
 - Vestergaard AL, Christensen M, Andreasen MF, et al. Vitamin D in pregnancy (GRAV-

- ITD) - a randomised controlled trial identifying associations and mechanisms linking maternal Vitamin D deficiency to placental dysfunction and adverse pregnancy outcomes - study protocol. *BMC Pregnancy Childbirth*. 2023 Mar 15;23(1):177. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12884-023-05484-x>. PMID: 36922777
- Yu Z, Sun Y, Wang P, et al. Does vitamin D level associate with pregnancy outcomes in Chinese women undergoing in vitro fertilization/intracytoplasmic sperm injection-embryo transfer? A retrospective cohort study. *J Obstet Gynaecol Res*. 2023 Mar;49(3):835-845. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jog.15521>. Epub 2022 Dec 19. PMID: 36536193
 - Zhang B, Yao X, Zhong X, et al. Vitamin D supplementation in the treatment of polycystic ovary syndrome: A meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Heliyon*. 2023 Mar 8;9(3):e14291. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heliyon.2023.e14291>. eCollection 2023 Mar. PMID: 36942243
- ## IMMUNOLOGIA
- Abdelmalak MFL, Abdelrahim DS, George Michael TMA, et al. Vitamin D and lactoferrin attenuate stress-induced colitis in Wistar rats via enhancing AMPK expression with inhibiting mTOR-STAT3 signaling and modulating autophagy. *Cell Biochem Funct*. 2023 Mar;41(2):211-222. <https://doi.org/10.1002/cbf.3774>. Epub 2023 Jan 1. PMID: 36588325
 - Acen EL, Worodria W, Kateete DP, et al. Association of circulating serum free bioavailable and total vitamin D with cathelicidin levels among active TB patients and household contacts. *Sci Rep*. 2023 Apr 1;13(1):5365. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-32543-2>. PMID: 37005478
 - Antonelli MJ, Kushner I, Epstein M. The constellation of vitamin D, the acute-phase response, and inflammation. *Cleve Clin J Med*. 2023 Feb 1;90(2):85-89. <https://doi.org/10.3949/ccjm.90a.22048>. PMID: 36724912
 - Antony Dhanapal ACT, Vimalaswaran KS. Vitamin D supplementation and immune-related markers: An update from nutrigenetic and nutrigenomic studies - CORRIGENDUM. *Br J Nutr*. 2023 Feb 14;129(3):552. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S000711452200366X>. Epub 2022 Dec 5. PMID: 36468777
 - Aribi M, Mennechet FJD, Touil-Boukoffa C. Editorial: The role of vitamin D as an immunomodulator. *Front Immunol*. 2023 Mar 28;14:1186635. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fimmu.2023.1186635>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37056773
 - Bader DA, Abed A, Mohammad BA, et al. The Effect of Weekly 50,000 IU Vitamin D3 Supplements on the Serum Levels of Selected Cytokines Involved in Cytokine Storm: A Randomized Clinical Trial in Adults with Vitamin D Deficiency. *Nutrients*. 2023 Feb 27;15(5):1188. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051188>. PMID: 36904187
 - Berghaus UJ, Cathcart J, Berghaus RD, et al. Age-related changes in vitamin D metabolism and vitamin D receptor expression in equine alveolar macrophages: A preliminary study. *Vet Immunol Immunopathol*. 2023 Apr 5;259:110593. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.vetimm.2023.110593>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37030152
 - Cantorna MT, Arora J. Two lineages of immune cells that differentially express the vitamin D receptor. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol*. 2023 Apr;228:106253. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106253>. Epub 2023 Jan 16. PMID: 36657728
 - Castillo JA, Urcuqui-Inchima S. Vitamin D modulates inflammatory response of DENV-2-infected macrophages by inhibiting the expression of inflammatory-like miRNAs. *Pathog Glob Health*. 2023 Mar;117(2):167-180. <https://doi.org/10.1080/20477724.2022.2101840>. Epub 2022 Jul 19. PMID: 35850625
 - Chen X, Zhang Q, Song T, et al. Vitamin D deficiency triggers intrinsic apoptosis by impairing SPP1-dependent antiapoptotic signaling in chronic hematogenous osteomyelitis. *Gene*. 2023 Apr 5;870:147388. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gene.2023.147388>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37024063
 - Delrue C, Speeckaert R, Delanghe JR, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency: An Underestimated Factor in Sepsis? *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Feb 2;24(3):2924. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24032924>. PMID: 36769240
 - Flores-Villalva S, Reid C, Remot A, et al. Long term dietary vitamin D3 supplementation impacts both microbicidal and inflammatory responses to ex-vivo *Mycobacterium bovis* BCG challenge in dairy calves. *Vet Immunol Immunopathol*. 2023 Apr;258:110575. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.vetimm.2023.110575>. Epub 2023 Feb 20. PMID: 36848773
 - Flores-Villalva S, Remot A, Carreras F, et al. Vitamin D induced microbicidal activity against *Mycobacterium bovis* BCG is dependent on the synergistic activity of bovine peripheral blood cell populations. *Vet Immunol Immunopathol*. 2023 Feb;256:110536. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.vetimm.2022.110536>. Epub 2022 Dec 16. PMID: 36586390
 - Gallo D, Baci D, Kustrimovic N, et al. How Does Vitamin D Affect Immune Cells Crosstalk in Autoimmune Diseases? *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Feb 28;24(5):4689. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24054689>. PMID: 36902117
 - Ghazavi H, Hashemi SM, Jafari S. The Effect of Vitamin D Supplement on the Relapsing Incidence of Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyposis after Functional Endoscopic Sinus Surgery. *Adv Biomed Res*. 2023 Feb 25;12:29. https://doi.org/10.4103/abr.abr_237_21. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37057244
 - Gottlieb C, Henrich M, Liu PT, et al. High-Throughput CAMP Assay (HiTCA): A Novel Tool for Evaluating the Vitamin D-Dependent Antimicrobial Response. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 13;15(6):1380. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061380>. PMID: 36986109
 - Hamza FN, Daher S, Fakhoury HMA, et al. Immunomodulatory Properties of Vitamin D in the Intestinal and Respiratory Systems. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 30;15(7):1696. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071696>. PMID: 37049536
 - Johnson CR, Thacher TD. Vitamin D: immune function, inflammation, infections and auto-immunity. *Paediatr Int Child Health*. 2023 Mar 1:1-11. <https://doi.org/10.1080/20469047.2023.2171759>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36857810
 - Knihtilä HM, Huang M, Prince N, et al. Maternal vitamin D status modifies the effects of early life tobacco exposure on child lung function. *J Allergy Clin Immunol*. 2023 Feb;151(2):556-564. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jaci.2022.10.030>. Epub 2022 Nov 16. PMID: 36400177
 - Koller K, Matos Teixeira Fonseca K, Areco KN, et al. Serum Vitamin D Levels as Bio-

- markers in Patients with Autoimmune Uveitis and their Possible Correlation with Disease Activity. *Ocul Immunol Inflamm.* 2023 Mar 21;1-8. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09273948.2023.2184699>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36943728
- Li H, Xie X, Bai G, et al. Vitamin D deficiency leads to the abnormal activation of the complement system. *Immunol Res.* 2023 Feb;71(1):29-38. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12026-022-09324-6>. Epub 2022 Sep 30. PMID: 36178657
 - Lisowska-Myjak B, Skarżyńska E, Jakimiuk A. Links Between Vitamin D-Binding Protein, Alpha-1 Antitrypsin and Neutrophil Proteins in Meconium. *Cell Physiol Biochem.* 2023 Feb 7;57(1):15-22. <https://doi.org/10.33594/000000604>. PMID: 36751131
 - Liu X, Wu Y, Li Y, et al. Vitamin D receptor (VDR) mediates the quiescence of activated hepatic stellate cells (aHSCs) by regulating M2 macrophage exosomal smooth muscle cell-associated protein 5 (SMAP-5). *J Zhejiang Univ Sci B.* 2023 Mar 15;24(3):248-261. <https://doi.org/10.1631/jzus.B2200383>. PMID: 36916000
 - Lu HC, Lin T, Ng MY, et al. Anti-inflammatory effects of vitamin D in human gingival fibroblasts with advanced glycation end product stimulation. *J Dent Sci.* 2023 Apr;18(2):666-673. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jds.2022.10.003>. Epub 2022 Oct 26. PMID: 37021258
 - Madsen PA, Etheve S, Heegaard PMH, et al. Influence of vitamin D metabolites on vitamin D status, immunity and gut health of piglets. *Vet Immunol Immunopathol.* 2023 Mar;257:110557. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.vetimm.2023.110557>. Epub 2023 Jan 24. PMID: 36709572
 - Mahmoudi H, Keramat F, Saidijam M, et al. Polymorphisms in vitamin D receptor genes and its relation with susceptibility to brucellosis: a case-control study. *Mol Biol Rep.* 2023 Mar;50(3):2077-2083. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11033-022-08195-2>. Epub 2022 Dec 21. PMID: 36542233
 - Mattrasongkram P, Wongkaewkhiaw S, Taweechaisupapong S, et al. Vitamin D (1 α ,25(OH)2D3) supplementation minimized multinucleated giant cells formation and inflammatory response during *Burkholderia pseudomallei* infection in human lung epithelial cells. *PLoS One.* 2023 Feb 9;18(2):e0280944. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0280944>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36758060
 - Pham H, Waterhouse M, Baxter C, et al. Vitamin D supplementation and hospitalization for infection in older adults: A post-hoc analysis of data from the Australian D-Health Trial. *Am J Clin Nutr.* 2023 Feb;117(2):350-356. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajcnut.2022.11.015>. Epub 2022 Dec 23. PMID: 36811576
 - Rynikova M, Adamkova P, Hradicka P, et al. Transcriptomic Analysis of Macrophage Polarization Protocols: Vitamin D3 or IL-4 and IL-13 Do Not Polarize THP-1 Monocytes into Reliable M2 Macrophages. *Biomedicines.* 2023 Feb 17;11(2):608. <https://doi.org/10.3390/biomedicines11020608>. PMID: 36831144
 - Shrestha D, Bista M. Association Between Vitamin D Deficiency and Recurrent Tonsillitis. *J Nepal Health Res Council.* 2023 Mar 10;20(3):731-733. <https://doi.org/10.33314/jnhrc.v20i3.4223>. PMID: 36974865
- ### LABORATORIO
- Alonso N, Zelzer S, Eibinger G, et al. Vitamin D Metabolites: Analytical Challenges and Clinical Relevance. *Calcif Tissue Int.* 2023 Feb;112(2):158-177. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00223-022-00961-5>. Epub 2022 Mar 3. PMID: 35238975
 - Anusha T, Bhavani KS, Hassan RYA, et al. Ferrocene tagged primary antibody generates electrochemical signal: An electrochemical immunosensing platform for the monitoring of vitamin D deficiency in clinical samples. *Int J Biol Macromol.* 2023 Mar 31;239:124269. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2023.124269>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37003374
 - Bagheri N, Al Lawati HAJ, Hassanzadeh J, et al. Novel amino-functionalized magnetic metal-organic framework/layered double hydroxide adsorbent for microfluidic solid phase extraction: Application for vitamin D3. *Talanta.* 2023 May 1;256:124272. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2023.124272>. Epub 2023 Jan 19. PMID: 36709712
 - Çağlayan M, Gonel A, Tat TS, et al. False negative effect of high triglycerides concentration on vitamin D levels: A big data study. *J Med Biochem.* 2023 Mar 15;42(2):296-303. <https://doi.org/10.5937/jomb0-40106>. PMID: 36987420
 - Carlberg C, Raczyk M, Zawrotna N. Vitamin D: A master example of nutrigenomics. *Redox Biol.* 2023 Apr 5;62:102695. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.redox.2023.102695>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37043983
 - Gezen-Ak D, Alaylıoğlu M, Yurttaş Z, et al. Vitamin D receptor regulates transcription of mitochondrial DNA and directly interacts with mitochondrial DNA and TFAM. *J Nutr Biochem.* 2023 Mar 23;116:109322. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jnutbio.2023.109322>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36963731
 - Gómez-Bouzó U, Belorusova AY, Rivadulla ML, et al. Structural analysis and biological activities of C25-amino and C25-nitro vitamin D analogs. *Bioorg Chem.* 2023 Apr 6;136:106528. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bioorg.2023.106528>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37054528
 - Herrmann M. Assessing vitamin D metabolism - four decades of experience. *Clin Chem Lab Med.* 2023 Jan 16;61(5):880-894. <https://doi.org/10.1515/cclm-2022-1267>. Print 2023 Apr 25. PMID: 36639845
 - Justin Margret J, Jain SK. Overview of gene expression techniques with an emphasis on vitamin D related studies. *Curr Med Res Opin.* 2023 Feb;39(2):205-217. <https://doi.org/10.1080/03007995.2022.2159148>. Epub 2022 Dec 28. PMID: 36537177
 - Kim T, Lee J, Lee JP, et al. Screening of novel peptides that specifically interact with vitamin D bound biocomplex proteins. *Sci Rep.* 2023 Feb 6;13(1):2116. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-28881-w>. PMID: 36746976
 - Kise S, Iijima A, Nagao C, et al. Functional analysis of vitamin D receptor (VDR) using adenovirus vector. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 Feb 26;230:106275. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106275>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36854350
 - Lee JH, Gwon MR, Park JS, et al. Metabolomic analysis of the inhibitory effect of phthalates and bisphenol A on the antioxidant activity of vitamin D in human samples using liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry. *J Chromatogr B Analyt Technol Biomed Life Sci.* 2023 Mar 21;1221:123687. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jchromb.2023.123687>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37001203

- Li H, Xie X, Zhang L, et al. Ultra-high-performance liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry analysis of serum metabolomic characteristics in people with different vitamin D levels. *Open Med (Wars)*. 2023 Mar 1;18(1):20230658. <https://doi.org/10.1515/med-2023-0658>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36874363
- Stephenson AJ, Hunter B, Shaw PN, et al. A highly sensitive LC-MS/MS method for quantitative determination of 7 vitamin D metabolites in mouse brain tissue. *Anal Bioanal Chem*. 2023 Mar;415(7):1357-1369. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00216-023-04527-8>. Epub 2023 Jan 27. PMID: 36705732
- Tuma C, Thomas A, Braun H, et al. Quantification of 25-hydroxyvitamin D2 and D3 in Mitra® devices with volumetric absorptive microsampling technology (VAMS®) by UHPLC-HRMS for regular vitamin D status monitoring. *J Pharm Biomed Anal*. 2023 May 10;228:115314. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpba.2023.115314>. Epub 2023 Mar 1. PMID: 36870118
- Żurek G, Przybyło M, Witkiewicz W, et al. Novel Approach for the Approximation of Vitamin D3 Pharmacokinetics from In Vivo Absorption Studies. *Pharmaceutics*. 2023 Feb 27;15(3):783. <https://doi.org/10.3390/pharmaceutics15030783>. PMID: 36986644
- Li H, Xie X, Zhang L, et al. Impact of pulses, starches and meat on vitamin D and K post-prandial responses in mice. *Food Chem*. 2023 Feb 15;402:133922. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2022.133922>. Epub 2022 Aug 10. PMID: 36162171
- Avila PC. Is It Time to Supplement Vitamin D and Fish Oil Prenatally to Prevent Offspring Croup? *J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract*. 2023 Mar;11(3):920-921. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jaip.2023.01.003>. PMID: 36894281
- Bergman P. Authors reply: Low vitamin D is a marker for poor health and increased risk for disease - but causality is still unclear in most cases. *J Intern Med*. 2023 Mar 5. <https://doi.org/10.1111/joim.13622>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36871252
- Bergman P. Low vitamin D is a marker for poor health and increased risk for disease: But causality is still unclear in most cases. *J Intern Med*. 2023 Mar;293(3):272-274. <https://doi.org/10.1111/joim.13582>. Epub 2022 Oct 27. PMID: 36305051
- Bezuglov E, Shoshorina M, Lazarev A, et al. Does vitamin D affect strength and speed characteristics and testosterone concentration in elite young track and field athletes in the North European summer? *Nutr J*. 2023 Mar 8;22(1):16. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12937-023-00848-7>. PMID: 36882800
- Blakely LP, Wells TL, Kweh MF, et al. Effect of vitamin D source and amount on vitamin D status and response to endotoxin challenge. *J Dairy Sci*. 2023 Feb;106(2):912-926. <https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2022-22354>. Epub 2022 Dec 19. PMID: 36543639
- Bouillon R, Quesada Gomez JM. Comparison of calcifediol with vitamin D for prevention or cure of vitamin D deficiency. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol*. 2023 Apr;228:106248. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106248>. Epub 2023 Jan 13. PMID: 36646151
- Burkhardt R. Vitamin D: review of physiology and clinical uses. *Minerva Endocrinol (Torino)*. 2023 Mar;48(1):88-105. <https://doi.org/10.23736/S2724-6507.22.03652-1>. PMID: 36920117
- Calim A. Risk of Hypercalcemia in the Elderly Patients with Hypervitaminosis D and Vitamin D Intoxication. *Clin Lab*. 2023 Mar 1;69(3). <https://doi.org/10.7754/Clin.Lab.2022.220518>. PMID: 36912306
- Çalık Başaran N, Kıracağı D, Tan Ç, et al. Ocular Changes and Tear Cytokines in Individuals with Low Serum Vitamin D Levels: A Cross-Sectional, Controlled Study. *Ocul Immunol Inflamm*. 2023 Feb 2:1-8. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09273948.2023.2168698>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36731535
- Calvo MS. Lessons Learned from a Randomized Controlled Trial with Vitamin D Fortified Milk in Colombian Adolescents: Importance to Vitamin D Fortification Policies in Latin America. *J Nutr*. 2023 Apr;153(4):917-919. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tjnut.2023.02.006>. Epub 2023 Feb 13. PMID: 36792032
- Cardwell G, Bornman JF, James AP, et al. The Retention of Vitamin D2 and 25-Hydroxyvitamin D2 in Pulse UV-Irradiated Dried Button Mushrooms (*Agaricus bisporus*) after 12 Months of Storage. *Foods*. 2023 Mar 28;12(7):1429. <https://doi.org/10.3390/foods12071429>. PMID: 37048250
- Cereda E, Guzzardella A, Tamayo L, et al. Potential benefits of using an energy-dense, high-protein formula enriched with β -hydroxy- β -methylbutyrate, fructo-oligosaccharide, and vitamin D for enteral feeding in the ICU: A pilot case-control study in COVID-19 patients. *Nutrition*. 2023 Feb;106:111901. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nut.2022.111901>. Epub 2022 Nov 2. PMID: 36470115
- Chauhan K, Shahrokhi M, Huecker MR. Vitamin D. 2023 Mar 3. In: *StatPearls [Internet]*. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2023 Jan-. PMID: 28722941 Free Books & Documents.
- Chen D, Tang H, Li Y, et al. Vitamin D3 and *Lactobacillus rhamnosus* GG/p40 Synergize to Protect Mice From Colitis by Promoting Vitamin D Receptor Expression and Epithelial Proliferation. *Inflamm Bowel Dis*. 2023 Apr 3;29(4):620-632. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ibd/izac238>. PMID: 36562589
- Cobb LH, Bailey VO, Liu YF, et al. Relationship of vitamin D levels with clinical presentation and recurrence of BPPV in a Southeastern United States institution. *Auris Nasus Larynx*. 2023 Feb;50(1):70-80. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.anl.2022.05.011>. Epub 2022 Jun 2. PMID: 35659787
- Ammar M, Heni S, Tira MS, et al. Variability in response to vitamin D supplementation according to vitamin D metabolism related gene polymorphisms in healthy adults. *Eur J Clin Nutr*. 2023 Feb;77(2):189-194. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41430-022-01218-y>. Epub 2022 Sep 27. PMID: 36167979
- Anagnostis P, Livadas S, Goulis DG, et al. EMAS position statement: Vitamin D and menopausal health. *Maturitas*. 2023 Mar;169:2-9. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.maturitas.2022.12.006>. Epub 2022 Dec 21. PMID: 36566517
- Antoine T, El Aoud A, Alvarado-Ra-

- Colonetti T, Grande AJ, da Rocha FR, et al. Whey protein and vitamin D supplementation in institutionalized older adults: A randomized trial. *Nutr Health.* 2023 Mar;29(1):129-138. <https://doi.org/10.1177/02601060211060665>. Epub 2021 Dec 13. PMID: 34894861
- Dědečková E, Viták R, Jirásko M, et al. Vitamin D3 Supplementation: Comparison of 1000 IU and 2000 IU Dose in Healthy Individuals. *Life (Basel).* 2023 Mar 16;13(3):808. <https://doi.org/10.3390/life13030808>. PMID: 36983963
- Delrue C, Speeckaert MM. Vitamin D and Vitamin D-Binding Protein in Health and Disease. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 28;24(5):4642. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24054642>. PMID: 36902073
- Dierkes J, Eggersdorfer M. Oral supplementation of vitamin D is safe and can be an effective strategy to fill the nutritional gap. *J Nutr Sci.* 2023 Mar 9;12:e34. <https://doi.org/10.1017/jns.2023.1>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37008418
- Draxler A, Franzke B, Kelecevic S, et al. The influence of vitamin D supplementation and strength training on health biomarkers and chromosomal damage in community-dwelling older adults. *Redox Biol.* 2023 May;61:102640. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.redox.2023.102640>. Epub 2023 Feb 21. PMID: 36857929
- Espersen R, Ejlsmark-Svensson H, Madsen LR, et al. Influence of food matrix delivery system on the bioavailability of vitamin D3: A randomized crossover trial in postmenopausal women. *Nutrition.* 2023 Mar;107:111911. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nut.2022.111911>. Epub 2022 Nov 12. PMID: 36563435
- Falzone L. Role of vitamin D in health and disease: how diet may improve vitamin D absorption. *Int J Food Sci Nutr.* 2023 Apr 14;1-3. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09637486.2023.2199179>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37057375
- Fantini C, Corinaldesi C, Lenzi A, et al. Vitamin D as a Shield against Aging. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 25;24(5):4546. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24054546>. PMID: 36901976
- Gallagher JC, Rosen CJ. Vitamin D: 100 years of discoveries, yet controversy continues. *Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol.* 2023 Mar 30;S2213-8587(23)00060-8. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S2213-8587\(23\)00060-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/S2213-8587(23)00060-8). Online ahead of print. PMID: 37004709
- Gorimanipalli B, Shetty R, Sethu S, et al. Vitamin D and eye: Current evidence and practice guidelines. *Indian J Ophthalmol.* 2023 Apr;71(4):1127-1134. https://doi.org/10.4103/IJO.IJO_3174_22. PMID: 37026244
- Grant WB, Boucher BJ. Regarding: Low vitamin D is a marker for poor health and increased risk for disease: But causality is still unclear in most cases. *J Intern Med.* 2023 Feb 22. <https://doi.org/10.1111/joim.13621>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36814179
- Hardatt D, Dahiya M, Vyas S, et al. Effect of Vitamin D on Retinoblastoma Protein in Prediabetic Individuals. *Curr Diabetes Rev.* 2023 Mar 31. <https://doi.org/10.2174/1573399819666230331083715>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37005543
- Hasan M, Oster M, Reyer H, et al. Efficacy of dietary vitamin D3 and 25(OH)D3 on reproductive capacities, growth performance, immunity and bone development in pigs. *Br J Nutr.* 2023 Feb 27;1-10. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0007114523000442>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36847163
- Hasan M, Oster M, Reyer H, et al. Efficacy of dietary vitamin D3 and 25(OH)D3 on reproductive capacities, growth performance, immunity, and bone development in pigs – CORRIGENDUM. *Br J Nutr.* 2023 Mar 27;1. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S000711452300079X>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36967298
- Hassanin HM, Ismail OI. Could vitamin D protect against high fat diet induced damage in the arcuate nucleus in the rat: histological, immunohistochemical and ultrastructural study. *Ultrastruct Pathol.* 2023 Mar 29;1-12. <https://doi.org/10.1080/01913123.2023.2195484>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36992558
- Huggins B, Farris M. Vitamin D3 promotes longevity in *Caenorhabditis elegans*. *Geroscience.* 2023 Feb;45(1):345-358. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11357-022-00637-w>. Epub 2022 Aug 24. PMID: 36001277
- Huiberts LM, Smolders KCHJ, van der Zande BMI, et al. Using a low-dose ultraviolet-B lighting solution during working hours: An explorative investigation towards the effectivity in maintaining healthy vitamin D levels. *PLoS One.* 2023 Mar 31;18(3):e0283176. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0283176>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37000809
- Jodar E, Campusano C, de Jongh RT, et al. Calcifediol: a review of its pharmacological characteristics and clinical use in correcting vitamin D deficiency. *Eur J Nutr.* 2023 Mar 2;1-19. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00394-023-03103-1>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36862209
- Kaur J, Kaur S, Vandana, et al. To evaluate the association between serum concentration of vitamin D and chronic periodontitis in non-menopausal females: A clinico biochemical study. *Curr Drug Saf.* 2023 Feb 28. <https://doi.org/10.2174/1574886318666230228085220>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36852786
- Khan M, Sylvester FA. Has Vitamin D Lost It's (Sun) Shine? *J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr.* 2023 Apr 1;76(4):404-406. <https://doi.org/10.1097/MPG.0000000000003722>. Epub 2023 Jan 25. PMID: 36705664
- Klemann N, Walther B, Matuschka FR, et al. The stop-feed effect of cholecalciferol (vitamin D3) and the efficacy of brodifacoum combined with cholecalciferol in Y139C-resistant Norway rats (*Rattus norvegicus*). *J Pest Sci (2004).* 2023 Feb 23;1-10. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10340-023-01600-0>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36855526
- Krul-Poel YHM, Lems WF, de Jongh RT. [Vitamin D supplementation not useful for all older people]. *Ned Tijdschr Geneeskd.* 2023 Mar 16;167:D7208. PMID: 36928430 Dutch
- Kumar A, Shankar S, Arora A, et al. Association of serum vitamin D levels with clinical spectrum of central serous chorioretinopathy patients of Indian origin. *Photodiagnosis Photodyn Ther.* 2023 Mar;41:103281. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pdpdt.2023.103281>. Epub 2023 Jan 7. PMID: 36627071
- Liu C, Chen L. Letter to the editor, "Effects of vitamin D deficiency on blood lipids and bone metabolism: a large cross-sectional study". *J Orthop Surg Res.* 2023 Apr 18;18(1):307. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13018-023-03773-x>. PMID: 37072808
- Gallagher JC, Rosen CJ. Vitamin D: 100 years of discoveries, yet controversy continues.

- Liu S, Kong L, Huang T, et al. Encapsulation in Amylose Inclusion Complex Enhances the Stability and Release of Vitamin D. *Nutrients*. 2023 Feb 23;15(5):1111. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15051111>. PMID: 36904111
- Lopez-Carmona F, Toro-Ruiz A, Gomez-Guzman M, et al. Community pharmacy is the key to improving vitamin D levels. *Explor Res Clin Soc Pharm*. 2023 Jan 18;9:100224. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rcsop.2023.100224>. eCollection 2023 Mar. PMID: 36793797
- Lu EM. The role of vitamin D in periodontal health and disease. *J Periodontol Res*. 2023 Apr;58(2):213-224. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jre.13083>. Epub 2022 Dec 20. PMID: 36537578
- Marañón-Vásquez G, Küchler EC, Hermann S, et al. Association between genetic variants in key vitamin-D-pathway genes and external apical root resorption linked to orthodontic treatment. *Eur J Oral Sci*. 2023 Apr;131(2):e12916. <https://doi.org/10.1111/eos.12916>. Epub 2023 Jan 22. PMID: 36683003
- McCourt AF, Mulrooney SL, O'Neill GJ, et al. Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D response to vitamin D supplementation using different lipid delivery systems in middle-aged and older adults: a randomised controlled trial. *Br J Nutr*. 2023 Mar 13;110:1-10. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0007114523000636>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36912075
- Mehdawi A, Mohammad BA, Mosleh I, et al. Combined Effect of Omega-3 Fatty Acid and Vitamin D 3 on Oxidized LDL-C and Non-HDL-C Levels in People With Vitamin D Deficiency: A Randomized Controlled Trial. *J Cardiovasc Pharmacol*. 2023 Apr 1;81(4):251-258. <https://doi.org/10.1097/FJC.0000000000001398>. PMID: 36630694
- Meyer MB, Bernal-Mizrachi C, Bikle DD, et al. Highlights from the 24th workshop on vitamin D in Austin, September 2022. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol*. 2023 Apr;228:106247. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106247>. Epub 2023 Jan 10. PMID: 36639037
- Minich DM, Henning M, Darley C, et al. Reply to Pluta, R. Comment on "Minich et al. Is Melatonin the "Next Vitamin D"? A Review of Emerging Science, Clinical Uses, Safety, and Dietary Supplements. *Nutrients* 2022, 14, 3934". *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 21;15(6):1507. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061507>. PMID: 36986237
- Najjaran M, Zarei-Ghanavati S, Arjmand Askari E, et al. Effect of oral vitamin D supplementation on dry eye disease patients with vitamin D deficiency. *Clin Exp Optom*. 2023 Apr;106(3):257-262. <https://doi.org/10.1080/08164622.2022.2033601>. Epub 2022 Feb 21. PMID: 35188874
- Neill HR, Gill CIR, McDonald EJ, et al. Bioavailability of vitamin D biofortified pork meat: results of an acute human crossover study in healthy adults. *Int J Food Sci Nutr*. 2023 Feb 26;1-12. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09637486.2023.2182256>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36843327
- Neill HR, Gill CIR, McDonald EJ, et al. Improving vitamin D content in pork meat by UVB biofortification. *Meat Sci*. 2023 May;199:109115. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.meatsci.2023.109115>. Epub 2023 Jan 14. PMID: 36753832
- Nocini R, Henry BM, Mattiuzzi C, et al. Serum Vitamin D Concentration Is Lower in Patients with Tinnitus: A Meta-Analysis of Observational Studies. *Diagnostics (Basel)*. 2023 Mar 8;13(6):1037. <https://doi.org/10.3390/diagnostics13061037>. PMID: 36980345
- Oku Y, Noda S, Yamada A, et al. Vitamin D restriction and/or a high-fat diet influence intestinal alkaline phosphatase activity and serum endotoxin concentration, increasing the risk of metabolic endotoxemia in rats. *Nutr Res*. 2023 Apr;112:20-29. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nutres.2023.02.002>. Epub 2023 Feb 23. PMID: 36934524
- Öztürk ÖH, Tacal AB, Eken BF, et al. Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in IL-1A RS1800587, IL-1B RS1143634 and Vitamin D Receptor Rs731236 in Stage III Grade B/C Periodontitis. *Balkan J Med Genet*. 2023 Mar 1;25(1):51-60. <https://doi.org/10.2478/bjmg-2022-0005>. eCollection 2022 Jun. PMID: 36880040
- Pérez-Alonso M, Calero-Paniagua I, Usategui-Martín R, et al. Genistein supplementation has no effects on vitamin D levels in healthy Spanish postmenopausal women. *Int J Vitam Nutr Res*. 2023 Mar 15. <https://doi.org/10.1024/0300-9831/a000781>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36919425
- Pérez-Castrillón JL, Dueñas-Laita A, Gómez-Alonso C, et al. Long-Term Treatment and Effect of Discontinuation of Calcifediol in Postmenopausal Women with Vitamin D Deficiency: A Randomized Trial. *J Bone Miner Res*. 2023 Apr;38(4):471-479. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jbmr.4776>. Epub 2023 Feb 13. PMID: 36661855
- Pluta R. Comment on Minich et al. Is Melatonin the "Next Vitamin D"? A Review of Emerging Science, Clinical Uses, Safety, and Dietary Supplements. *Nutrients* 2022, 14, 3934. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 21;15(6):1506. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061506>. PMID: 36986235
- Poindexter MB, Zimpel R, Vieira-Neto A, et al. Effect of prepartum source and amount of vitamin D supplementation on lactation performance of dairy cows. *J Dairy Sci*. 2023 Feb;106(2):974-989. <https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2022-22388>. Epub 2022 Dec 14. PMID: 36526464
- Poindexter MB, Zimpel R, Vieira-Neto A, et al. Effect of source and amount of vitamin D on serum concentrations and retention of calcium, magnesium, and phosphorus in dairy cows. *J Dairy Sci*. 2023 Feb;106(2):954-973. <https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2022-22386>. Epub 2022 Dec 19. PMID: 36543649
- Pu R, Fu M, Li N, et al. A certain protective effect of vitamin D against dental caries in US children and youth: A cross-sectional study. *J Public Health Dent*. 2023 Apr 2. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jphd.12571>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37005066
- Qin Y, Rivera RL, Zhang Y, et al. A Randomized Intervention of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program-Education Did Not Improve Dietary Outcomes Except for Vitamin D Among Lower-Income Women in Indiana. *J Acad Nutr Diet*. 2023 Feb;123(2):284-298.e2. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jand.2022.06.030>. Epub 2022 Jun 30. PMID: 35781080
- Rahman ST, Waterhouse M, Romero BD, et al. Vitamin D Supplementation and the Incidence of Cataract Surgery in Older Australian Adults. *Ophthalmology*. 2023 Mar;130(3):313-323. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ophtha.2022.09.015>. Epub 2022 Sep 27. PMID: 36174848

- Rathi S, Chaturvedi S, Abdullah S, et al. Clinical Trial to Assess Physiology and Activity of Masticatory Muscles of Complete Denture Wearer Following Vitamin D Intervention. *Medicina (Kaunas)*. 2023 Feb 20;59(2):410. <https://doi.org/10.3390/medicina59020410>. PMID: 36837611
- Ribeiro LSFE, Araujo NS, Zilli Vieira CL, et al. Impact of serum vitamin D levels on periodontal healing outcomes: A preliminary cohort study. *Int J Dent Hyg*. 2023 May;21(2):291-297. <https://doi.org/10.1111/idh.12619>. Epub 2022 Sep 11. PMID: 36048921
- Rips L, Toom A, Kuik R, et al. Severe deficiency of vitamin D has no negative effect on physical performance during military training. *J Sports Med Phys Fitness*. 2023 Feb;63(2):329-338. <https://doi.org/10.23736/S0022-4707.22.14123-X>. Epub 2022 Oct 7. PMID: 36205086
- Robison B, Wright C, Smith S, et al. Vitamin D deficiency during the perioperative period increases the rate of hardware failure and the need for revision fusion in adult patients undergoing single-level lumbar spine instrumentation surgery. *N Am Spine Soc J*. 2023 Jan 3;13:100197. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.xnsj.2022.100197>. eCollection 2023 Mar. PMID: 36655115
- Rondanelli M, Moroni A, Zese M, et al. Vitamin D from UV-Irradiated Mushrooms as a Way for Vitamin D Supplementation: A Systematic Review on Classic and Nonclassic Effects in Human and Animal Models. *Antioxidants (Basel)*. 2023 Mar 16;12(3):736. <https://doi.org/10.3390/antiox12030736>. PMID: 36978984
- Saberi-Karimian M, Ghazizadeh H, Zanganeh Baygi M, et al. The national health program for vitamin D supplementation in a developing country. *Clin Nutr ESPEN*. 2023 Apr;54:52-59. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clnesp.2023.01.012>. Epub 2023 Jan 20. PMID: 36963898
- Saeedfar M, Ardjmand A, Alani B, et al. The effect of vitamin D on morphine preference in rats: Possible biochemical and DRD2-GDNF signaling. *Brain Behav*. 2023 Feb;13(2):e2877. <https://doi.org/10.1002/brb3.2877>. Epub 2023 Jan 11. PMID: 36630182
- Sengupta S, Christensen T, Ravn-Haren G, et al. Vitamin D Food Fortification Strategies on Population-Based Dietary Intake Data Using Mixed-Integer Programming. *Foods*. 2023 Feb 6;12(4):698. <https://doi.org/10.3390/foods12040698>. PMID: 36832773
- Sghaireen MG, Ganji KK, Srivastava KC, et al. Vitamin D, Cholesterol, and DXA Value Relationship with Bimaxillary Cone Beam CT Values. *J Clin Med*. 2023 Apr 3;12(7):2678. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12072678>. PMID: 37048761
- Silvagno F, Bergandi L. Editorial of Special Issue "The Role of Vitamin D in Human Health and Diseases 2.0". *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Feb 22;24(5):4337. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24054337>. PMID: 36901768
- Siregar FD, Hidayat W. The Role of Vitamin D on the Wound Healing Process: A Case Series. *Int Med Case Rep J*. 2023 Apr 1;16:227-232. <https://doi.org/10.2147/IMCRJ.S402005>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37035834
- Sizar O, Khare S, Goyal A, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency. 2023 Feb 19. In: *StatPearls [Internet]*. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2023 Jan-. PMID: 30335299 Free Books & Documents.
- Takahashi K, Amano H, Urano T, et al. p57Kip2 is an essential regulator of vitamin D receptor-dependent mechanisms. *PLoS One*. 2023 Feb 15;18(2):e0276838. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0276838>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36791055
- Uberti F, Trotta F, Pagliaro P, et al. Developing New Cyclodextrin-Based Nanosponges Complexes to Improve Vitamin D Absorption in an In Vitro Study. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Mar 10;24(6):5322. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24065322>. PMID: 36982396
- Ustianowski Ł, Ustianowska K, Gurazda K, et al. The Role of Vitamin C and Vitamin D in the Pathogenesis and Therapy of Periodontitis-Narrative Review. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Apr 5;24(7):6774. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24076774>. PMID: 37047746
- Vičič V, Mikuš RP, Kugler S, et al. Vitamin D Fortification of Eggs Alone and in Combination with Milk in Women Aged 44-65 Years: Fortification Model and Economic Evaluation. *Zdr Varst*. 2022 Dec 28;62(11):30-38. <https://doi.org/10.2478/sjph-2023-0005>. eCollection 2023 Mar. PMID: 36694792
- Wang L, Zhou Z, Li D, et al. The modifiable effect of vitamin D in the association between long-term exposure to ambient air pollution and glycosylated hemoglobin in patients with hypertension. *Nutrition*. 2023 Mar;107:111920. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nut.2022.111920>. Epub 2022 Nov 29. PMID: 36535189
- Wong CT, Ona K, Oh DH. Regulation of XPC Binding Dynamics and Global Nucleotide Excision Repair by p63 and Vitamin D Receptor. *J Phys Chem B*. 2023 Mar 16;127(10):2121-2127. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jpcc.2c07257>. Epub 2023 Mar 6. PMID: 36877866
- Xu JJ, Zhang XB, Tong WT, et al. Phenome-wide Mendelian randomization study evaluating the association of circulating vitamin D with complex diseases. *Front Nutr*. 2023 Mar 29;10:1108477. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1108477>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37063319
- Zhou A, Hyppönen E. Vitamin D deficiency and C-reactive protein: a bidirectional Mendelian randomization study. *Int J Epidemiol*. 2023 Feb 8;52(1):260-271. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ije/dyac087>. PMID: 35579027
- Zittermann A, Trummer C, Theiler-Schwetz V, et al. Long-term supplementation with 3200 to 4000 IU of vitamin D daily and adverse events: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Eur J Nutr*. 2023 Feb 28. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00394-023-03124-w>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36853379

NEFROLOGIA

- Balcázar-Hernández L, Manuel-Apolinar L, Vargas Ortega G, et al. [Vitamin D and its positive effect on the PTH/vitamin D/calcium-FGF23/klotho/phosphorus axis in kidney transplant recipients]. *Nutr Hosp*. 2023 Mar 13. <https://doi.org/10.20960/nh.04415>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36926938
- Bierciewicz M, Kwiatkowska K, Kędziora-Kornatowska K, et al. Significant Interactions between Adipokines and Vitamin D Combined with the Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate: A Geriatric Case Study. *J Clin Med*. 2023 Mar 19;12(6):2370. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12062370>. PMID: 36877866

- doi.org/10.3390/jcm12062370. PMID: 36983369
- Bover J, Massó E, Gifre L, et al. Vitamin D and Chronic Kidney Disease Association with Mineral and Bone Disorder: An Appraisal of Tangled Guidelines. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 24;15(7):1576. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071576>. PMID: 37049415
 - Chen H, Song N, Li AM, et al. Association of vitamin D metabolites with arteriovenous fistula function in hemodialysis patients: A single center study. *Hemodial Int*. 2023 Apr 3. <https://doi.org/10.1111/hdi.13080>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37010240
 - Christodoulou M, Aspray TJ, Piec I, et al. Early renal impairment affects hormonal regulators of calcium and bone metabolism and Wnt signalling and the response to vitamin D supplementation in healthy older adults. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol*. 2023 May;229:106267. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106267>. Epub 2023 Feb 3. PMID: 36739953
 - Courbebaïsse M, Bourmaud A, Souberbielle JC, et al. Nonskeletal and skeletal effects of high doses versus low doses of vitamin D3 in renal transplant recipients: Results of the VITALE (VITamin D supplementation in renAL transplant recipients) study, a randomized clinical trial. *Am J Transplant*. 2023 Mar;23(3):366-376. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajt.2022.12.007>. Epub 2023 Jan 9. PMID: 36695682
 - Dialameh H, Nikoobakht M, Menbari Oskouie I, et al. Assessment of the relationship between vitamin D with semen analysis parameters and reproductive hormones levels before and after kidney transplantation: An Iranian randomized and double-blinded study. *Urologia*. 2023 Apr 3;3915603231162394. <https://doi.org/10.1177/03915603231162394>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37006175
 - Gonçalves LED, Andrade-Silva M, Basso PJ, et al. Vitamin D and chronic kidney disease: Insights on lipid metabolism of tubular epithelial cell and macrophages in tubulointerstitial fibrosis. *Front Physiol*. 2023 Mar 29;14:1145233. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fphys.2023.1145233>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37064892
 - Huang HY, Lin TW, Hong ZX, et al. Vitamin D and Diabetic Kidney Disease. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Feb 13;24(4):3751. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24043751>. PMID: 36835159
 - Karava V, Dotis J, Kondou A, et al. Fibroblast growth-factor 23 and vitamin D are associated with iron deficiency and anemia in children with chronic kidney disease. *Pediatr Nephrol*. 2023 Mar 2. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00467-023-05903-3>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36862253
 - Lee J, Bae EH, Kim SW, et al. The association between vitamin D deficiency and risk of renal event: Results from the Korean cohort study for outcomes in patients with chronic kidney disease (KNOW-CKD). *Front Med (Lausanne)*. 2023 Feb 16;10:1017459. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmed.2023.1017459>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36873872
 - Martinelli RP, Rayego-Mateos S, Alique M, et al. Vitamin D, Cellular Senescence and Chronic Kidney Diseases: What Is Missing in the Equation? *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 10;15(6):1349. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061349>. PMID: 36986078
 - Messa P, Castellano G, Vettoretti S, et al. Vitamin D and Calcium Supplementation and Urolithiasis: A Controversial and Multifaceted Relationship. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 31;15(7):1724. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071724>. PMID: 37049567
 - Meyer MB, Pike JW. Genomic mechanisms controlling renal vitamin D metabolism. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol*. 2023 Apr;228:106252. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106252>. Epub 2023 Jan 16. PMID: 36657729
 - Reddy AC, Nguyen A, McGarvey NH, et al. Factors in nephrologists' decision to treat pre-dialysis CKD patients with vitamin D insufficiency and SHPT: A discrete choice experiment. *PLoS One*. 2023 Mar 29;18(3):e0283531. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0283531>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36989323
 - Shen Y. Role of nutritional vitamin D in chronic kidney disease-mineral and bone disorder: A narrative review. *Medicine (Baltimore)*. 2023 Apr 7;102(14):e33477. <https://doi.org/10.1097/MD.00000000000033477>. PMID: 37026958
 - Vural T, Yilmaz VT, Koksoy S, et al. Evaluation of the effect and predictive role of vitamin D and vitamin D receptor expression in CD4+, CD8+, CD14+, CD56+ cells on the development of chronic rejection and graft functions in kidney transplant patients. *Int Urol Nephrol*. 2023 Mar 17. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11255-023-03550-z>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36930397
 - Wu X, Tang S, Dai Q, et al. Vitamin D-vitamin D receptor alleviates oxidative stress in ischemic acute kidney injury via upregulating glutathione peroxidase 3. *FASEB J*. 2023 Feb;37(2):e22738. <https://doi.org/10.1096/fj.202201400R>. PMID: 36583727
 - Zhang X, Zhang L, Wen Y, et al. Vitamin D ameliorates podocyte injury by enhancing autophagy activity in diabetic kidney disease. *Kidney Blood Press Res*. 2023 Apr 13. <https://doi.org/10.1159/000530403>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37054686
 - Zhou C, Ye Z, Yang S, et al. Associations between Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D, Sun Exposure Time, Dietary Vitamin D Intake, and New-Onset Acute Kidney Injury among 413,169 UK Adults. *J Nutr*. 2023 Mar;153(3):713-722. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tjnut.2023.01.006>. Epub 2023 Jan 10. PMID: 36931750

NEUROLOGIA

- Bulan B, Hoscan AY, Keskin SN, et al. Vitamin D Receptor Polymorphisms Among the Turkish Population are Associated with Multiple Sclerosis. *Balkan J Med Genet*. 2023 Mar 1;25(1):41-50. <https://doi.org/10.2478/bjmg-2022-0003>. eCollection 2022 Jun. PMID: 36880035
- Cederberg KJ, Silvestri R, Walters AS. Vitamin D and Restless Legs Syndrome: A Review of Current Literature. *Tremor Other Hyperkinet Mov (N Y)*. 2023 Apr 6;13:12. <https://doi.org/10.5334/tohm.741>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37034443
- Choudhary A, Kumar A, Sharma R, et al. Optimal vitamin D level ameliorates neurological outcome and quality of life after traumatic brain injury: a clinical perspective. *Int J Neurosci*. 2023 Apr;133(4):417-425. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00207454.2021.1924706>. Epub 2021 Sep 28. PMID: 33930999
- Cui P, Lu W, Wang J, et al. Microglia/macrophages require vitamin D signaling to restrain neuroinflammation and brain injury in a murine ischemic stroke model. *J Neu*

- roinflammation. 2023 Mar 8;20(1):63. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12974-023-02705-0>. PMID: 36890539
- De Marchi F, Saraceno M, Sarnelli MF, et al. Potential role of vitamin D levels in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis cognitive impairment. *Neurol Sci*. 2023 Mar 23. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10072-023-06751-7>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36949299
 - Dhana K, Barnes LL, Agarwal P, et al. Vitamin D intake and cognitive decline in Blacks and Whites: The role of diet and supplements. *Alzheimers Dement*. 2023 Apr;19(4):1135-1142. <https://doi.org/10.1002/alz.12729>. Epub 2022 Jul 22. PMID: 35867354
 - Elseweidy MM, Mahrous M, Ali SI, et al. Vitamin D alleviates cognitive dysfunction and brain damage induced by copper sulfate intake in experimental rats: focus on its combination with donepezil. *Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch Pharmacol*. 2023 Mar 3. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00210-023-02449-x>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36864348
 - Favarin JC, Basotti A, Baptistella AR, et al. Neuroprotective Effect of Vitamin D on Behavioral and Oxidative Parameters of Male and Female Adult Wistar Rats Exposed to Mancozeb (manganese/zinc ethylene bis-dithiocarbamate). *Mol Neurobiol*. 2023 Mar 20. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12035-023-03298-8>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36940076
 - Galus W, Chmiela T, Walawska-Hrycek A, et al. Radiological Benefits of Vitamin D Status and Supplementation in Patients with MSA Two-Year Prospective Observational Cohort Study. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 17;15(6):1465. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061465>. PMID: 36986195
 - García-Vigara A, Monllor-Tormos A, García-Pérez MÁ, et al. Genetic variants of the vitamin D receptor are related to dynapenia in postmenopausal women. *Maturitas*. 2023 Mar 24;171:40-44. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.maturitas.2023.03.002>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37001478
 - Ghahremani M, Smith EE, Chen HY, et al. Vitamin D supplementation and incident dementia: Effects of sex, APOE, and baseline cognitive status. *Alzheimers Dement (Amst)*. 2023 Mar 1;15(1):e12404. <https://doi.org/10.1002/dad2.12404>. eCollection 2023 Jan-Mar. PMID: 36874594
 - Ghareghani M, Zibara K, Rivest S. Melatonin and vitamin D, two sides of the same coin, better to land on its edge to improve multiple sclerosis. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 2023 Apr 4;120(14):e2219334120. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2219334120>. Epub 2023 Mar 27. PMID: 36972442
 - Hertig-Godeschalk A, Scheel-Sailer A, Wey Y, et al. Prevalence of an insufficient vitamin D status at the onset of a spinal cord injury - a cross-sectional study. *Spinal Cord*. 2023 Mar;61(3):211-217. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41393-022-00873-z>. Epub 2022 Dec 29. PMID: 36581746
 - Huang W, Gu L, Wang J, et al. Causal association between vitamin D and diabetic neuropathy: a Mendelian randomization analysis. *Endocrine*. 2023 Feb 9. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-023-03315-9>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36754931
 - I Z, R P, E C, et al. The Potential Role of Vitamin D Supplementation In Cognitive Impairment Prevention. *CNS Neurol Disord Drug Targets*. 2023 Mar 28. <https://doi.org/10.2174/1871527322666230328130417>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36998124
 - Jennysdotter Olofsgård F, Ran C, Qin Y, et al. Investigating Vitamin D Receptor Genetic Markers in a Cluster Headache Meta-Analysis. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Mar 21;24(6):5950. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24065950>. PMID: 36983024
 - John Marshal J, Kuriakose BB, Alhazmi AH, et al. Mechanistic insights into the role of vitamin D and computational identification of potential lead compounds for Parkinson's disease. *J Cell Biochem*. 2023 Mar;124(3):434-445. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jcb.30379>. Epub 2023 Feb 13. PMID: 36780350
 - Kiderman D, Ben-Shabat N, Tsur AM, et al. Vitamin D Insufficiency is Associated with Higher Incidence of Dementia, a Large Community-Based Retrospective Cohort Study. *J Geriatr Psychiatry Neurol*. 2023 Mar 8;8919887231163292. <https://doi.org/10.1177/08919887231163292>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36888907
 - Kouba BR, Camargo A, Rodrigues ALS. Neuroinflammation in Alzheimer's disease: potential beneficial effects of vitamin D. *Metab Brain Dis*. 2023 Mar;38(3):819-829. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11011-023-01188-5>. Epub 2023 Mar 2. PMID: 36862275
 - Kuri A, Vickaryous N, Awad A, et al. Vitamin D genetic risk scores in multiple sclerosis. *J Neurol*. 2023 Feb;270(2):1030-1035. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00415-022-11466-4>. Epub 2022 Nov 5. PMID: 36334133
 - Langley CK, Onambélé-Pearson GL, Sims DT, et al. Seasonal variations in vitamin D do not change the musculoskeletal health of physically active ambulatory men with cerebral palsy: a longitudinal cross-sectional comparison study. *Nutr Res*. 2023 Mar;111:24-33. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nutres.2022.11.005>. Epub 2022 Nov 29. PMID: 36812881
 - Lasoń W, Jantas D, Leśkiewicz M, et al. The Vitamin D Receptor as a Potential Target for the Treatment of Age-Related Neurodegenerative Diseases Such as Alzheimer's and Parkinson's Diseases: A Narrative Review. *Cells*. 2023 Feb 19;12(4):660. <https://doi.org/10.3390/cells12040660>. PMID: 36831327
 - Lisakovska O, Labudzynski D, Khomenko A, et al. Brain vitamin D3-auto/paracrine system in relation to structural, neurophysiological, and behavioral disturbances associated with glucocorticoid-induced neurotoxicity. *Front Cell Neurosci*. 2023 Mar 20;17:1133400. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fncel.2023.1133400>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37020845
 - Modica R, Altieri B, D'Aniello F, et al. Vitamin D and Bone Metabolism in Adult Patients with Neurofibromatosis Type 1. *Metabolites*. 2023 Feb 9;13(2):255. <https://doi.org/10.3390/metabo13020255>. PMID: 36837874
 - Porto CM, Leão RCH, Sousa RA, et al. Brain changes in neuroimaging of adult patients with vitamin D deficiency: systematic review protocol. *BMJ Open*. 2023 Feb 27;13(2):e052524. <https://doi.org/10.1136/bmjopen-2021-052524>. PMID: 36849215
 - Salimi A, Shabani M, Nikjou A, et al. Exploring the possible mitoprotective and neuroprotective potency of thymoquinone, betanin, and vitamin D against cytarabine-induced mitochondrial impairment and neurotoxicity in rats' brain. *J Biochem Mol Toxicol*. 2023 Feb;37(2):e23256. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jbt.23256>. Epub 2022 Nov 23. PMID: 36419121

- Supriya M, Christopher R, Prabhakar P, et al. Low vitamin D status is associated with inflammatory response in older patients with cerebral small vessel disease. *J Neuroimmunol.* 2023 Apr 15;377:578057. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jneuroim.2023.578057>. Epub 2023 Mar 9. PMID: 36921477
 - Thiel A, Hermanns C, Lauer AA, et al. Vitamin D and Its Analogues: From Differences in Molecular Mechanisms to Potential Benefits of Adapted Use in the Treatment of Alzheimer's Disease. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 30;15(7):1684. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071684>. PMID: 37049524
 - Vieira ADC, Medeiros EB, Zabet GC, et al. Neuroprotective effects of combined therapy with memantine, donepezil, and vitamin D in ovariectomized female mice subjected to dementia model. *Prog Neuropsychopharmacol Biol Psychiatry.* 2023 Mar 2;122:110653. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pnpbp.2022.110653>. Epub 2022 Oct 3. PMID: 36195205
 - Wang L, Gan J, Wu J, et al. Impact of vitamin D on the prognosis after spinal cord injury: A systematic review. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Feb 14;10:920998. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.920998>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36866055
 - Wong S, Dong H, Hirani SP, et al. Prevalence of vitamin D deficiency in patients with spinal cord injury at admission: a single-centred study in the UK. *J Nutr Sci.* 2023 Feb 20;12:e24. <https://doi.org/10.1017/jns.2023.12>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36843972
 - Xie Y, Acosta JN, Ye Y, et al. Whole-Exome Sequencing Analyses Support a Role of Vitamin D Metabolism in Ischemic Stroke. *Stroke.* 2023 Mar;54(3):800-809. <https://doi.org/10.1161/STROKEAHA.122.040883>. Epub 2023 Feb 10. PMID: 36762557
 - Yakşi E, Horasan N. Vitamin D levels and oral health in stroke patients during inpatient rehabilitation. *J Oral Rehabil.* 2023 Apr;50(4):293-299. <https://doi.org/10.1111/joor.13415>. Epub 2023 Jan 24. PMID: 36648365
 - Zhao MY, Dahlen A, Ramirez NJ, et al. Effect of vitamin D supplementation on cerebral blood flow in male patients with adrenoleukodystrophy. *J Neurosci Res.* 2023 Mar 26. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jnr.25187>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36967233
- ## ONCOLOGIA
- Alnimer A, Bhamidimarri PM, Talaat IM, et al. Association Between Expression of Vitamin D Receptor and Insulin-Like Growth Factor 1 Receptor Among Breast Cancer Patients. *World J Oncol.* 2023 Feb;14(1):67-74. <https://doi.org/10.14740/wjon1550>. Epub 2023 Feb 26. PMID: 36895995
 - B S N, P K KN, Akey KS, et al. Vitamin D analog calcitriol for breast cancer therapy; an integrated drug discovery approach. *J Biomol Struct Dyn.* 2023 Apr 13:1-27. <https://doi.org/10.1080/07391102.2023.2199866>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37054526
 - Bhanu A, Waghmare CM, Jain VS, et al. Serum 25-hydroxy vitamin-D levels in head and neck cancer chemoradiation therapy: Potential in cancer therapeutics. *Indian J Cancer.* 2023 Feb 27. https://doi.org/10.4103/ijc.ijc_358_20. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36861720
 - Capobianco E, McGaughey V, Seraphin G, et al. Vitamin D inhibits osteosarcoma by reprogramming nonsense-mediated RNA decay and SNAIL2-mediated epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition. *bioRxiv.* 2023 Mar 11:2023.01.04.522778. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2023.01.04.522778>. Preprint. PMID: 36711643
 - Chakraborty M, Arora M, Ramteke A, et al. FokI polymorphism of Vitamin D receptor gene and deficiency of serum Vitamin D increases the risk of breast cancer in North Indian women. *Endocrine.* 2023 Mar 1. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12020-023-03334-6>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36854857
 - Crocetto F, Barone B, D'Aguzzo G, et al. Vitamin D, a Regulator of Androgen Levels, Is Not Correlated to PSA Serum Levels in a Cohort of the Middle Italy Region Participating to a Prostate Cancer Screening Campaign. *J Clin Med.* 2023 Feb 24;12(5):1831. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12051831>. PMID: 36902619
 - de Oliveira CS, Baptistella MM, Siqueira AP, et al. Combination of vitamin D and probiotics inhibits chemically induced colorectal carcinogenesis in Wistar rats. *Life Sci.* 2023 Mar 30;322:121617. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lfs.2023.121617>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37003542
 - Erzurumlu Y, Aydogdu E, Dogan HK, et al. 1,25(OH)₂ D₃ induced vitamin D receptor signaling negatively regulates endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) and androgen receptor signaling in human prostate cancer cells. *Cell Signal.* 2023 Mar;103:110577. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cellsig.2022.110577>. Epub 2022 Dec 22. PMID: 36567009
 - Grant WB. Comments on "Association of calcium and vitamin D supplementation with cancer incidence and cause-specific mortality in Black women: Extended follow-up of the Women's Health Initiative calcium-vitamin D trial". *Int J Cancer.* 2023 Mar 10. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ijc.34502>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36897021
 - Gumus R, Capik O, Gundogdu B, et al. Low vitamin D and high cholesterol facilitate oral carcinogenesis in 4NQO-induced rat models via regulating glycolysis. *Oral Dis.* 2023 Apr;29(3):978-989. <https://doi.org/10.1111/odi.14117>. Epub 2022 Jan 28. PMID: 34954855
 - Guo S, Zhao W, Zhang T, et al. Corrigendum to "Identification of a ferroptosis-related gene signature for prognosis prediction in colorectal cancer patients and relationship with vitamin D" [*J. Steroid Biochem. Mol. Biol.* 227 (2022) 106234]. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 Apr;228:106257. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106257>. Epub 2023 Jan 25. PMID: 36706600
 - Guo S, Zhao W, Zhang T, et al. Identification of a ferroptosis-related gene signature for prognosis prediction in colorectal cancer patients and relationship with vitamin D. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 Mar;227:106234. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2022.106234>. Epub 2022 Dec 23. PMID: 36572352
 - Guo S, Zhao W, Zhang W, et al. Vitamin D Promotes Ferroptosis in Colorectal Cancer Stem Cells via SLC7A11 Downregulation. *Oxid Med Cell Longev.* 2023 Feb 16;2023:4772134. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2023/4772134>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36846715
 - Horas K, Abraham M, Ebert R, et al. Vitamin D Receptor Expression Is Significantly Decreased in Bone Metastases Compared to Matched Primary Breast Cancer Tumours. *Cancer Invest.* 2023 Feb;41(2):133-143. <https://doi.org/10.1080/07357907.2022.2142604>. Epub 2022 Nov 4. PMID: 36314889

- Iravani K, Khosravi Y, Doostkam A, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency in Advanced Laryngeal Cancer and its Association with Pharyngocutaneous Fistula Following Total Laryngectomy. *Curr Drug Saf.* 2023 Mar 31. <https://doi.org/10.2174/1574886318666230331100122>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36999719
- Jung S, Jin S, Je Y. Vitamin D Intake, Blood 25-Hydroxyvitamin D, and Risk of Ovarian Cancer: A Meta-Analysis of Observational Studies. *J Womens Health (Larchmt).* 2023 Mar 16. <https://doi.org/10.1089/jwh.2022.0432>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36930144
- Kamiya S, Nakamori Y, Takasawa A, et al. Suppression of the vitamin D metabolizing enzyme CYP24A1 provides increased sensitivity to chemotherapeutic drugs in breast cancer. *Oncol Rep.* 2023 May;49(5):85. <https://doi.org/10.3892/or.2023.8522>. Epub 2023 Mar 17. PMID: 36928289
- Kamiya S, Nakamori Y, Takasawa A, et al. Vitamin D metabolism in cancer: potential feasibility of vitamin D metabolism blocking therapy. *Med Mol Morphol.* 2023 Feb 7. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00795-023-00348-x>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36749415
- Kato I, Larson JC. Reply to: Comments on "Association of calcium and vitamin D supplementation with cancer incidence and cause-specific mortality in Black women: Extended follow-up of the Women's Health Initiative calcium-vitamin D trial". *Int J Cancer.* 2023 Mar 10. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ijc.34501>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36897025
- Koll L, Gül D, Elnouaem MI, et al. Exploiting Vitamin D Receptor and Its Ligands to Target Squamous Cell Carcinomas of the Head and Neck. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 28;24(5):4675. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24054675>. PMID: 36902107
- Kuznia S, Zhu A, Akutsu T, et al. Efficacy of vitamin D3 supplementation on cancer mortality: Systematic review and individual patient data meta-analysis of randomised controlled trials. *Ageing Res Rev.* 2023 Mar 31;87:101923. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.arr.2023.101923>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37004841
- Li J, Qin S, Zhang S, et al. Serum vitamin D concentration, vitamin D-related polymorphisms, and colorectal cancer risk. *Int J Cancer.* 2023 Mar 22. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ijc.34521>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36946647
- Malekzadeh A, Kharrati-Kopaei M. Simultaneous confidence intervals for quantile differences of several heterogeneous normal populations: With application to vitamin D supplement treatment on colorectal cancer patients. *Biom J.* 2023 Mar 17:e2200083. <https://doi.org/10.1002/bimj.202200083>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36928645
- Nemeth Z, Patonai A, Simon-Szabó L, et al. Interplay of Vitamin D and SIRT1 in Tissue-Specific Metabolism-Potential Roles in Prevention and Treatment of Non-Communicable Diseases Including Cancer. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Mar 24;24(7):6154. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24076154>. PMID: 37047134
- Oh SE, Youn HG, Oh SJ, et al. Trends in vitamin D level and risk of vitamin D deficiency after gastrectomy for gastric cancer: A retrospective study of a single high-volume center experience. *Clin Nutr ESPEN.* 2023 Feb;53:74-79. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clnesp.2022.11.011>. Epub 2022 Nov 30. PMID: 36657933
- Punchoo R, Dreyer G, Pillay TS. 25-Hydroxycholecalciferol Inhibits Cell Growth and Induces Apoptosis in SiHa Cervical Cells via Autocrine Vitamin D Metabolism. *Biomedicines.* 2023 Mar 13;11(3):871. <https://doi.org/10.3390/biomedicines11030871>. PMID: 36979850
- Seraphin G, Rieger S, Hewison M, et al. The impact of vitamin D on cancer: A mini review. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 Apr 11;231:106308. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106308>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37054849
- Soliman MG, Omar W, Nemr N, et al. Vitamin D receptor gene polymorphism and its relation to cancer colon occurrence. *Egypt J Immunol.* 2023 Apr;30(2):174-180. PMID: 37031466
- Stinson J, McCall C, Dobbs RW, et al. Vitamin D and genetic ancestry are associated with apoptosis rates in benign and malignant prostatic epithelium. *Prostate.* 2023 Mar;83(4):352-363. <https://doi.org/10.1002/pros.24467>. Epub 2022 Dec 7. PMID: 36479698
- Tu CL, Chang W, Sosa JA, et al. Digital spatial profiling of human parathyroid tumors reveals cellular and molecular alterations linked to vitamin D deficiency. *PNAS Nexus.* 2023 Mar 9;2(3):pgad073. <https://doi.org/10.1093/pnasnexus/pgad073>. eCollection 2023 Mar. PMID: 36992820
- Vaughan-Shaw PG, Buijs LF, Blackmur JP, et al. A feasibility study of perioperative vitamin D supplementation in patients undergoing colorectal cancer resection. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Mar 31;10:1106431. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1106431>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37063332
- Wei D, Wang L, Liu Y, et al. Activation of Vitamin D/VDR Signaling Reverses Gemcitabine Resistance of Pancreatic Cancer Cells Through Inhibition of MUC1 Expression. *Dig Dis Sci.* 2023 Apr 18. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10620-023-07931-3>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37071246
- Wilson Westmark NL, Sroussi H, Tamayo I, et al. Vitamin D status in patients with oropharyngeal cancer: Association with HPV status and prognosis. *Oral Dis.* 2023 Mar;29(2):542-546. <https://doi.org/10.1111/odi.13965>. Epub 2021 Jul 28. PMID: 34269501
- Yu J, Sun Q, Hui Y, et al. Vitamin D receptor prevents tumour development by regulating the Wnt/ β -catenin signalling pathway in human colorectal cancer. *BMC Cancer.* 2023 Apr 12;23(1):336. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12885-023-10690-z>. PMID: 37046222
- Zemlin C, Altmayer L, Stuhler C, et al. Prevalence and Relevance of Vitamin D Deficiency in Newly Diagnosed Breast Cancer Patients: A Pilot Study. *Nutrients.* 2023 Mar 17;15(6):1450. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061450>. PMID: 36986179

PEDIATRIA

- [No authors listed] Correction: Maternal vitamin D intake and BMI during pregnancy in relation to child's growth and weight status from birth to 8 years: a large national cohort study. *BMJ Open.* 2023 Mar 8;13(3):e048980corr1. <https://doi.org/10.1136/bmjopen-2021-048980corr1>. PMID: 36889837 Free article.
- Albiñana C, Zhu Z, Borbye-Lorenzen N, et al. Genetic correlates of vitamin D-binding protein and 25-hydroxyvitamin D in neonatal dried blood spots. *Nat Commun.*

- 2023 Feb 15;14(1):852. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-023-36392-5>. PMID: 36792583
- Antonio Buendía J, Patiño DG, Lindarte EF. Vitamin D supplementation for children with mild to moderate asthma: an economic evaluation. *J Asthma*. 2023 Mar 6;1-9. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02770903.2023.2178007>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36755388
 - Asfour MH, Abd El-Alim SH, Kassem AA, et al. Vitamin D3-Loaded Nanoemulsions as a Potential Drug Delivery System for Autistic Children: Formulation Development, Safety, and Pharmacokinetic Studies. *AAPS PharmSciTech*. 2023 Feb 9;24(2):58. <https://doi.org/10.1208/s12249-023-02501-2>. PMID: 36759398
 - Assaf E, Mohs E, Dally FJ, et al. Vitamin D level and low-energy fracture risk in children and adolescents: a population-based case-control study of 45 cases. *J Pediatr Orthop B*. 2023 Feb 8. <https://doi.org/10.1097/BPB.0000000000001061>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36756947
 - Bailey KRF, Pettersen JA. Vitamin D is associated with visual memory in young northern adolescents. *Nutr Neurosci*. 2023 Apr 8;1-12. <https://doi.org/10.1080/1028415X.2023.2199498>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37029691
 - Banerjee S, Sengupta J, Basu S. The clinical relevance of native vitamin D in pediatric kidney disease. *Pediatr Nephrol*. 2023 Apr;38(4):945-955. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00467-022-05698-9>. Epub 2022 Aug 5. PMID: 35930049
 - Beling A, Hresko MT, Verhofste B, et al. Do Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis Patients With Vitamin D Deficiency Have Worse Spine Fusion Outcomes? *J Pediatr Orthop*. 2023 Mar 1;43(3):e209-e214. <https://doi.org/10.1097/BPO.0000000000002308>. Epub 2022 Dec 12. PMID: 36729785
 - Boonrusmee S, Kasemsripitak S, Navykarn T, et al. Association between anaemia and vitamin D insufficiency among 6- to 12-month-old infants: implications for clinical practice. *Fam Pract*. 2023 Apr 4;cmad033. <https://doi.org/10.1093/fampra/cmad033>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37014969
 - Buendía JA, Patiño DG. Cost-utility of vitamin D supplementation to prevent acute respiratory infections in children. *Cost Eff Resour Alloc*. 2023 Apr 6;21(1):23. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12962-023-00433-z>. PMID: 37024913
 - Bussa RM, Mora-Plazas M, Marín C, et al. Vitamin D status and leukocyte telomere length in middle childhood. *Eur J Clin Nutr*. 2023 Feb;77(2):295-297. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41430-022-01236-w>. Epub 2022 Nov 8. PMID: 36347948
 - Cabalín C, Pérez-Mateluna G, Iturriaga C, et al. Oral vitamin D modulates the epidermal expression of the vitamin D receptor and cathelicidin in children with atopic dermatitis. *Arch Dermatol Res*. 2023 May;315(4):761-770. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00403-022-02416-1>. Epub 2022 Oct 22. PMID: 36273083
 - Caliskan M, Dabak M, Tumer KC. The relationship between serum cytokine profile and vitamin D in calves with neonatal diarrhea. *Cytokine*. 2023 May;165:156173. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cyto.2023.156173>. Epub 2023 Mar 16. PMID: 36933398
 - Chwalba A, Orłowska J, Słota M, et al. Effect of Cadmium on Oxidative Stress Indices and Vitamin D Concentrations in Children. *J Clin Med*. 2023 Feb 16;12(4):1572. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12041572>. PMID: 36836105
 - Çiğrı E, İnan FÇ. Comparison of Serum Selenium, Homocysteine, Zinc, and Vitamin D Levels in Febrile Children with and without Febrile Seizures: A Prospective Single-Center Study. *Children (Basel)*. 2023 Mar 9;10(3):528. <https://doi.org/10.3390/children10030528>. PMID: 36980086
 - Corsello A, Spolidoro GCI, Milani GP, et al. Vitamin D in pediatric age: Current evidence, recommendations, and misunderstandings. *Front Med (Lausanne)*. 2023 Mar 16;10:1107855. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmed.2023.1107855>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37007781
 - Cottrell J, Nelson C, Waldron C, et al. Effect of umbilical cord essential and toxic elements, thyroid levels, and Vitamin D on childhood development. *Biomed Pharmacother*. 2023 Feb;158:114085. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biopha.2022.114085>. Epub 2022 Dec 9. PMID: 36508998
 - Dajic K, Bjelakovic B, Kostic A, et al. Hypovitaminosis D in infants: Evidence that increased intake of vitamin D reduces the incidence of allergic and respiratory disorders. *Int J Clin Pharmacol Ther*. 2023 Mar;61(3):96-101. <https://doi.org/10.5414/CP204093>. PMID: 36633368
 - Deruyter S, Van Biervliet S, De Guchteneere A. Response to vitamin D replacement therapy in obese children and adolescents with vitamin D deficiency: a randomized controlled trial. *J Pediatr Endocrinol Metab*. 2023 Mar 13. <https://doi.org/10.1515/jpem-2022-0598>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36913250
 - Galeazzi T, Quattrini S, Pjetraj D, et al. Vitamin D status in healthy Italian school-age children: a single-center cross-sectional study. *Ital J Pediatr*. 2023 Feb 22;49(1):27. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13052-023-01422-x>. PMID: 36814347
 - Gharibeh N, Razaghi M, Vanstone CA, et al. Effect of Vitamin D Supplementation on Bone Mass in Infants With 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Concentrations Less Than 50 nmol/L: A Prespecified Secondary Analysis of a Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA Pediatr*. 2023 Apr 1;177(4):353-362. <https://doi.org/10.1001/jamapediatrics.2022.5837>. PMID: 36780180
 - Gillis D, Hefter A, Edri S, et al. Optimal 25-OH-Vitamin D Level in Children Derived From Biochemical Parameters. *Horm Metab Res*. 2023 Mar;55(3):191-195. <https://doi.org/10.1055/a-2003-0124>. Epub 2022 Dec 21. PMID: 36543247
 - Gunasekar A, Seth A, Kumar P, et al. Relationship between vitamin D deficiency and coeliac disease in children. *Paediatr Int Child Health*. 2023 Mar 14;1-2. <https://doi.org/10.1080/20469047.2023.2188544>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36916243
 - Hekimoğlu B, Erin R, Yılmaz HK. Comparison of cord blood and 6-month-old vitamin D levels of healthy term infants supplemented with 400 IU/day dose of vitamin D. *Eur J Clin Nutr*. 2023 Feb;77(2):182-188. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41430-022-01220-4>. Epub 2022 Oct 14. PMID: 36241726
 - Herdea A, Ionescu A, Dragomirescu MC, et al. Vitamin D-A Risk Factor for Bone Fractures in Children: A Population-Based Prospective Case-Control Randomized Cross-Sectional Study. *Int J Environ Res Public Health*. 2023 Feb 13;20(4):3300. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph20043300>. PMID: 36833994

- Hong M, Xiong T, Huang J, et al. Vitamin D supplementation and lower respiratory tract infection in infants: a nested case-control study. *Infection*. 2023 Feb;51(1):109-118. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s15010-022-01845-4>. Epub 2022 May 24. PMID: 35608725
- Iniesta RR, Cook S, Oversby G, et al. Systematic review and meta-analysis: Associations of vitamin D with pulmonary function in children and young people with cystic fibrosis. *Clin Nutr ESPEN*. 2023 Apr;54:349-373. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clnesp.2023.02.006>. Epub 2023 Feb 10. PMID: 36963882
- Kittivisuit S, Sripornsawan P, Songthawee N, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency in Childhood Cancer Survivors: Results from Southern Thailand. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 8;15(6):1328. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061328>. PMID: 36986058
- Kogon AJ, Ballester LS, Zee J, et al. Vitamin D supplementation in children and young adults with persistent proteinuria secondary to glomerular disease. *Pediatr Nephrol*. 2023 Mar;38(3):749-756. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00467-022-05660-9>. Epub 2022 Jul 19. PMID: 35852656
- Koren Y, Lubetzky R, Mandel D, et al. Anemia, Hepcidin, and Vitamin D in Healthy Preterm Infants: A Pilot Study. *Am J Perinatol*. 2023 Apr;40(5):508-512. <https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0041-1729556>. Epub 2021 May 3. PMID: 33940646
- Kuang L, Liang Z, Wang C, et al. Serum 25-Hydroxy Vitamin D Levels in Children with Acute Respiratory Infections Caused by Respiratory Virus or Atypical Pathogen Infection. *Nutrients*. 2023 Mar 20;15(6):1486. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15061486>. PMID: 36986216
- Li L, Cui X, Zhang X, et al. Serum vitamin D3 deficiency can affect the efficacy of sublingual immunotherapy in children with allergic rhinitis: a retrospective cohort study. *J Thorac Dis*. 2023 Feb 28;15(2):649-657. <https://doi.org/10.21037/jtd-22-1883>. Epub 2023 Feb 22. PMID: 36910105
- Liu Z, Huang S, Yuan X, et al. The role of vitamin D deficiency in the development of paediatric diseases. *Ann Med*. 2023 Dec;55(1):127-135. <https://doi.org/10.1080/07853890.2022.2154381>. PMID: 36495273
- Malheiro APG, Gianfrancesco L, Nogueira RJN, et al. Association between serum Vitamin D levels and asthma severity and control in children and adolescents. *Lung*. 2023 Feb 21. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00408-023-00605-x>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36809416
- Mangas-Sánchez C, Garriga-García M, Serrano-Nieto MJ, et al. Safety and efficacy of a new supplementation protocol in patients with cystic fibrosis and vitamin D deficiency. *An Pediatr (Engl Ed)*. 2023 Apr;98(4):257-266. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.anpede.2023.02.015>. Epub 2023 Mar 15. PMID: 36932016
- Motlagh AJ, Davoodvandi A, Saeieh SE. Association between vitamin D level in mother's serum and the level of vitamin D in the serum of pre-term infants. *BMC Pediatr*. 2023 Mar 2;23(1):97. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12887-023-03854-0>. PMID: 36859242
- Mumena WA, Hanbazaza MA. Predictors of Maternal Knowledge, Attitude, and Practices Toward Vitamin D Supplements in Saudi Infants and Toddlers. *Matern Child Health J*. 2023 Feb 18. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10995-023-03612-9>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36807236
- Octavius GS, Shakila A, Meliani M, et al. Vitamin D deficiency is a public health emergency among Indonesian children and adolescents: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prevalence. *Ann Pediatr Endocrinol Metab*. 2023 Mar;28(1):10-19. <https://doi.org/10.6065/apem.2244170.085>. Epub 2023 Feb 5. PMID: 36758970
- Oren B, Erboga Ç, Kocaay F, et al. Assessment of Tear Meniscus Dimensions Using Anterior Segment Optical Coherence Tomography in Vitamin D Deficiency in a Pediatric Population. *Klin Monbl Augenheilkd*. 2023 Feb 16. <https://doi.org/10.1055/a-1990-8942>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36452979
- Panda PK, Ramachandran A, Sharawat IK. Vitamin D3 Supplementation Along With Topiramate in Pediatric Migraine Prophylaxis: Is it Effective? *J Child Neurol*. 2023 Feb;38(1-2):103-104. <https://doi.org/10.1177/08830738231155792>. Epub 2023 Feb 9. PMID: 36760132
- Petrovic D, Benzon B, Srsen S, et al. The Impact of Vitamin D Levels on Clinical Manifestations of Multisystem Inflammation Syndrome in Children: A Cross-Sectional Study. *Life (Basel)*. 2023 Mar 1;13(3):674. <https://doi.org/10.3390/13030674>. PMID: 36983830
- Pons-Belda OD, Alonso-Álvarez MA, González-Rodríguez JD, et al. Mineral Metabolism in Children: Interrelation between Vitamin D and FGF23. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023 Apr 3;24(7):6661. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24076661>. PMID: 37047636
- Pontán F, Hauta-Alus H, Valkama S, et al. Alkaline phosphatase and hyperphosphatemia in vitamin D trial in healthy infants and toddlers. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab*. 2023 Apr 15:dgad208. <https://doi.org/10.1210/clinem/dgad208>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37061810
- Psaroulaki E, Katsaras GN, Samartzi P, et al. Association of food allergy in children with vitamin D insufficiency: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Eur J Pediatr*. 2023 Feb 15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00431-023-04843-2>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36790484
- Ragunathan K, Chakrabarty B. Vitamin D Supplementation in Children on Antiepileptic Medications: High Time to Have Proper Guidelines. *Indian J Pediatr*. 2023 Feb 22. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12098-023-04480-5>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36811775
- Rana G, Abraham RA, Sachdev HS, et al. Prevalence and Correlates of Vitamin D Deficiency Among Children and Adolescents From a Nationally Representative Survey in India. *Indian Pediatr*. 2023 Mar 15;60(3):202-206. Epub 2023 Jan 2. PMID: 36604939
- Rebia I, Thimmesch M, Mulder A, et al. [How I treat ... vitamin D intoxication in a child with cystic fibrosis]. *Rev Med Liege*. 2023 Apr;78(4):183-188. PMID: 37067832 French.
- Shamim N, Majid H, Khemani S, et al. Inappropriate supplementation of Vitamin D can result in toxicity: a cross-sectional study of paediatrics population. *J Pak Med Assoc*. 2023 Mar;73(3):500-504. <https://doi.org/10.47391/JPMA.5512>. PMID: 36932749
- Soltani S, Beigrezaei S, Abdollahi S, et al. Oral vitamin D supplementation and body weight in children and adolescents: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Eur J Pediatr*.

- 2023 Mar 1. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00431-023-04889-2>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36856888
- Stounbjerg NG, Mølgaard C, Cashman KD, et al. Vitamin D status of 3-year-old children in Denmark: determinants and associations with bone mineralisation and blood lipids. *Eur J Nutr.* 2023 Apr;62(3):1441-1451. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00394-023-03084-1>. Epub 2023 Jan 13. PMID: 36637493
 - Thacher TD. The Burden of Vitamin D Deficiency in Indian Children: The Time is Right for Vitamin D Food Fortification. *Indian Pediatr.* 2023 Mar 15;60(3):181-182. PMID: 36916358 Free article.
 - Uwaezuoke SN, Odimegwu CL, Mbanefo NR, et al. Vitamin D3 supplementation as an adjunct in the management of childhood infectious diarrhea: a systematic review. *BMC Infect Dis.* 2023 Mar 14;23(1):159. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12879-023-08077-3>. PMID: 36918811
 - Wang Y, Chen Y, Chen X. Relationship between vitamin D deficiency and coeliac disease in children. *Paediatr Int Child Health.* 2023 Mar 17:1-2. <https://doi.org/10.1080/20469047.2023.2186075>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36927535
 - Xiao P, Cheng H, Wang L, et al. Relationships for vitamin D with childhood height growth velocity and low bone mineral density risk. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Feb 3;10:1081896. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1081896>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36819672
 - Yürüsün G, Polat E, Yücel H, et al. Evaluation of the Signs and Symptoms of Children for Whom a Vitamin D Test Is Requested: In Which Cases Do Pediatricians Want a Vitamin D Test? *Turk Arch Pediatr.* 2023 Mar;58(2):197-204. <https://doi.org/10.5152/TurkArchPediatr.2023.22172>. PMID: 36856358
 - Zhang RH, Yang Q, Dong L, et al. Association between vitamin D and myopia in adolescents and young adults: Evidence of national cross-sectional study. *Eur J Ophthalmol.* 2023 Mar 3;11206721231161498. <https://doi.org/10.1177/11206721231161498>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36866629
 - Zhang Y, Zhou CY, Wang XR, et al. Maternal and neonatal blood vitamin D status and neurodevelopment at 24 months of age: a prospective birth cohort study. *World J Pediatr.* 2023 Mar 27. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12519-022-00682-7>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36972015
 - Zhao J, Miao Y, Ying X, et al. Effect of recombinant human growth hormone plus vitamin D on development and lipid metabolism in children with growth hormone deficiency. *Biotechnol Genet Eng Rev.* 2023 Apr 17:1-11. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02648725.2023.2202991>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37066983
 - Zhao Y, Qin R, Hong H, et al. Is vitamin D deficiency influenced by obesity during the first 5 years of life? A cross-sectional multicenter study. *Food Sci Nutr.* 2022 Nov 17;11(2):1084-1095. <https://doi.org/10.1002/fsn3.3145>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36789058
- ### PNEUMOLOGIA
- Antonio Buendía J, Rodríguez-Martínez CE, Sossa-Briceño MP. Cost utility of vitamin D supplementation in adults with mild to moderate asthma. *J Asthma.* 2023 May;60(5):951-959. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02770903.2022.2110113>. Epub 2022 Sep 14. PMID: 35920247N
 - Głabka D, Kołota A, Lachowicz K, et al. Supplementation of Vitamin D and Mental Health in Adults with Respiratory System Diseases: A Systematic Review of Randomized Controlled Trials. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 16;15(4):971. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15040971>. PMID: 36839336 N
 - Loh HH, Sukor N. Obstructive sleep apnea and vitamin D level: Has the dust settled? *Clin Respir J.* 2023 Feb 6. <https://doi.org/10.1111/crj.13593>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36746181 N
 - Lu K, Tan JS, Li TQ, et al. An inverse causal association between genetically predicted vitamin D and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease risk. *Front Nutr.* 2023 Mar 15;10:1111950. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1111950>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37006939 N
 - Maqbool MA, Gangadhara Somayaji KS, Nayana VG. Vitamin D - An Elixir for Recurrent Upper Respiratory Tract Infection. *Indian J Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg.* 2023 Feb 14:1-6. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12070-022-03220-z>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36817014 N
 - Mullin MLL, Milne S. Vitamin D deficiency in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. *Curr Opin Pulm Med.* 2023 Mar 1;29(2):96-103. <https://doi.org/10.1097/MCP.0000000000000935>. Epub 2022 Dec 23. PMID: 36562273 N
 - Rojo-Tolosa S, Pineda-Lancheros LE, Gálvez-Navas JM, et al. Association between Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms Related to Vitamin D Metabolism and the Risk of Developing Asthma. *Nutrients.* 2023 Feb 5;15(4):823. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15040823>. PMID: 36839181 N
 - Tang W, Rong Y, Zhang H, et al. The correlation between a Th1/Th2 cytokines imbalance and vitamin D level in patients with early chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), based on screening results. *Front Physiol.* 2023 Mar 17;14:1032786. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fphys.2023.1032786>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 37008007 N
 - Williamson A, Martineau AR, Sheikh A, et al. Vitamin D for the management of asthma. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.* 2023 Feb 6;2(2):CD011511. <https://doi.org/10.1002/14651858.CD011511.pub3>. PMID: 36744416 N
- ### PSICHIATRIA
- Amestoy A, Baudrillard C, Briot K, et al. Steroid hormone pathways, vitamin D and autism: a systematic review. *J Neural Transm (Vienna).* 2023 Mar;130(3):207-241. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00702-022-02582-6>. Epub 2023 Feb 8. PMID: 36752873
 - Borges-Vieira JG, Cardoso CKS. Efficacy of B-vitamins and vitamin D therapy in improving depressive and anxiety disorders: a systematic review of randomized controlled trials. *Nutr Neurosci.* 2023 Mar;26(3):187-207. <https://doi.org/10.1080/1028415X.2022.2031494>. Epub 2022 Feb 14. PMID: 35156551
 - da Silva ABJ, Barros WMA, da Silva ML, et al. Corrigendum: Impact of vitamin D on cognitive functions in healthy individuals: A systematic review in randomized controlled clinical trials. *Front Psychol.* 2023 Feb 28;14:1150187. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2023.1150187>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36925602
 - Fu N, Miao M, Li N, et al. Association between vitamin D concentration and delirium in hospitalized patients: A meta-analysis. *PLoS One.* 2023 Feb 8;18(2):e0281313. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0281313>

- pone.0281313. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36753475
- Guzek D, Kołota A, Lachowicz K, et al. Effect of Vitamin D Supplementation on Depression in Adults: A Systematic Review of Randomized Controlled Trials (RCTs). *Nutrients*. 2023 Feb 14;15(4):951. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15040951>. PMID: 36839310
 - Hung KC, Wu JY, Illias AM, et al. Association of a low vitamin D status with risk of post-stroke depression: A meta-analysis and systematic review. *Front Nutr*. 2023 Feb 16;10:1142035. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1142035>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36875853
 - Kouba BR, Torrá ACNC, Camargo A, et al. The antidepressant-like effect elicited by vitamin D3 is associated with BDNF/TrkB-related synaptic protein synthesis. *Metab Brain Dis*. 2023 Feb;38(2):601-611. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11011-022-01115-0>. Epub 2022 Nov 9. PMID: 36350480
 - Lavigne JF, Gibbons JB. The association between vitamin D serum levels, supplementation, and suicide attempts and intentional self-harm. *PLoS One*. 2023 Feb 1;18(2):e0279166. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0279166>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36724169
 - Li S, Xu X, Qiu Y, et al. Alternations of vitamin D and cognitive function in first-diagnosed and drug-naïve BD patients: Physical activity as a moderator. *J Affect Disord*. 2023 Feb 15;323:153-161. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2022.11.064>. Epub 2022 Nov 25. PMID: 36436763
 - Noshiro K, Umazume T, Inubashiri M, et al. Association between Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale and Serum Levels of Ketone Bodies and Vitamin D, Thyroid Function, and Iron Metabolism. *Nutrients*. 2023 Feb 2;15(3):768. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15030768>. PMID: 36771476
 - Nur-Eke R, Eke I. The Impact of Vitamin D deficiency on Depression in Obese Adults. *Clin Lab*. 2023 Feb 1;69(2). <https://doi.org/10.7754/Clin.Lab.2022.220526>. PMID: 36787573
 - Renteria K, Nguyen H, Koh GY. The role of vitamin D in depression and anxiety disorders: a review of the literature. *Nutr Neurosci*. 2023 Mar 6;1-9. <https://doi.org/10.1080/1028415X.2023.2186318>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36877601
 - Somoza-Moncada MM, Turrubiates-Hernández FJ, Muñoz-Valle JF, et al. Vitamin D in Depression: A Potential Bioactive Agent to Reduce Suicide and Suicide Attempt Risk. *Nutrients*. 2023 Apr 4;15(7):1765. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nu15071765>. PMID: 37049606
 - Srifuengfung M, Srifuengfung S, Pummangura C, et al. Efficacy and acceptability of vitamin D supplements for depressed patients: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Nutrition*. 2023 Apr;108:111968. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nut.2022.111968>. Epub 2023 Jan 7. PMID: 36716601
 - Stephan Y, Sutin AR, Luchetti M, et al. The mediating role of Vitamin D in the association between personality and memory: Evidence from two samples. *Biol Psychol*. 2023 Mar;178:108525. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biopsycho.2023.108525>. Epub 2023 Feb 18. PMID: 36806675
 - Tarikere Satyanarayana P, Suryanarayana R, Theophilus Yesupatham S, et al. Is Sunshine Vitamin Related to Adolescent Depression? A Cross-Sectional Study of Vitamin D Status and Depression Among Rural Adolescents. *Cureus*. 2023 Feb 5;15(2):e34639. <https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.34639>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36895546
 - Van Rheenen TE, Ringin E, Karantonis JA, et al. A preliminary investigation of the clinical and cognitive correlates of circulating vitamin D in bipolar disorder. *Psychiatry Res*. 2023 Feb;320:115013. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2022.115013>. Epub 2022 Dec 17. PMID: 36563627
 - Wang Y, Zhong W, Zhao A, et al. Perinatal depression and serum vitamin D status: A cross-sectional study in urban China. *J Affect Disord*. 2023 Feb 1;322:214-220. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2022.11.030>. Epub 2022 Nov 14. PMID: 36395990
 - Yang CC, Tsai ST, Ting B, et al. Psychological Outcomes and Quality of Life of Fibromyalgia Patients with Vitamin D Supplementation-A Meta-Analysis. *J Clin Med*. 2023 Apr 6;12(7):2750. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12072750>. PMID: 37048833
- ## REUMATOLOGIA
- [No authors listed] Clinical cases - Bone turnover markers + vitamin D. *Clin Chem Lab Med*. 2023 Apr 11;61(s1):s51. <https://doi.org/10.1515/cclm-2023-7021>. Print 2023 May 25. PMID: 37069073
 - Aftab S, Khan SA, Malik MI, et al. Clinical spectrum and diagnostic challenges of vitamin D dependent rickets type 1A (VDDR1A) caused by CYP27B1 mutation in resource limited countries. *J Pediatr Endocrinol Metab*. 2022 Dec 19;36(2):152-157. <https://doi.org/10.1515/jpem-2022-0550>. Print 2023 Feb 23. PMID: 36524979
 - Aggarwal V, Muthukrishnan J, Manrai M, et al. The prevalence of osteoporosis and its association with serum testosterone and serum vitamin D in the elderly male population: A cross-sectional study. *Med J Armed Forces India*. 2023 Mar-Apr;79(2):189-193. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mjafi.2021.03.011>. Epub 2021 May 26. PMID: 36969120
 - Al Nozha OM, El Tarhouny S, Taha I, et al. Association Between Vitamin D Level and Z-Score Changes of Bone Density in College-Age Saudi Girls: A Cross-Sectional Study. *Int J Gen Med*. 2023 Mar 5;16:865-874. <https://doi.org/10.2147/IJGM.S396536>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36910567
 - Alharbi S, Alharbi R, Alhabib E, et al. Vitamin D Deficiency in Saudi Patients With Rheumatoid Arthritis. *Cureus*. 2023 Feb 9;15(2):e34815. <https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.34815>. eCollection 2023 Feb. PMID: 36793500
 - Amirkhizi F, Ghoreishy SM, Baker E, et al. The association of vitamin D status with oxidative stress biomarkers and matrix metalloproteinases in patients with knee osteoarthritis. *Front Nutr*. 2023 Feb 8;10:1101516. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fnut.2023.1101516>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36845046
 - Bajaj A, Shah RM, Goodwin AM, et al. The Role of Preoperative Vitamin D in Spine Surgery. *Curr Rev Musculoskelet Med*. 2023 Feb;16(2):48-54. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12178-022-09813-z>. Epub 2022 Dec 20. PMID: 36538281
 - Bollen SE, Bass JJ, Wilkinson DJ, et al. The impact of genetic variation within the vitamin D pathway upon skeletal muscle function: A sys-

- tematic review. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 May;229:106266. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106266>. Epub 2023 Feb 21. PMID: 36822332
- Clarke SLN, Mitchell RE, Sharp GC, et al. Vitamin D Levels and Risk of Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: A Mendelian Randomization Study. *Arthritis Care Res (Hoboken).* 2023 Mar;75(3):674-681. <https://doi.org/10.1002/acr.24815>. Epub 2022 Nov 26. PMID: 34748291
 - Clasen JL, Cole R, Aune D, et al. Vitamin D status and risk of rheumatoid arthritis: systematic review and meta-analysis. *BMC Rheumatol.* 2023 Mar 15;7(1):3. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s41927-023-00325-y>. PMID: 36918989
 - Dal-Bekar NE, İşlekel GH, Köken-Avşar A, et al. Vitamin D attenuates elevated oxidative DNA damage in scleroderma patients with organ involvement: A prospective study. *J Steroid Biochem Mol Biol.* 2023 May;229:106273. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsbmb.2023.106273>. Epub 2023 Feb 21. PMID: 36813139
 - de Azevêdo Silva J, de Lima CAD, Guaraná WL, et al. Vitamin D receptor gene polymorphisms influence on clinical profile and bone mineral density at different skeletal sites in postmenopausal osteoporotic women. *Int J Immunogenet.* 2023 Apr;50(2):75-81. <https://doi.org/10.1111/iji.12613>. Epub 2023 Feb 1. PMID: 36725689
 - Dechsupa S, Yingsakmongkol W, Limthongkul W, et al. Vitamin D Inadequacy Affects Skeletal Muscle Index and Physical Performance in Lumbar Disc Degeneration. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 5;24(4):3152. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24043152>. PMID: 36834562
 - Dede S, Taşpınar M, Yüksek V, et al. The Effects of Vitamin D Application on NaF-Induced Cytotoxicity in Osteoblast Cells (hFOB 1.19). *Biol Trace Elem Res.* 2023 Feb;201(2):698-705. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12011-022-03177-8>. Epub 2022 Mar 10. PMID: 35267138
 - Doubelt I, Cuthbertson D, Carette S, et al. Vitamin D status in ANCA-associated vasculitis. *Rheumatol Adv Pract.* 2023 Feb 10;7(1):rkad021. <https://doi.org/10.1093/rap/rkad021>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36874269
 - Ekşi MŞ, Orhun Ö, Demir YN, et al. Are serum thyroid hormone, parathormone, calcium, and vitamin D levels associated with lumbar spine degeneration? A cross-sectional observational clinical study. *Eur Spine J.* 2023 Mar 28. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00586-023-07673-w>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36976340
 - Erdoğan B, Kolutek Ay B. Investigation of Vitamin D Levels and the Effects of Being an Agricultural Worker on Etiology and Night Pain in Children and Adolescents With Chronic Low Back Pain. *Cureus.* 2023 Mar 23;15(3):e36601. <https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.36601>. eCollection 2023 Mar. PMID: 36968676
 - Erkilic B, Dalgic GS. The preventive role of vitamin D in the prevention and management of Fibromyalgia syndrome. *Nutr Health.* 2023 Jun;29(2):223-229. <https://doi.org/10.1177/02601060221144801>. Epub 2023 Jan 2. PMID: 36591895
 - Fu G, Wu R, Zhang R, et al. Preoperative Vitamin D Deficiency is Associated with Increased One-Year Mortality in Chinese Geriatric Hip Fracture Patients - A Propensity Score Matching Study. *Clin Interv Aging.* 2023 Feb 18;18:263-272. <https://doi.org/10.2147/CIA.S395228>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36843634
 - Gasperini B, Visconti VV, Ciccacci C, et al. Role of the Vitamin D Receptor (VDR) in the Pathogenesis of Osteoporosis: A Genetic, Epigenetic and Molecular Pilot Study. *Genes (Basel).* 2023 Feb 21;14(3):542. <https://doi.org/10.3390/genes14030542>. PMID: 36980815
 - Gatt T, Grech A, Arshad H. The Effect of Vitamin D Supplementation for Bone Healing in Fracture Patients: A Systematic Review. *Adv Orthop.* 2023 Feb 28;2023:6236045. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2023/6236045>. eCollection 2023. PMID: 36895823
 - González-Ruiz JM, Bastir M, Pizones J, et al. Vitamin D and adolescent idiopathic scoliosis, should we stop the hype? A cross-sectional observational prospective study based on a geometric morphometrics approach. *Eur Spine J.* 2023 Apr;32(4):1132-1139. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00586-023-07566-y>. Epub 2023 Feb 11. PMID: 36764946
 - Gu Y, Tang J, Zhang H, et al. MicroRNA-125b mediates Interferon- γ -induced downregulation of the vitamin D receptor in systemic lupus erythematosus. *Z Rheumatol.* 2023 Feb 2:1-8. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00393-023-01319-4>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36732450
 - Huovinen J, Lohela J, Kauppinen S, et al. No adverse effects on periarticular tissue by intra-articular vitamin D analogue calcipotriol in a reduced-dose zymosan-induced arthritis model in rats. *Basic Clin Pharmacol Toxicol.* 2023 Feb;132(2):131-143. <https://doi.org/10.1111/bcpt.13815>. Epub 2022 Dec 1. PMID: 36398969
 - Iwamoto J, Yeh JK, Takeda T, et al. Retraction notice to "comparative effects of vitamin K and vitamin D supplementation on prevention of osteopenia in calcium-deficient young rats" [BONE 33(4) (2003) 557-566]. *Bone.* 2023 May;170:116708. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bone.2023.116708>. Epub 2023 Feb 27. PMID: 36857876
 - Jiang H, Chanpaisaeng K, Christakos S, et al. Intestinal Vitamin D Receptor Is Dispensable for Maintaining Adult Bone Mass in Mice With Adequate Calcium Intake. *Endocrinology.* 2023 Mar 13;164(5):bqad051. <https://doi.org/10.1210/endo/bqad051>. PMID: 36960562
 - Kashyap J, Kumari N, Ponnusamy K, et al. Hereditary Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets (HVDRR) associated SNP variants of vitamin D receptor exhibit malfunctioning at multiple levels. *Biochim Biophys Acta Gene Regul Mech.* 2023 Mar;1866(1):194891. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bbagr.2022.194891>. Epub 2022 Nov 14. PMID: 36396100
 - Khodabakhshi A, Davoodi SH, Vahid F. Vitamin D status, including serum levels and sun exposure are associated or correlated with bone mass measurements diagnosis, and bone density of the spine. *BMC Nutr.* 2023 Mar 14;9(1):48. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40795-023-00707-y>. PMID: 36918953
 - Li C, Lu K. Comments on "Effects of vitamin D supplementation on the functional outcome in patients with osteoporotic vertebral compression fracture and vitamin D deficiency". *J Orthop Surg Res.* 2023 Feb 9;18(1):92. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13018-023-03532-y>. PMID: 36759824
 - Liu X, Song R, Wei R, et al. Beneficial regulation of vitamin D3-rich extract from the processing by-products of *Penaeus sinensis* on preosteoblastic MC3T3-E1 cells and improvement of bone health in VD-deficient

- mice. *Food Funct.* 2023 Mar 29. <https://doi.org/10.1039/d3fo00143a>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36988234
- Long B. Vitamin D: A metabolic bone disease perspective. *Cleve Clin J Med.* 2023 Feb 1;90(2):91-92. <https://doi.org/10.3949/ccjm.90a.22086>. PMID: 36724911
 - Malaeb H, ElKhoury JM. Vitamin D and Bone Fractures Revisited. *Clin Chem.* 2023 Feb 1;69(2):209. <https://doi.org/10.1093/clinchem/hvac196>. PMID: 36724482
 - Mantoanelli L, de Almeida CM, Coelho MCA, et al. Vitamin D-Dependent Rickets Type 3: A Case Report and Systematic Review. *Calcif Tissue Int.* 2023 Apr;112(4):512-517. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00223-022-01051-2>. Epub 2023 Jan 19. PMID: 36656330
 - Mariz HA, Sato EI, Cardoso PRG, et al. Vitamin D Presented In Vitro Immunomodulatory Property on T Lymphocyte-Related Cytokines in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. *Inflammation.* 2023 Apr;46(2):730-738. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10753-022-01768-0>. Epub 2022 Dec 2. PMID: 36459355
 - Mays S, Brickley MB. Dietary calcium versus vitamin D in rickets: A response to Vlok et al. *Am J Hum Biol.* 2023 Apr;35(4):e23872. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ajhb.23872>. Epub 2023 Feb 6. PMID: 36744438
 - Méaux MN, Harambat J, Rothenbuhler A, et al. Genotype-phenotype Description of Vitamin D-dependent Rickets 1A: CYP27B1 p.(Ala129Thr) Variant Induces a Milder Disease. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab.* 2023 Mar 10;108(4):812-826. <https://doi.org/10.1210/clinem/dgac639>. PMID: 36321535
 - Merle B, Haesebaert J, Viprey M, et al. Chronic pain and vitamin D: A randomized controlled trial in primary care medicine in France, the Dovid study. *Int J Rheum Dis.* 2023 Feb 3. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1756-185X.14582>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36737404
 - Minetama M, Kawakami M, Teraguchi M, et al. Branched-chain amino acids plus vitamin D supplementation promote increased muscle strength following lumbar surgery for lumbar spinal stenosis: a randomized trial. *Spine J.* 2023 Mar 20:S1529-9430(23)00109-2. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.spinee.2023.03.007>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36940921
 - Miniksar ÖH, Yüksek A, Göçmen AY, et al. Serum vitamin D le Serum vitamin D levels are associated with acute postoperative pain and opioid analgesic consumption after laparoscopic cholecystectomy: a strobe compliant prospective observational study. *Turk J Med Sci.* 2023 Feb;53(1):171-182. <https://doi.org/10.55730/1300-0144.5570>. Epub 2023 Feb 22. PMID: 36945925
 - Mochizuki T, Hoshi K, Yano K, et al. Smoking, Serum Albumin and 25-hydroxy Vitamin D Levels, and Bone Mineral Density are Associated with Tooth Loss in Patients with Rheumatoid Arthritis. *Intern Med.* 2023 Feb 22. <https://doi.org/10.2169/internalmedicine.1219-22>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36823087
 - Mori Y, Mori N. Effect of vitamin D administration on muscle function improvement depending on vitamin D sufficiency status. *J Bone Miner Metab.* 2023 Mar;41(2):286-287. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00774-022-01394-8>. Epub 2022 Dec 13. PMID: 36512084
 - Qiu S, Divine G, Rao SD. Effect of vitamin D metabolites on bone histomorphometry in healthy black and white women: An attempt to unravel the so-called vitamin D paradox in blacks. *Bone Rep.* 2022 Dec 22;18:101650. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bonr.2022.101650>. eCollection 2023 Jun. PMID: 36588780
 - Radić M, Đogaš H, Kolak E, et al. Vitamin D in psoriatic arthritis - A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Semin Arthritis Rheum.* 2023 Apr 1;60:152200. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.semarthrit.2023.152200>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 37062151
 - Reid IR. Vitamin D and fractures. *Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol.* 2023 Mar 31:S2213-8587(23)00087-6. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S2213-8587\(23\)00087-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S2213-8587(23)00087-6). Online ahead of print. PMID: 37011648
 - Rhee SM, Park JH, Jeong HJ, et al. Serum Vitamin D Level Correlations With Tissue Vitamin D Level and Muscle Performance Before and After Rotator Cuff Repair. *Am J Sports Med.* 2023 Mar;51(3):723-732. <https://doi.org/10.1177/03635465221145711>. Epub 2023 Feb 6. PMID: 36745013
 - Rotondo C, Cantatore FP, Cici D, et al. Vitamin D Status and Psoriatic Arthritis: Association with the Risk for Sacroiliitis and Influence on the Retention Rate of Methotrexate Monotherapy and First Biological Drug Survival-A Retrospective Study. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Mar 10;24(6):5368. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24065368>. PMID: 36982443
 - Sanesi L, Dicarolo M, Pignataro P, et al. Vitamin D Increases Irisin Serum Levels and the Expression of Its Precursor in Skeletal Muscle. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 18;24(4):4129. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24044129>. PMID: 36835539
 - Schrack JA, Cai Y, Urbanek JK, et al. The association of vitamin D supplementation and serum vitamin D levels with physical activity in older adults: Results from a randomized trial. *J Am Geriatr Soc.* 2023 Feb 23. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jgs.18290>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36821761
 - Snoddy AME, Vlok M, Wheeler BJ, et al. Reply to Mays and Brickley, 2023 "Dietary calcium versus vitamin D in rickets: A response to Vlok et al.". *Am J Hum Biol.* 2023 Apr;35(4):e23882. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ajhb.23882>. Epub 2023 Feb 24. PMID: 36825804
 - Strath IJ, Meng L, Rani A, et al. Vitamin D Metabolism Genes are Differentially Methylated in Individuals with Chronic Knee Pain. *Lifestyle Genom.* 2023 Feb 28. <https://doi.org/10.1159/000529823>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36854277
 - Szulc M, Świątkowska-Stodulska R, Pawłowska E, et al. Vitamin D3 Metabolism and Its Role in Temporomandibular Joint Osteoarthritis and Autoimmune Thyroid Diseases. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023 Feb 17;24(4):4080. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms24044080>. PMID: 36835491
 - Voulgaridou G, Papadopoulou SK, Detopoulou P, et al. Vitamin D and Calcium in Osteoporosis, and the Role of Bone Turnover Markers: A Narrative Review of Recent Data from RCTs. *Diseases.* 2023 Feb 8;11(1):29. <https://doi.org/10.3390/diseases11010029>. PMID: 36810543
 - Wang S, Luo Z, Luo H, et al. Effects of a calcium/vitamin D/Zinc combination on anti-osteoporosis in ovariectomized rats. *J Trace Elem Med Biol.* 2023 May;77:127138. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtemb.2023.127138>. Epub 2023 Jan 26. PMID: 36773556

- Waterhouse M, Ebeling PR, McLeod DSA, et al. The effect of monthly vitamin D supplementation on fractures: a tertiary outcome from the population-based, double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled D-Health trial. *Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol.* 2023 Mar 31:S2213-8587(23)00063-3. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S2213-8587\(23\)00063-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/S2213-8587(23)00063-3). Online ahead of print. PMID: 37011645
- Zou MS, Song QJ, Yin TY, et al. Vitamin D Activates miR-126a-5p to Target GSK-3 β and Alleviates Systemic Lupus Erythematosus in MRL/LPR Mice. *Curr Pharm Biotechnol.* 2023 Mar 30. <https://doi.org/10.2174/1389201024666230330075550>. Online ahead of print. PMID: 36999179